



& Associates

Chartered Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, and its loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the following matters in the Notes to the standalone financial statements:

- a) Note 51 to the standalone financial statements which states that the management has made an assessment of the impact of COVID-19 on the Company's operations, financial performance and position as at and for the year ended March 31, 2020 and has concluded that there is no significant impact which is required to be recognised in the financial statements. Accordingly, no adjustments have been made to the standalone financial statements.
- b) As detailed in Note 40 of the standalone financial statements which states that the Company had entered into a merger scheme to amalgamate certain subsidiaries with the Company. However, one of the requisite conditions of the merger scheme i.e. issuance of shares of the Company to the minority shareholders of M/s Flagship Infrastructure Limited ('FIL') in lieu of the shares held in FIL was not met on account of the shares being acquired by the Company from such minority shareholders of FIL.



The Company, based on a legal opinion obtained from an independent legal counsel, believes that such transaction does not lead to any contravention of the scheme of merger post approval even if one of the conditions is not met. We have placed reliance on such legal opinion.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Annual Report and the Director's Report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr. No	Key Audit Matter	How the Key Audit Matter was addressed in our audit
1	<p>Revenue recognition:</p> <p>Refer to Note 2.2.1 to the standalone financial statements with respect to the accounting policy followed by the Company for recognizing revenue on sale of residential and commercial properties.</p> <p>The Company recognises the revenue from the sale of commercial and residential real estate as and when the control of the underlying asset has been transferred to customer which is linked to the application and receipt of the occupancy certificate.</p> <p>We considered revenue recognition as a key audit matter in view of the following:</p>	<p>Our audit procedures in respect of this area included the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluated that the Company's revenue recognition accounting policies are in line with Ind AS 115 'Revenue from contracts with customers' and their application to the customer contracts; • Verified the sample of revenue contract for sale of residential and commercial units to identify the performance obligations of the Company under these contracts and assessed whether these performance obligations are



Sr. No	Key Audit Matter	How the Key Audit Matter was addressed in our audit
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A significant audit risk was identified with respect to recognition of revenue on transfer of control and the underlying performance obligations. The revenue and cost thereon forms a substantial part of the standalone statement of profit and loss and therefore are also one of the key performance indicators of the Company. 	<p>satisfied over time or at a point in time based on the criteria specified under Ind AS 115;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Verified, on test check basis, revenue transaction with the underlying customer contract, Occupancy Certificates (OC) and other documents evidencing the transfer of control of the asset to the customer based on which the revenue is recognized; and Assessed the standalone financial statement disclosures to determine if they are in compliance with the requirements of Ind AS 115.
2	<p>Inventory valuation (NRV):</p> <p>Refer to Note 2.2.9 to the standalone financial statements which includes the accounting policy followed by the Company for valuation of inventory.</p> <p>The Company's properties under development and completed properties are stated at the lower of cost and Net Realizable Value (NRV). As at March 31, 2020, the Company's properties under development and stocks of completed properties amounted to INR 14,238.39 Million and INR 785.91 Million respectively.</p> <p>The cost of the inventory is calculated using actual land acquisition costs, construction costs, development related costs and borrowing costs capitalized for eligible project.</p> <p>We considered the valuation of inventory as a key audit matter because of the relative size of the balance in the standalone financial statements and significant judgement involved in estimating future selling prices, costs to complete project and possible effect on the above estimates because of COVID -19.</p>	<p>Our procedures in relation to the NRV of the properties under development and stocks of completed properties included:</p> <p>Reviewed the process and methodology of using key assumptions for determining the valuation of inventory as at the year-end;</p> <p>Assessed the appropriateness of the selling price estimated by the management, on a sampling basis, by comparing the estimated selling price to the subsequent sale prices of constructed units of the same project, recent market prices in the same projects or comparable properties; and</p> <p>Compared the estimated construction cost to complete the project with the Company's updated budget.</p>
3	<p>Impairment of financial assets (loans and investments):</p> <p>Refer to Note 2.2.16 to the standalone financial statements which include the</p>	<p>Our procedures in relation to assessment of impairment and conclusion on the same included the following:</p>



Sr. No	Key Audit Matter	How the Key Audit Matter was addressed in our audit
	<p>accounting policy followed by the company for impairment of financial assets.</p> <p>The Company has made investments into various subsidiaries / joint ventures and also has advanced loans to group companies in relation to construction projects undertaken by them and acquisition of land in future.</p> <p>The investments and advances (forming part of non-financial assets) are valued at carrying value less impairment, if any.</p> <p>We considered the impairment assessment of investments and above advances as a key audit matter because of the relative size of the balance in the standalone financial statements and impairment triggers amidst COVID-19 situation.</p>	<p>With respect to equity investment, obtained the financial position of each of the companies / firms / LLPs where the investment is made by the Company. Wherever there is an observation of trigger of impairment, the management has obtained a fair valuation report for such investment and ensured appropriate provision for impairment (if any) is accounted for in the books of account.</p> <p>With respect to the advances paid, obtained the latest financial information to assess the equity and liquidity position of such companies. For the instances where the losses have either eroded the net-worth or the reserves exceed a considerable portion of the paid up equity, based on inquiry and discussions, assessed the recoverability of the advances basis the projections of such companies and wherever the recovery is doubtful, appropriate provision is taken in the books of account.</p>
4	<p>Impairment of financial assets (land advances and trade receivables):</p> <p>Refer to Note 2.2.16 to the standalone financial statements which include the accounting policy followed by the company for impairment of financial assets including estimation of expected credit loss ('ECL').</p> <p>The Company has advanced amounts in relation to acquisition of land in future. The Company also has trade receivables pertaining to constructed units sold, rental receivables, inter-company receivables for management fee, etc.</p> <p>The land advances (forming part of non-financial assets) are valued at carrying value less impairment, if any. The trade receivables are assessed for ECL on account of time efflux and credit risk on account of aged receivables.</p> <p>We considered the impairment assessment of land advances and trade receivables as a key audit matter because of the relative size of the balance in the standalone financial statements and impairment triggers amidst COVID-19 situation.</p>	<p>Our procedures in relation to assessment of impairment and conclusion on the same included the following:</p> <p>With respect to the land advances paid, obtained the schedule and ageing for the same. For the aged balances, based on inquiry and discussions, assessed the recoverability of the advances and wherever the recovery is doubtful, appropriate provision is taken in the books of account.</p> <p>With respect to estimation of ECL, the ageing of receivable balances is analysed and appropriate percentage of ECL is applied for receivables for each ageing bucket. Appropriate provision for loss of interest due to aged receivables is also accounted for.</p>



Sr. No	Key Audit Matter	How the Key Audit Matter was addressed in our audit
5	<p>Fair valuation of hybrid financial instruments:</p> <p>Refer to Note 2.2.16 to the standalone financial statements which include the accounting policy followed by the company for fair valuation of financial assets and liabilities in case of hybrid financial instruments.</p> <p>The standalone financial statements include certain financial instruments which are hybrid in nature.</p> <p>We considered the fair valuation of such hybrid financial instruments as a key audit matter because of the complexity of judgement involved in estimation of forecasted financial performance.</p>	<p>Our procedures in relation to fair valuation of financial instruments included the following:</p> <p>Reviewed the management's conclusion of accounting decision for such instruments (i.e. Fair value through income statement or Fair value through other comprehensive income).</p> <p>Upon conclusion of the accounting decision, inquiries / verification with respect to the assumptions and underlying factual and projection data are made in order to assess the reasonability of the same.</p> <p>The accounting of the adjustments arising out of such fair value estimation including the appropriate disclosures are verified.</p>

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.





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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

We give in "Annexure A" a detailed description of Auditor's responsibilities for Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements.

Other Matter

- a) The standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2019, were audited by another auditor whose report dated May 29, 2019 expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements.
- b) Due to the restrictions and lock down laid by the government due to the COVID-19 pandemic it was impracticable for us to attend the physical verification of inventory of raw material carried out by the management subsequent to year end. Consequently, we have performed related alternative audit procedures such as roll forward procedures etc. and have obtained sufficient, appropriate audit evidence over the existence of inventory of raw materials amounting to Rs. 248.54 million as on March 31, 2020.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As also detailed in note 41 to the standalone financial statements, the Company has not complied with the requirements of Regulation 52 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) (Listing Obligations and Disclosure) Requirements 2015 in connection with the declaration of audited annual results within the prescribed (and extended) statutory timelines.
3. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.





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- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, except in respect of one director who has vacated office vide resolution passed at the Board of Directors Meeting held dated September 17, 2018, but Form DIR - 12 has not yet been filed with Registrar of Companies, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure C".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements - Refer Note 38 to the standalone financial statements;
 - The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts;
 - There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
4. As required by The Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017, in our opinion, according to information, explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors is within the limits laid prescribed under Section 197 of the Act and the rules thereunder.

For MSKA & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

Anup Mundhra

Anup Mundhra
Partner

Membership No. 061083
UDIN: 21061083AAAAAX7482



Place: Pune
Date: January 27, 2021



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ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



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From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore, the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

For MSKA & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

Mundhra

Anup Mundhra

Partner

Membership No. 061083

UDIN: 21061083AAAAAX7482



Place: Pune

Date: January 27, 2021

ANNEXURE B TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report]

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets (Property, Plant and Equipment).
- (b) All the fixed assets (Property, Plant and Equipment) have not been physically verified by the management during the year but there is a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
- (ii) The inventory has been physically verified during the year by the management. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable. No material discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stock and the book records.
- (iii) The Company has granted unsecured loan to four companies/body corporates covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act.
 - (a) The Company has granted unsecured loans without any stipulation for payment of interest or principal to its wholly owned subsidiary companies, which in the view of the management has been given for furthering the business of the Company, and hence the same has not been considered to be prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
 - (b) In case of the loans granted to the companies / body corporates listed in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act, schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest have not been stipulated. In the absence of stipulation of repayment terms are unable to comment on the regularity of repayment of principal and payment of interest.
 - (c) According to the information available and the response to the above clause regarding stipulation of repayment of principal / interest, we are not able to comment on this clause in relation to delays in realisation of principal and interest.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security made.



- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits during the year from the public within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- (vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of account relating to materials, labour and other items of cost maintained by the Company pursuant as specified by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act and we are of the opinion that prima facie the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, cess and any other statutory dues applicable to it except for instances where there are delays ranging between 176 and 298 days in case of remitting withholding taxes in certain cases.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of income-tax, duty of custom, goods and service tax, cess and other statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable except for the below instances of remittance of withholding taxes:

Name of Statute	Nature of the dues	Amount (Rs.)	Due Date	Date of Payment	Remarks, if any
Income-tax Act, 1961	Withholding taxes	269,855	June 7, 2019	Not paid	
		2,235,389	July 7, 2019		
		1,548,375	August 7, 2019		
Maharashtra VAT Act, 2002	Value added taxes	2,599,490	April 27, 2018	Not paid	

- (c) According to the information and explanation given to us and examination of records of the Company, there are no outstanding dues of income-tax, goods and service tax, customs duty, cess and any other statutory dues on account of any dispute except as below:

Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount (Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending	Remarks, if any
Maharashtra VAT Act, 2002	Value added taxes	95,480,270	2006-07 to 2012-13	Commercial tax officer, Pune	Net of amount paid under protest INR 3,387,500



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- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to the financial institution, bank or debenture holders.
- (ix) In our opinion, according to the information explanation provided to us, money raised by way of term loans during the year have been applied for the purpose for which they were raised. The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year.
- (x) During the course of our audit, examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees.
- (xi) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has paid/ provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable Accounting Standards.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has made preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year and the requirements of Section 42 of the Act have been complied with. The amount raised has been used for the purposes for which they were raised.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, provisions stated in paragraph 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.



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- (xvi) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph clause 3 (xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

For MSKA & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

Anup Mundhra

Anup Mundhra
Partner

Membership No. 061083
UDIN: 21061083AAAAAX7482



Place: Pune

Date: January 27, 2021



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ANNEXURE C TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
[Referred to in paragraph 3(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited ('the Company') as of March 31, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') (the "Guidance Note"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Qualified opinion

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, the following material weaknesses have been identified in the operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements as at March 31, 2020:

The Company's internal financial controls over timely review of accounting of transactions and balances of construction work-in-progress for projects formerly under Flagship Infrastructures Limited (which was merged with the Company during the financial year ended March 31, 2020) were not operating effectively which could potentially result in the Company not accounting for costs pertaining to units sold and allocation of appropriate common costs incurred to each identified project / unit.

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control with reference to financial statements, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, maintained internal financial controls with reference to financial statements as of March 31, 2020, based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note, and except for the effects/possible effects of the material weaknesses described above on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria, the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as of March 31, 2020.





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We have considered the material weakness/es identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the March 31, 2020 financial statements of the Company, and the / these material weaknesses do not affect our opinion on the standalone financial statements of the Company.

For MSKA & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

Anup Mundhra

Anup Mundhra

Partner

Membership No. 061083

UDIN: 21061083AAAAAX7482



Place: Pune

Date: January 27, 2021



PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	Note No.	As At 31 March 2020	As At 31 March 2019
ASSETS :			
Non-current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	4	1,048.25	862.79
(b) Investment Property	5	13.82	-
(c) Intangible Assets	6A	0.96	1.51
(d) Intangible Assets under Development	6B	2.02	2.02
(e) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	7	4,621.21	3,720.46
(ii) Loans	8	3,338.94	3,174.18
(iii) Other Financial Assets	9	728.80	726.90
(f) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	10	925.98	1,547.97
(g) Non Current Tax Assets (Net)		392.99	846.67
(h) Other Non-current Assets	11	794.97	819.60
Total Non-Current Assets		11,867.94	11,702.10
Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	12	15,272.84	14,410.03
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	13	3.06	2.95
(ii) Trade Receivables	14	309.97	374.19
(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	15	236.88	475.58
(iv) Other Balances with Banks	15A	80.34	207.39
(v) Loans	16	-	1,145.53
(vi) Other Financial Assets	17	1,194.06	1,454.46
(c) Other Current Assets	18	957.82	1,317.39
Total Current Assets		18,054.97	19,387.52
Total Assets		29,922.91	31,089.62
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES :			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	19	947.33	947.33
(b) Other Equity	20	(1,246.40)	1,139.56
Total Equity		(299.07)	2,086.89
Liabilities			
Non-current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	21	5,635.67	3,442.22
(ii) Trade Payables (Refer Note 27A)	22	54.18	158.11
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	23	391.47	221.53
(b) Provisions	24	97.07	67.81
(c) Other Non Current Liabilities	25	234.36	237.05
Total Non-Current Liabilities		6,412.75	4,126.72
Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Short Term Borrowings	26	686.33	1,115.53
(ii) Trade Payables (Refer Note 27A)	27	3,492.96	2,881.38
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	28	11,987.90	12,446.37
(b) Provisions	29	3.91	5.06
(c) Current tax liabilities (Net)		246.68	1,579.12
(d) Other Current Liabilities	30	7,391.45	6,848.54
Total Current Liabilities		23,809.23	24,876.00
Total Liabilities		30,221.98	29,002.72
Total Equity and Liabilities		29,922.91	31,089.62

Corporate Information and Significant Accounting Policies

Refer Note 1 to 3

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements Refer Note 4 to 52

As per our report of even date
For MSKA & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. :- 105047W

Anur Mundhra
Anur Mundhra
Partner
Membership No. 061083



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S. P. Paranjape
Shrikant P. Paranjape
Chairman
DIN - 00131917

Shashank P. Paranjape
Shashank P. Paranjape
Managing Director
DIN - 00131956

Sudhir B. Kadam
Sudhir B. Kadam
Company Secretary
M.No.ACS15656
Place: Pune
Date: January 27, 2021

Kamalesh Dutta
Kamalesh Dutta
Chief Financial Officer



Place: Pune
Date: January 27, 2021



PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars		Note No.	For the Year Ended 31 March 2020	For the Year Ended 31 March 2019
I	Income			
	Revenue from Operations	31	2,436.16	3,874.78
II	Other Income	32	783.36	874.69
III	Total Income (I + II)		3,219.52	4,749.47
IV	Expenses			
	(a) Cost of Land, Development Rights and Constructed Properties	33	1,797.83	2,422.64
	(b) Employee Benefits Expense	34	311.45	330.82
	(c) Finance Costs	35	1,200.57	1,332.23
	(d) Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	36	104.29	74.96
	(e) Other Expenses	37	1,344.95	1,038.05
	Total Expenses		4,759.09	5,198.70
V	Profit/(Loss) Before Tax (III- IV)		(1,539.57)	(449.23)
VI	Tax Expense			
	(a) Current Tax		0.87	524.33
	(b) (Excess)/Short Provision of Tax for earlier years		(772.48)	0.01
			(771.61)	524.34
	(b) Deferred Tax (including restatement adjustments for year ended 31 March 2019)		624.06	(613.69)
	Net Tax Expense		(147.55)	(89.35)
VII	Profit/(Loss) for the Year (V - VI)		(1,392.02)	(359.88)
VIII	Other Comprehensive Income			
	I. Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss			
	Remeasurements of the Defined Benefit Liabilities - gain/(loss)		(5.98)	0.55
	II. Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		2.07	(0.20)
	Total Other Comprehensive Income		(3.91)	0.35
IX	Total Comprehensive Income (VII + VIII)		(1,395.93)	(359.53)
X	Earnings per share of Rs. 10/- each			
	(a) Basic		(14.69)	(3.80)
	(b) Diluted		(14.69)	(3.80)

Corporate Information and Significant Accounting Policies
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

Refer Note 1 to 3
Refer Note 4 to 52

As per our report of even date
For MSKA & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. :- 105047W

Anup Mundhra
Anup Mundhra
Partner
Membership No. 061083



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S. P. Paranjape

Shrikant P. Paranjape
Chairman
DIN - 00131917

Shashank P. Paranjape

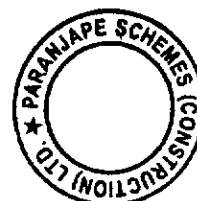
Shashank P. Paranjape
Managing Director
DIN - 00131956

Sudhir B. Kadam
Sudhir B. Kadam
Company Secretary
M.No.ACS15656

Kamalesh Dutta
Kamalesh Dutta
Chief Financial Officer

Place: Pune
Date: January 27, 2021

Place: Pune
Date: January 27, 2021

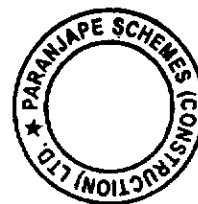




PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Rs. in Million)

	Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2020	For the Year Ended 31 March 2019
A	Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
	Profit before tax	(1,539.57)	(449.23)
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	104.30	74.96
	Adjustment on fair valuation of borrowings	218.82	143.61
	Fair value gain on debentures	(60.82)	-
	Adjustment for expected credit loss	150.50	
	Provision for doubtful advances	108.50	(0.34)
	Interest income - bank deposits	(26.45)	
	Interest income - debentures	(415.19)	(730.38)
	Finance cost	1,200.57	1,335.35
	Gain on sale of investment	(80.21)	-
	Share in profits in partnerships	89.18	200.86
	Share in losses in partnerships	-	-
	Loss on discard of assets	0.69	0.52
	Liability no longer required written back	(58.07)	(5.25)
	Provision for foreseeable losses	166.11	154.11
	Dividend Income	-	(1.22)
	Net unrealised exchange (gain) / loss	-	(2.53)
	Bad debts written off	-	1.01
	Allowances for Doubtful Debts	-	3.36
	Remeasurements of the Defined Benefit Liabilities - gain / (loss)	-	1.32
	Fair value gain/loss recognised on financial assets	-	(0.04)
	Operating Profit/(Loss) before Working Capital Changes	(141.64)	726.12
	<u>Changes in working capital:</u>		
	Adjustments for operating activities:		
	(Increase) / decrease in Inventories	37.97	(2,203.96)
	(Increase) / decrease in Trade receivables	(82.67)	(69.52)
	(Increase) / decrease in Other assets	272.08	(1,173.83)
	(Increase) / decrease in Loans	980.77	(1,702.41)
	(Increase) / decrease in Other financial assets	(2.20)	-
	Increase / (decrease) in Trade payables	565.71	524.55
	Increase / (decrease) in Other financial liabilities	218.19	1,878.87
	Increase / (decrease) in Provisions	22.13	(270.79)
	Increase / (decrease) in Other liabilities	540.22	-
	Cash generated from Operations	2,410.57	(2,290.96)
	Net income tax (paid) / refunds	(107.15)	(339.41)
	Net cash flow from / (used in) operating activities (A)	2,303.42	(2,630.37)





PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Rs. in Million)


	Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2020	For the Year Ended 31 March 2019
B	Cash flow from Investing Activities		
	Capital expenditure on Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets, capital work in progress and capital advances	(289.91)	(13.05)
	Proceeds from Property, Plant and Equipment	-	1.58
	Fixed Deposits / Margin Money Deposits:		
	- Placed	(75.26)	(233.81)
	- Matured	202.31	211.85
	Interest received - loans and debentures	666.90	842.82
	Interest received - others	35.43	-
	Dividend Received	-	1.22
	(Increase) / decrease in investments in Mutual funds	(4.54)	0.51
	Investment in structured entities	(864.40)	-
	Proceeds from sale of Long-Term Investments	80.11	-
	Amount invested in / withdrawn from Partnership Firms (net)	(60.07)	409.76
	Net cash flow from / (used in) investing activities (B)	(309.41)	1,220.87
C	Cash Flow from Financing Activities		
	Amount paid for acquisition of minority shareholding of FIL	(157.70)	-
	Proceeds from Borrowings	2,073.92	5,900.49
	Repayment of Borrowings	(2,095.36)	(2,328.16)
	Interest paid	(2,053.45)	(2,028.66)
	Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities (C)	(2,232.59)	1,543.67
	Net increase / (decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(238.59)	134.17
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	478.53	344.36
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	239.94	478.53
	Reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents with the Balance Sheet:		
	(a) Cheques on hand	-	1.09
	(b) Cash on hand	7.42	7.44
	(c) Balances with banks		
	- In current accounts	229.46	454.75
	- In Fixed Deposit	-	12.30
	Add: Current Investments considered as part of Cash and Cash Equivalents	3.06	2.95
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	239.94	478.53

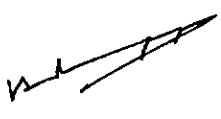
In terms of our report attached
For MSKA & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. :- 105047W


Anup Mundhra
Partner
Membership No. 061083

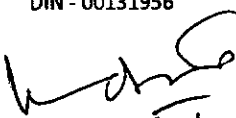


For and on behalf of the Board of Directors


Shrikant P. Paranjape
Chairman
DIN - 00131917

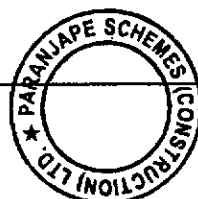

Shashank P. Paranjape
Managing Director
DIN - 00131956


Sudhir B. Kadam
Company Secretary
M.No.ACS15656

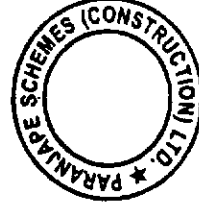

Kamallesh Dutta
Chief Financial Officer

Place : Pune
Date: January 27, 2021

Place : Pune
Date: January 27, 2021



A. Equity Share Capital				(Rs. in Million)			
Particulars	Balance as at 1 April 2018	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2019				
No. of shares	94.74	-	94.74				
Amount	947.33	-	947.33				
B. Other Equity				(Rs. in Million)			
Particulars	Balance as at 1 April 2019	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2020				
Amount							
No. of shares	94.74	-	94.74				
Amount	947.33	-	947.33				
B. Other Equity				(Rs. in Million)			
Particulars	Other Equity			Amalgamation adjustment deficit account (Capital Reserve)	Gain on valuation of Optionally Convertible Debentures considered as other equity	Retained Earnings	Total
	Capital Redemption Reserve	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium Reserve				
Balance as at 1 April 2018	9.62	220.49	527.10	1,164.38	0.38	2,932.18	2,021.49
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(359.88)	(359.88)
Reversal of POCM profit (net of tax) due to application of 115	-	-	-	-	-	(655.80)	(655.80)
Effect of IND AS Transition- as on the transition date	-	-	-	-	-	5.00	5.00
Remeasurements of the Defined Benefit Liabilities - gain / (loss) (Net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	0.35	0.35
Total Comprehensive Income	9.62	220.49	527.10	1,164.38	0.38	1,921.85	1,011.16
Gain on fair value of OCD	-	-	-	-	-	-	128.39
Transferred to Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transferred from Debt Redemption Reserve on redemption of Non Convertible Debentures	-	-	-	(174.98)	-	174.98	-
Balance as at 31 March 2019	9.62	220.49	527.10	989.40	0.38	2,096.83	1,139.56





PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2020

Particulars	Other Equity						(Rs. in Million)	
	Capital Redemption Reserve	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium Reserve	Debt Redemption Reserve	General Reserve	Amalgamation adjustment deficit account (Capital Reserve)	Gain on valuation of Optionally Convertible Debentures considered as other equity	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2019	9.62	220.49	527.10	989.40	0.38	(2,832.65)	128.39	1,139.57
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,392.02)
Reversal of POCM profit (net of tax) due to application of 115	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Remeasurements of the Defined Benefit Liabilities - gain / loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3.91)
Total Comprehensive Income	9.62	220.49	527.10	989.40	0.38	(2,832.65)	128.39	(256.36)
Add : Adjusted during the year on shares acquisition (Refer Note 42)	-	-	-	-	-	(990.03)	-	(990.03)
Transferred from Debt Redemption Reserve on redemption of Non Convertible Debentures and adjustment on statute amendment	-	-	-	(628.96)	-	-	-	628.96
Balance as at 31 March 2020	9.62	220.49	527.10	360.44	0.38	(3,822.68)	128.39	(1,246.40)

As per our report of even date

For MSKA & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. :- 105047W

(Signature)

Partner

Anup Mundhra

Membership No. 061083



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Signature)

Shrikant P. Paranjape

Chairman

DIN - 00131917

(Signature)

Shashank P. Paranjape

Managing Director

DIN - 00131956

(Signature)

Sudhir B. Kadam

Company Secretary

M.No.ACS15656

(Signature)

Kamalesh Dutta

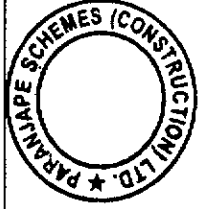
Chief Financial Officer

Place: Pune

Date: January 27, 2021

Place: Pune

Date: January 27, 2021





1. Corporate Information

Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited is a public limited company. The Company was incorporated on September 18, 1987, at Mumbai as a private limited company under the Companies Act, 1956 and converted into a public limited company pursuant to approval of the shareholders in an extraordinary general meeting held on March 24, 2005 and consequently, the name of Company was changed to Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited. Its Registered Office is situated at Somnath, CTS No. 988, Ram Mandir Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai 400 057 and corporate office is situated at PSC House, Dr. Ketkar Marg, Anand Colony, Off Prabhat Road, Erandwane, Pune 411 004. The Company is primarily engaged in the business of Real Estate Development Projects. Its non-convertible debentures are listed on Bombay stock exchange. The Corporate Identification Number (CIN) of the Company is U70100MH1987PLC044721.

2. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements and Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

(a) Statement of Compliance with Ind AS

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use. The financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on January 27, 2021.

(b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention on accrual basis, except for certain financial assets and liabilities that have been measured at fair value as required by relevant Ind AS.

(c) Current/Non-current classification of assets/ liabilities

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

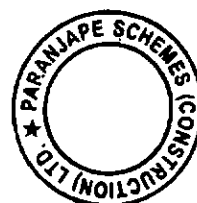
A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents.





(d) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimate and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date, reported amount of revenue and expenses for the year and disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon the Management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a periodic basis. Revisions to accounting estimates, if any, are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected. Refer Note 3 for detailed discussion on estimates and judgments.

(e) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded-off to the nearest million, unless otherwise indicated.

(f) Measurement of Fair values

Certain accounting policies and disclosures of the Company require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into a different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Further information about the assumptions made in the measuring fair values is included in the notes regarding Financial Instruments.

2.2. Significant accounting policies

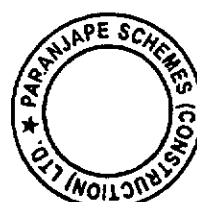
2.2.1. Revenue from contracts with customers

Pursuant to the application of Ind AS 115 - 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' effective from 1 April 2018, the Company has applied following accounting policy for revenue recognition:

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received/ receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government and is net of rebates and discounts.

Revenue is recognized in the income statement to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably.

The Company has applied five step model as per Ind AS 115 'Revenue from contracts with customers' to recognize revenue in the financial statements. The Company satisfies a performance obligation and recognizes revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:





- a. The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Company's performance as the Company performs; or
- b. The Company's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- c. The Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Company and the entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

For performance obligations where one of the above conditions are not met, revenue is recognized at the point in time at which the performance obligation is satisfied.

Revenue is recognized either at point of time or over a period of time based on various conditions as included in the contracts with customers.

Point of Time: Revenue from real-estate project

Revenue is recognized at a Point-in-time w.r.t. sale of real estate units, including land, plots, apartments, commercial units, development rights as and when the control passes on to the customer which coincides with handing over of the possession to the customer.

The date on which the possession of the unit is transferred is held as the basis of transfer of control and revenue is recognised accordingly. All expenses directly related to projects are treated as Work in Progress (WIP). Whenever such sale is made, proportionate amount of Work in Progress (attributable to the area of the sold unit) is charged to Cost of Land, Development Rights and Constructed Properties at the point in time when such sale is made. Other expenses not directly attributable to the project is considered as a period cost and charged to Profit or Loss.

When it is probable that the total project costs will exceed the total project revenue, the entire expected loss is immediately recognised as an expense.

When project cost incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is shown as amounts due from customers for project work. For contracts where progress billings exceed project costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is shown as the amounts due to customers for project work. Amounts received before the related work is performed are included in the Balance Sheet, as advances received under liability. Amounts billed for work performed but not yet paid by the customer are included in the Balance Sheet under trade receivables.

Sale of Land / TDR

Revenue from sale of land / Transferable Development Rights (TDR) is recognised when the agreement to sell is executed resulting in transfer of all significant risk and rewards of ownership and possession is handed over to the buyer.

Other Operating revenue

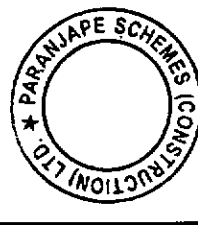
Project management fees, rentals, sub lease and maintenance income are recognized on accrual basis as per the terms and conditions of relevant agreements.

Share of Profit / (Loss) from partnership firms / LLPs

Share of profit/ (Loss) from partnership firms/LLPs in which the Company is a partner is recognized based on the financial information provided and confirmed by the respective firms.

Interest Income

Interest Income is recognized on a basis of effective interest method as set out in Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments, and where no significant uncertainty as to measurability or collectability exists.





2.2.2. Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss during the year in which they are incurred.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of Property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets and the cost of assets not put to use before such date are disclosed under 'Capital work-in-progress'

2.2.3. Investment properties

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Investment properties are derecognized either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

2.2.4. Depreciation on property, plant and equipment and investment properties

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives

The Company depreciates property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives using the written down value method. The estimated useful lives of assets are as prescribed in Schedule II of Companies act, 2013

Depreciation on additions to property plant and equipment is provided on pro-rata basis from the date of acquisition. Depreciation on sale/deduction from property plant and equipment is provided up to the date preceding the date of sale, deduction as the case may be. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount.

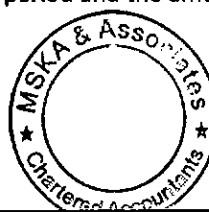
Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed periodically at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, as appropriate.

2.2.5. Intangible assets and amortisation

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Software and Trademark Rights are amortised over their assessed useful life of 6.5 years and 20 years.

Intangible assets are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for





an intangible asset are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

2.2.6. Foreign Currency Transactions

On Initial recognition, all foreign currency transactions are recorded by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction. Gains/losses arising out of fluctuation in foreign exchange rate between the transaction date and settlement date are recognised in the Statement of Profit and loss.

All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are restated at the year end at the exchange rate prevailing at the year end and the exchange differences are recognised in the statement of Profit and loss.

Non- monetary items are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

2.2.7. Taxes

Tax expense for the year, if any, comprising current tax and deferred tax, are included in the determination of the net profit or loss for the year, except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or to an item recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

(a) Current income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the year-end date.

Current income tax related to items recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside the statement of profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

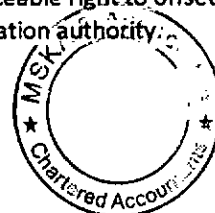
(b) Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the balance sheet approach, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in financial statements. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the year and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.





Current and deferred tax is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

2.2.8. Contract assets and contract liabilities

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer.

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognized when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

2.2.9. Inventories

Raw materials: Raw materials are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes purchase price, (excluding those subsequently recoverable by the enterprise from the concerned revenue authorities), freight inwards and other expenditure incurred in bringing such inventories to their present location and condition. In determining the cost, weighted average cost method is used.

Construction work-in-progress: Direct expenditure relating to construction activity is inventorised. Other expenditure during construction period is inventorised to the extent the expenditure is directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Other expenditure incurred during the construction period which is not directly attributable for bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use is charged to the statement of profit and loss. Direct and other expenditure is determined based on specific identification to the construction activity. Cost incurred/ items purchased specifically for projects are taken as consumed as and when incurred/ received. Work-in-progress represents cost incurred in respect of unsold area of the real estate development projects or cost incurred on projects where the revenue is yet to be recognized. Work-in-progress is valued at lower of cost and Net Realizable Value (NRV). NRV in respect of inventories under construction is assessed with reference to market prices (reference to the recent selling prices) at the reporting date less estimated costs to complete the construction, and estimated cost necessary to make the sale. The costs to complete the construction are estimated by management.

2.2.10. Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each year end whether there is any objective evidence that a non-financial asset or a group of non-financial assets is impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount and the amount of impairment loss.

An impairment loss is calculated as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and recoverable amount. Losses are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss and reflected in an allowance account. When the Company considers that there are no realistic prospects of recovery of the asset, the relevant amounts are written off. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, then the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through Statement of Profit and Loss.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit (as defined below) is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit").





2.2.11. Provisions and contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance sheet date.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

Contingent assets are not recognized. However, when the realization of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset, and is recognized as an asset.

2.2.12. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs incurred in connection with borrowings of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition/ construction of qualifying assets are capitalised until the time all substantial activities necessary to prepare the qualifying assets for their intended use are complete. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use/ sale. All other borrowing costs not eligible for inventorisation/ capitalisation are charged to statement of profit and loss.

2.2.13. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks, cash on hand and short-term deposits net of bank overdraft with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash in banks and short-term deposits net of bank overdraft.

2.2.14. Employee benefits

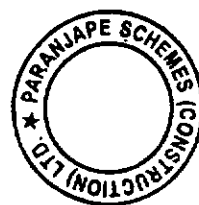
Short-term employee benefits

All employee benefits falling due wholly within twelve months of rendering the services are classified as short-term employee benefits, which include benefits like salaries, wages, short-term compensated absences and performance incentives and are recognised as expenses in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Post-employment benefits

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, are recognised as expenses in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company has no further obligations beyond its monthly contributions.

The Company also provides for post-employment defined benefit in the form of gratuity. The cost of providing benefit is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuation being carried out at each balance sheet date. Remeasurement of the net benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interests) and the effect of the assets ceiling (if any, excluding interest) are recognised in other comprehensive income. The effect of any plan amendments are recognised in net profit in the Statement of Profit and Loss.





Other long-term employee benefits

All employee benefits (other than post-employment benefits and termination benefits) which do not fall due wholly within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related services are determined based on actuarial valuation or discounted present value method carried out at each balance sheet date. The expected cost of accumulating compensated absences is determined by actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary as at every year end using projected unit credit method on the additional amount expected to be paid / availed as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the balance sheet date. Expense on non-accumulating compensated absences is recognised in the period in which the absences occur.

2.2.15. Leases

Accounting under Ind AS 116 "Leases" w.e.f. 1st April, 2019

The company has applied Ind AS 116 using the modified retrospective approach and therefore the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under Ind AS 17.

As a lessee:

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Lease term is a non-cancellable period together with periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Company is reasonably certain not to exercise that option.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost at the commencement date. At the commencement date, the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. The Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

After the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, and the lease liability is measured by

- (i) increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability;
- (ii) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and
- (iii) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

Interest on the lease liability in each period during the lease term is the amount that produces a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability. Interest expense on the lease liability is a component of finance costs.

Accounting under Ind AS 17 "Leases" up to 31st March, 2019

As a lessee:

Operating lease: Leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are recognized in the statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases





2.2.16. Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

a) Financial assets

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

At initial recognition, financial asset is measured at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

- a) at amortized cost; or
- b) at fair value through other comprehensive income; or
- c) at fair value through profit or loss.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method (EIR).

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to Statement of Profit and Loss and recognized in other gains/ (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

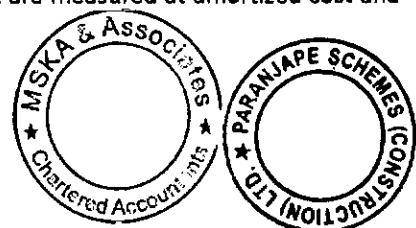
Equity instruments: All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument- by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit and loss.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost and FVOCI.





For recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If in subsequent years, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12 month ECL.

Life time ECLs are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12 month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the year end.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e. all shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider all contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension etc.) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.

In general, it is presumed that credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition if the payment is more than 30 days past due.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the year is recognized as income/expense in the statement of profit and loss. In balance sheet ECL for financial assets measured at amortized cost is presented as an allowance, i.e. as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.

(iv) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized only when:

- a) the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset is transferred or
- b) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the financial asset is transferred then in that case financial asset is derecognized only if substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset is transferred. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognized.

(b) Financial liabilities

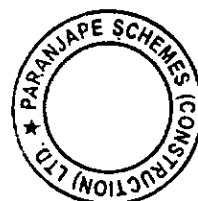
(i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and at amortized cost, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss: Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.





Loans and borrowings: After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(iii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability.

The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance costs.

(c) Embedded derivatives

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid (combined) instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract – with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a standalone derivative. Derivatives embedded in all other host contract are separated if the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host and are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Embedded derivatives closely related to the host contracts are not separated.

Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss.

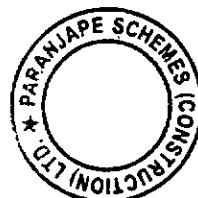
(d) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

2.2.17. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Earnings considered in ascertaining the Company's earnings per share is the net profit or loss for the year after deducting preference dividends and any attributable tax thereto for the year, if any. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year and for all the years presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.





3.1. Recent Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 1, 2020.

3.2. Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

In the preparation of the financial statements, the Company makes judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively. Information about assumptions, judgments and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment in the year ending 31 March 2020 are as below

(a) Revenue from contracts with customers

The Company has applied judgments that significantly affect the determination of the amount and timing of revenue from contracts with customers.

(b) Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilized. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

The Company neither have any taxable temporary difference nor any tax planning opportunities available that could partly support the recognition of these losses as deferred tax assets. On this basis, the Company has determined that it cannot recognize deferred tax assets on the tax losses carried forward.

(d) Fair value measurement of financial instruments

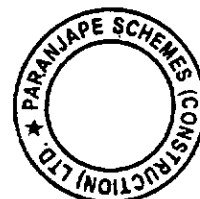
When the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on the quoted market prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation technique. The inputs to these models are taken from the observable market where possible, but where this is not feasible, a review of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Any changes in the aforesaid assumptions will affect the fair value of financial instruments.

(e) Evaluation of Net realizable Value of Inventories

Inventories comprising of completed flats and construction-work-in progress are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Net Realizable value is based upon the estimates of the management. The effect of changes, if any, to the estimates is recognized in the financial statements for the period in which such changes are determined.

(f) Impairment of financial assets

The Company applies significant judgement with respect to impairment assessment of financial assets comprising trade receivables, loans, land advances etc.



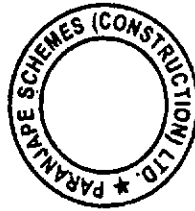
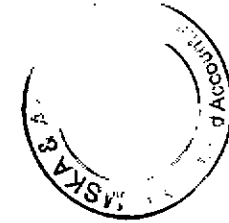


PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

Note 4: Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	GROSS BLOCK				DEPRECIATION/AMORTISATION			NET BLOCK	
	As At 1 April 2019	Additions during the year	Additions on account of transitional adjustment	Deductions during the year	As At 31 March 2020	As At 1 April 2019	For the period ended 31 March 2020	For Disposals/ Adjustment	As At 31 March 2020
Freehold Land	21.30 (21.30)	-	-	-	21.30 (21.30)	-	-	-	21.30 (21.30)
Leasehold Land	659.03 (659.03)	-	-	-	659.03 (659.03)	94.15 (62.77)	31.38 (31.38)	-	125.53 (94.15)
Buildings	209.57 (209.57)	2.06	-	-	211.63 (209.57)	24.60 (14.49)	9.33 (10.11)	0.31	33.62 (24.60)
Tools and Machinery	20.32 (20.26)	61.06 (0.06)	-	-	81.38 (20.32)	18.08 (16.57)	8.37 (1.51)	-	26.45 (18.08)
Furniture and Fixtures	57.86 (57.76)	-	-	-	57.86 (57.86)	28.05 (20.82)	9.35 (7.23)	0.11	37.29 (28.05)
Vehicles (Refer Note 21A)	71.77 (70.09)	7.32 (8.53)	-	-	79.09 (71.77)	25.75 (13.08)	15.88 (16.50)	0.10	41.53 (25.75)
Office Equipment	20.38 (19.46)	0.56 (1.12)	-	-	20.94 (20.38)	10.85 (5.00)	6.23 (5.86)	-	17.08 (10.85)
Computers	10.74 (8.37)	1.49 (2.39)	-	-	12.23 (10.74)	6.71 (4.88)	1.67 (1.83)	-	8.38 (6.71)
Right of use assets (Refer Note 46)	-	-	215.92	-	215.92	-	21.26	-	21.26
Total	1,070.97 (1,065.84)	72.49 (12.20)	215.92	-	1,359.38 (1,070.97)	208.19 (137.61)	103.47 (74.42)	0.52 (3.84)	311.14 (208.19)

Note - Figures in the bracket pertain to the previous year





PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

Note 5: Investment property (Building)

(Rs. in Million)

Cost	Amount
As at 1 April 2019	-
Additions	-
Reclassification from finished inventory	13.82
Disposals/adjustments	-
Closing as at 31 March 2020	13.82

Accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any

As at to 31 March 2019	-
For the year	-
Depreciation charge	-
Disposals/adjustments	-
Closing as at 31 March 2020	-

Net block

As at 31 March 2020	13.82
As at 31 March 2019	-

As at 31 March 2020, value of buildings of Rs. 13.82 Mn has been regrouped from inventory to investment property

(i) Information regarding income and expenditure of investment property

(Rs. in Million)

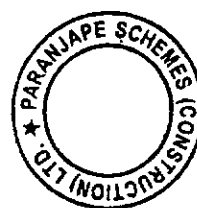
Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Rental income derived from investment properties	2.25	-
Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) generating rental income	-	-
Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) that did not generate rental income	-	-
Profit arising from investment properties before depreciation and indirect expenses	2.25	-
Less – Depreciation / Impairment	-	-
Profit arising from investment properties before indirect expenses	2.25	-

The Company has no restrictions on the realisability of its investment properties and no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment properties or for repairs, maintenance and enhancements.

(ii) Buildings hypothecated with Banks

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Carrying amount of building hypothecated with Banks or other financial institutions	1.24	-



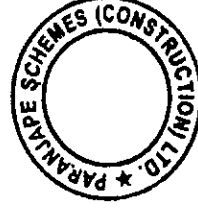
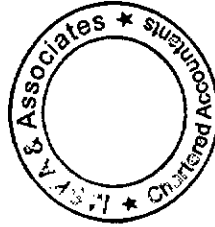
Note 6A: Intangible Assets

Particulars	GROSS BLOCK		DEPRECIATION/AMORTISATION			(Rs. in Million)	
	As At 1 Apr 2019	Additions during the year	As At 31 Mar 2020	Upto April 1, 2019	For the period ended 31 Mar 2020	Upto 31 March 2020	NET BLOCK As At 31 March 2020
Trade Marks	0.12 (0.12)	0.01 -	0.13 (0.12)	0.04 (0.03)	0.04 (0.01)	0.08 (0.04)	0.04 (0.07)
Computer Software	7.20 (6.80)	0.26 (0.40)	7.46 (7.20)	5.76 (5.24)	0.78 (0.52)	6.54 (5.76)	0.92 (1.44)
Total	7.32 (6.92)	0.27 (0.40)	7.59 (7.32)	5.80 (5.27)	0.82 (0.53)	6.62 (5.80)	0.96 (1.51)

Note - Figures in the bracket pertain to the Previous Year

Note 6B: Intangible Assets under Development

Particulars	(Rs. in Million) Amount
CWIP Trade Marks Gross Block As at 1 April 2019	2.02 (2.02)
Additions Disposals/adjustments	- -
Net block	
As At 31 Mar 2020	2.02 (2.02)



**PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED**

Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

Note 7 : Non-Current Investments

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Non-Current Investments (at amortised cost unless otherwise stated)		
(a) Investment in Subsidiaries - Unquoted		
(i) In Equity Instruments of Companies		
Athashree Homes Private Limited 9,980 (March 31 2019: 9,980) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.10	0.10
Paranjape Premises Private Limited 14,715 (March 31 2019: 14,715) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	8.60	8.60
PSC Holdings Limited, Mauritius Company 21,000 (March 31 2019: 21,000) Equity shares of US \$ 1 each fully paid	1.03	1.03
Blueridge Golf Club Private Limited 49,999 (31st March , 2019: 49,999) Equity shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid	0.50	0.50
Linker Shelters Private Limited 9,980 (March 31 2019: 9,980) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	197.85	197.85
Lavim Developers Private Limited 10,000 (March 31, 2019: 10,000) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.10	0.10
39,999,999 (March 31, 2019: 39,999,999) Class B Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	593.11	593.11
Sub-Total	593.21	593.21
Peer Realty Private Limited 6,500 (March 31, 2019: 6,500) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.07	0.07
PSC Properties Private Limited 279,316 (March 31, 2019: 279,316) Ordinary Equity shares of Rs. 1 each fully paid	0.28	0.28
139,658 (March 31, 2019: 139,658) Class A Equity shares of Rs. 1 each fully paid	0.16	0.16
139,658 (March 31, 2019: 139,658) Class B Equity shares of Rs. 1 each fully paid	0.16	0.16
Sub-Total	0.60	0.60
PSC Global Inc 6,000,000 (March 31, 2019: 6,000,000) Equity shares of US \$ 1 each fully paid	396.60	396.60
PSC Realtors Private Limited 7,000 (March 31, 2019: 7,000) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.07	0.07
1,000 (31st March 2019: 1,000) Class B equity shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid	607.38	607.38
6,000 (31st March 2019: 6,000) Class D equity shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid	390.00	390.00
(ii) Investment in Partnership Firms	862.71	891.82
Investment in partnerships PSC Pacific	599.50	516.70
Investment in partnerships Kshitij Developers	0.04	0.04
Investment in partnerships PS Bangalore	262.56	374.47
Investment in partnerships Athashri Astha	0.01	0.01
Investment in partnerships Paranjape Schemes Shelters	0.50	0.50
Investment in partnerships PSC Properties	0.10	0.10
(b) In Equity Instruments of Joint Ventures (Jointly Controlled Entities) - Unquoted		
Synergy Development Corporation Private Limited Nil (March 31, 2019: 8,333) Class A Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	-	0.08
Nil (March 31, 2019: 1,667) Class B Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	-	0.02
Sub-Total	-	0.10



Non Current-Note 7



Page 1

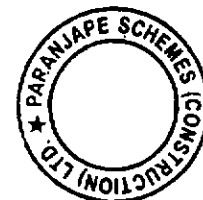


PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020
Note 7 : Non-Current Investments

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Investment in partnerships Lacasa LLP	0.01	0.01
Kaleidoscope Developers Private Limited		
5,000 (March 31, 2019: 5,000) Class A Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.05	0.05
5,000 (March 31, 2019: 5,000) Class B Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.05	0.05
Sub-Total	0.10	0.10
(c) In Debentures of Subsidiaries - Unquoted		
Lavim Developers Private Limited		
1,499,000 (March 31, 2019: 1,499,000) 15% Class A Optionally Convertible Debentures of Rs.	149.90	149.90
PSC Properties Private Limited		
429,620,684 (March 31, 2019: 429,620,684) 16% Unsecured Optionally Convertible Debentures	429.62	429.62
PSC Holdings Limited, Mauritius		
749 (March 31, 2019: 749) 0% Convertible Debentures of US \$ 1,000 each fully paid	56.03	51.25
(d) In Equity Instruments of Structured Entities		
Cosmos Co-operative Bank Limited		
20,625 (March 31 2019: 20,625) Equity shares of Rs. 20 each fully paid	0.41	0.41
Bhagani Nivedita Co-operative Bank Limited		
4,000 (March 31 2019: 4,000) Equity shares of Rs. 25 each fully paid	0.10	0.10
Saraswat Co-operative Bank Limited		
2,500 (March 31 2019: 2,500) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.03	0.03
Samarth Sahakari Bank Limited		
5,000 (March 31 2019: 5,000) Equity shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid	0.50	0.50
Sangli Urban Co-operative Bank Limited		
50,000 (March 31 2019: 50,000) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.50	0.50
Parjo Developers Private Limited		
6,700 (March 31 2019: 6,700) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.03	0.07
Kaleidoscope Island Estates Private Limited		
4,500 (March 31 2019: 4,500) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.05	0.05
Sub-Total	1.62	1.66
(e) In Debentures of Structured entities- Unquoted		
Lemon Grass Hospitality Private Limited		
401,848 (March 31, 2019: 401,848) 11% Optionally Convertible non transferable Debentures of	40.18	40.18
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Investment	(40.18)	(40.18)
(At Fair value through Profit and loss)		
Nalanda Shelters Private Limited		
8,047 (March 31, 2019: 0) Optionally Convertible Debentures of Rs. 1,00,000 each full paid	925.22	-
(f) Investments in Governments Securities		
-National Savings Certificates	0.001	0.001
Total (Investment valued at Cost)	4,621.21	3,720.46

(Rs. in Million)		
	As at	As at
Details of Investments	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Aggregate value of unquoted investments (Non-Current and Current)	4,624.26	3,723.40



**PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED**

Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

Note 8: Loans - Non-Current

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated		
Loans to Related Parties (Refer Note 45 and Note 48)		
- Considered good	3,338.94	3,174.18
- Considered doubtful	52.35	52.35
Less: Allowance for doubtful loan	(52.35)	(52.35)
Total	3,338.94	3,174.18

Note 9: Other Financial Assets - Non-Current

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated		
(a) Security Deposits	23.95	23.43
(b) Balances with Partnership Firms - Non-Current Account	131.34	217.75
(c) Fixed Deposits / Margin Money Deposits having maturities of more than 12 months from the Balance Sheet date*	73.32	127.24
(d) Interest Receivable on Loans and Debentures (Refer Note 45)		
- Considered good	491.38	303.09
- Considered doubtful	35.27	35.27
Less: Allowance for doubtful receivables	(35.27)	(35.27)
(e) Interest Receivable on Bank Deposits	8.74	5.82
(f) Advances to Related Parties (Refer Note 45)	0.03	0.03
(g) Other Receivables	0.04	49.53
*Rs 69.61 Mn. held as Margin Money/Security against Bank Guarantees		
Total	728.80	726.90

Note 9A Balances with Partnership Firms - Current Account:

(Rs. in Million)

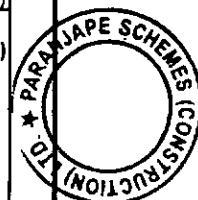
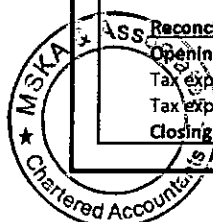
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
(i) Kshitij Promoters & Developers	-	88.42
(ii) Athashri Aastha	4.57	2.55
(iii) Paranjape Schemes Shelters	9.72	9.74
(iv) PSC Properties	117.05	117.04
Total	131.34	217.75

Note 10: Deferred Tax Assets

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
(a) On difference between book balance and tax balance of fixed assets	30.65	46.34
(b) Ind AS adjustments (net)	99.10	347.99
(c) Project foreseeable losses	191.03	168.94
(d) Provision for doubtful debts and advances	103.90	48.02
(e) Disallowances for non deduction of taxes	48.44	-
(f) Liabilities deductible on payment	31.31	22.02
(g) Carried forward tax losses	406.33	904.78
(h) Others	15.22	9.89
Total	925.98	1,547.97

Tax Rate Reconciliation	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Profit before taxes	(1,539.57)	(449.23)
Expected tax @26%/34.944%	(400.29)	(156.98)
Adjustments		
Tax on merger adjustment for subsidiaries revised return of Income	(780.05)	-
Adjustment on account of Ind AS adjustments for projects	251.87	-
Reversal of deferred tax on account of revised return filed post merger and rate change	260.06	-
Exempt income / loss	122.47	91.14
Disallowable expenses	44.57	22.83
Change on account of tax rate revision	291.02	-
Others (net)	62.81	(46.34)
Net Tax Expense	(147.55)	(89.35)
Reconciliation of movement		
Opening deferred tax asset	1,547.97	934.08
Tax expense / (benefit) through Statement of profit and loss	(624.06)	613.69
Tax expense through Other comprehensive income	2.07	0.20
Closing balance	925.98	1,547.97

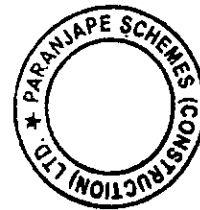




Note 11: Other Non-Current Assets

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated		
(a) Prepaid Expenses	5.96	24.35
(b) Advance given to Land Owners	8.36	8.35
(c) Advance towards project construction, development activities and development rights	244.59	248.07
(d) Security Deposits		
- Considered good	11.40	16.85
- Considered doubtful	3.61	-
Less: Allowance for doubtful deposits	(3.61)	-
(e) Advances towards Land purchase (Refer Note 45)	524.66	521.98
Total	794.97	819.60





Note 12: Inventories

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
(Lower of cost and net realisable value)		
(a) Raw material	248.54	119.24
(b) Work in Progress		
Land, Development Rights and Construction	14,177.54	12,955.32
Transferable Development Rights	60.85	60.85
Sub Total	14,238.39	13,016.17
(c) Constructed Units	785.91	1,274.62
Note: Hypothecated as charge against borrowings. Refer note 21A.		
Total	15,272.84	14,410.03

Note 13: Current Investments

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Investments in Units of Mutual Funds (Unquoted) (At fair value through profit and loss)		
- In HDFC Liquid Fund - Treasury Advantage Plan - Wholesale - Daily Dividend	3.05	2.94
- In Birla Sunlife Treasury Fund - Treasury Advantage Plan - Wholesale - Daily Dividend	0.01	0.01
Total	3.06	2.95

Note 14: Trade Receivables

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated		
- Considered good	309.97	374.19
- Considered doubtful Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	148.73	1.99
Less: Allowance for doubtful receivables	(148.73)	(1.99)
	309.97	374.19
Total	309.97	374.19

Movement in the allowance for doubtful receivables is as follows:

(Rs. in Million)

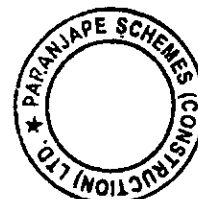
Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	1.99	3.00
Movement calculated at lifetime credit loss	146.74	-
Bad debts written off	-	(1.01)
Balance at the end of the year	148.73	1.99

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Further classified as:		
Receivable from related parties	164.45	59.81
Receivable from others	145.52	314.38

All amounts are short-term. The net carrying value of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Note: Hypothecated as charge against borrowings. Refer note 21A.

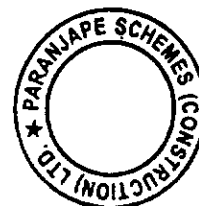


**Note 15: Cash and cash equivalents****(Rs. in Million)**

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
(i) Cheques on hand	-	1.09
(ii) Cash on hand	7.42	7.44
(iii) Balances with Banks		
- In Current Accounts	229.46	454.75
- In Deposit Accounts	-	12.30
	229.46	467.05
Total	236.88	475.58

Note 15A: Other Balances with Banks**(Rs. in Million)**

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
(i) Deposit Accounts	-	-
(ii) Balances held as Margin Money/Security against Bank Guarantees	80.34	207.39
Total	80.34	207.39



**Note 16: Loans - Current****(Rs. in Million)**

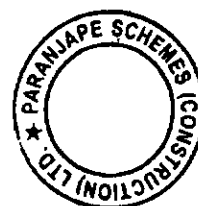
Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Unsecured and Considered Good		
Loans to Related Parties (Refer Note 45 and Note 48)	-	1,145.53
Total	-	1,145.53

Note 17: Other Financial Assets - Current**(Rs. in Million)**

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Unsecured and Considered Good		
(a) Security Deposits	5.66	12.24
(b) Interest Receivable on Loans and Debentures (Refer Note 45)	799.51	1,051.23
(c) Interest Receivable on Bank Deposits	5.44	14.42
(d) Reimbursable expenses receivable	360.02	351.97
(e) Other receivables	23.43	24.60
Total	1,194.06	1,454.46

Note 18: Other Current Assets**(Rs. in Million)**

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Unsecured and Considered Good		
(a) Balances with government authorities	109.15	207.62
(b) Advances towards Land purchase		
- considered good	637.13	853.15
- considered doubtful	109.00	0.50
Less: Allowances for doubtful Advances	(109.00)	(0.50)
(c) Prepaid Expenses	15.20	33.72
(d) Advances to Suppliers		
- considered good	187.58	148.63
- considered doubtful	4.75	4.75
Less: Allowances for doubtful Advances	(4.75)	(4.75)
(e) Loans and Advances to Employees	0.66	3.73
(f) Advance towards project construction, development activities and development rights	8.10	47.30
(g) Unbilled Receivables	-	23.24
Total	957.82	1,317.39





NOTE 19: Share Capital

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020		As at 31 March 2019	
	Number of shares (in Million)	Amount	Number of shares (in Million)	Amount
a) Authorised :				
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	172.65	1,726.50	172.65	1,726.50
Cumulative Convertible Preference Shares of Rs.100 /- each	0.15	15.00	0.15	15.00
Total	172.80	1,741.50	172.80	1,741.50
Issued, subscribed and fully Paid up				
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	27.07	270.67	27.07	270.67
Equity Shares allotted as fully paid bonus shares of Rs. 10/- each	67.67	676.66	67.67	676.66
Total	94.74	947.33	94.74	947.33

b) Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year: (Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020		As at 31 March 2019	
	Number of shares (in Million)	Amount	Number of shares (in Million)	Amount
Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	94.73	947.33	94.73	947.33
Add: Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Equity Shares outstanding at the end of the year	94.73	947.33	94.73	947.33

c) Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company (Rs. in Million)

Name of shareholder	As at 31 March 2020		As at 31 March 2019	
	Number of shares (in Million)	% holding	Number of shares (in Million)	% holding
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid				
Paranjape Griha Nirman Private Limited (Holding Company)	84.00	88.67%	84.00	88.67%
Linker Shelter Private Limited	-	-	9.18	9.69%
Paranjape Realty Spaces Private Limited	9.47	10.00%	-	-

(d) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

The Company has only one class of shares referred to as Equity Shares having par value of Rs.10/- . Each holder of Equity Shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of Equity Shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of Equity Shares held by the shareholders.

(e) The Company had issued bonus shares (67,666,668 equity shares for consideration other than cash) in the ratio of 2.5:1 (2.5 bonus shares for 1 equity share held) approved by Board of Directors pursuant to a resolution passed at their meeting held on February 17, 2015 and resolution passed by Shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on February 24, 2015, through capitalisation of the securities premium account amounting to Rs. 676.66 Million. These equity shares were allotted on March 13, 2015.

(f) No class of shares have been bought back by the Company during the period of five years immediately preceding the current year end.

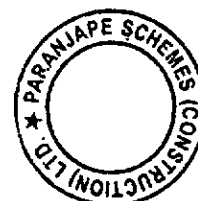




NOTE 20: Other Equity

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
a) Capital Redemption Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	9.62	9.62
Less : Utilised during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	9.62	9.62
b) Capital Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	220.49	220.49
Less : Utilised during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	220.49	220.49
c) Securities Premium Account*		
Balance at the beginning of the year	527.10	527.10
Less : Utilised during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	527.10	527.10
*Security premium on issue of shares to be utilized in accordance with the Act.		
d) Debenture Redemption Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	989.40	1,164.38
Transfer from Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss	-	-
Transferred from Debenture Redemption Reserve on redemption of Non Convertible Debentures	(628.96)	(174.98)
Closing Balance	360.44	989.40
e) General Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	0.38	0.38
Less : Utilised during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	0.38	0.38
f) Amalgamation adjustment deficit account (Capital Reserve) (Refer Note 40)		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(2,832.65)	(2,832.65)
Add : Generated during the year due to Merger	(990.03)	-
Closing Balance	(3,822.68)	(2,832.65)
g) Gain on valuation of Optionally Convertible Debentures considered as other equity		
Balance at the beginning of the year	128.39	-
Add : Gain on fair value of OCD	-	128.39
Closing Balance	128.39	128.39
h) Surplus/(Deficit) in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,096.83	2,932.18
Add: Reversal of POCM profit (net of tax) due to application of 115	-	(655.80)
Add : Profit/(Loss) for the year	(1,392.02)	(359.88)
Add : Other Comprehensive Income	(5.98)	0.55
Add : Tax on other comprehensive income	2.07	(0.20)
Add : Effect of IND AS Transition- as on the transition date	-	5.00
Add: Transferred from Debenture Redemption Reserve on redemption of Non Convertible Debentures and adjustment on statute amendment	628.96	174.98
Closing Balance	1,329.86	2,096.83
Total	(1,246.40)	1,139.56

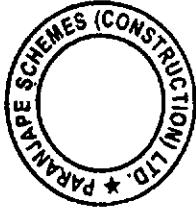




PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

Note 21: Borrowings - Non Current

(Rs. in Million)		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Secured Borrowings - At Amortised Cost		
(a) Term Loans (Refer Note 21A)		
(i) From banks	222.78	267.99
(ii) From Financial Institutions/Others	2,339.39	1,290.74
(b) Debentures (Refer Note 21A)		
(i) 14% Non-Convertible Debentures	66.83	-
(ii) 14.5% Non-Convertible Debentures	1,493.50	782.06
(iii) 10% Optionally Convertible Debentures	1,431.12	931.61
(c) Vehicle Loans from Banks (Refer Note 21A)	22.91	26.21
Secured Borrowings - At Fair Value through profit and loss		
(a) Embedded derivative (Refer Note 21A)	16.97	143.61
Unsecured Borrowings - At Amortised Cost		
(a) Public Deposits (Refer Note 21A)	42.17	-
Total	5,635.67	3,442.22

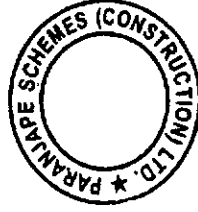




PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020
Note 21A

(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)			
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2019
Term loan from Banks			
State bank of India (Sanctioned Rs. 329 Mn.)	79 Monthly Installments at the rate of Interest of MCLR + 3.35% -11.25%	Secured by way of first hypothecation charge on rentals/ receivables from MSM Mail and is further secured by registered Registered mortgage of commercial building bearing survey number: (Leasehold rights) Part B of Land situated CTS No.25/20, Final Plot No. 25 C and CTS No.27, Final Plot No.24 (part), Off Karve road, Erandvane, Pune.	263.78
		Personal Guarantee of Shrikant and Shashank Paranjape.	297.59
Total: Term loans from Banks			263.78
Less: Current Maturity of Term Loans from Banks (Refer Note 28)			40.99
Long term loan from Banks			222.78

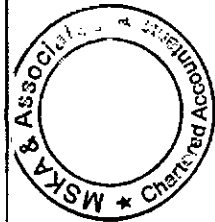
(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)			
Term loan from Financial Institutions/Others			
HDFC Bank Limited (Sanctioned amount Rs. 15.33 Mn.)	Tenure of the loan - 29 months. Repayment through EMI over the tenure of the loan. EMI equal to Rs 7,11,085 p.m. Starting from June 2019. Interest @10.50%	Secured by way of Hypothecation charge on the equipment and machinery .	9.41
HDFC Bank Limited (Sanctioned amount Rs. 12.68 Mn.)	Tenure of the loan - 28 months. Repayment through EMI over the tenure of the loan. EMI equal to Rs 5,82,200 p.m. Starting from Feb 2020. Interest @9.50%	Secured by way of Hypothecation charge on the equipment and machinery	11.80
HDFC Bank Limited (Sanctioned amount Rs. 11.66 Mn.)	Tenure of the loan - 16 months. Repayment through EMI over the tenure of the loan. EMI equal to Rs 10,22,850 p.m. Starting from Feb 2020. Interest @9.50%	Secured by way of Hypothecation charge on the equipment and machinery	9.87
HDFC Limited (Sanctioned 450 Mn., additional top up of Rs 150 Mn. Total - 600 Mn.)	Tranche I Loan (Rs 450 Mn.) is repayable in 66 Months (earlier 48 months) from first disbursement date i.e 13 July 2015. Tranche II - is repayable in 48 months from first disbursement date. Tranche I - Repayment is higher of 7 installment of 50 million monthly installments commencing from July 2020 or 35% of daily collections of advances from customers. For Tranche II - Repayment (higher of 5 installments of 30 million monthly installment starting from end of 44th month from the date of first disbursement 07 June 2019. The rate of interest was Base Rate (HDFC CF-PLR) + 325 basis points. Current interest rate - 14.75%	1. By and under a Deed of Simple Mortgage dated 14 July 2015 and Supplemental Mortgage deed dated 30 March 2019 made by and between PSCL, has created a mortgage by deposit of title deeds in respect of the below property in favour of HDFC Ltd. - a. Mortgage of all that piece and parcel of project land of "Azure" bearing Survey NO 84/1B, 84/2B, 84/3B, and 84/4 totally admeasuring 24,544.21 sq mts. situated at Tathawade village together with all construction thereon present and future together with all present and unsold , accruing from sale of units constructed on the above residential project land. 2. Charge / Assignment of receivables , both sold and unsold , accruing from sale of units constructed on the above 3. Personal Guarantee of Shrikant Paranjape and Shashank Paranjape.	449.43
			345.49





PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020
Note 21A

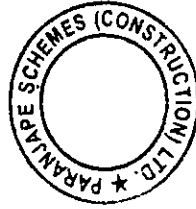
(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)			
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2020 As at 31 March 2019
HDFC Limited (Sanctioned 1250 Mn.)	Loan is repayable in 84 months. Repayment :- outstanding balance at the end of 5th year from the date of first disbursement (First Disbursement date 10 July 2015) not to exceed Rs.1000 million, end of 6th year - Rs.500 Mn. and end of 7th year - NIL and 30% of daily collections of advances from customers. The rate of interest was Base Rate (HDFC CPLR) - 410 basis points, current rate - 15.25%	1. By and under a Deed of Simple Mortgage dated 10 July 2015 made by and between PSCCL has created a mortgage by deposit of title deeds in respect of the below property in favour of HDFC Ltd. - a. Mortgage of all that piece and parcel of land of Athashri Xlon - situated at land bearing S.No 16/B2 at Village Hinjewadi, Taluka Mulshi, admeasuring 4,953.04 sq mts together with all construction thereon present and future together with all present and future FSI/TDR. b. Mortgage of all that piece and parcel of development rights accruing from the project land of Paranjape Abhiruchi Parisar constructed on the land bearing S No 24/1 and 25 situated at Village Haveli, admeasuring 27,450 sq mts., along with FSI rights of 36,492.79 sq mts, together with all construction thereon present and future together with all present and future FSI/TDR. c. Mortgage of all that piece and parcel of land bearing Survey Number 119 admeasuring 6000 sq mtrs situated at Hinjewadi together with all construction thereon present and future together with all present and future FSI/TDR. d. Mortgage of all that piece and parcel of development rights accruing from land being Amenity Plot admeasuring 3808.22 sq mtrs out of sanctioned layout land bearing S No 8, Hissa No 3, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 & 14 situated at Village Mhalunge together with all construction thereon present and future together with all present and future FSI/TDR. e. Mortgage of all that piece and parcel of land bearing s No 19/2, situated at Pattandur Agrahara Village K R puram Hobli Bangalore, admeasuring 82,764 sq ft. together with all construction thereon present and future together with all present and future FSI/TDR. 2. Assignment of receivables from sale of flats are 8 Athashree project 2 each in Pune, Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Thane 3. Personal guarantee of Shrikant Paranjape and Shashank Paranjape.	1,180.58 1,097.58
HDFC Limited (Sanctioned 800 Mn.)	Loan is repayable in 60 months. 1. Escrow arrangement - 30% of all the receivables to be adjusted against loan repayment . 2. Scheduled repayment to start from the end of 53rd month from the date of first disbursement i.e 15 July 2016. EMI of Rs 10 crs payable in 8 months. The rate of interest was base rate (HDFC CPLR) less 515 basis points- current rate is 14.20%	1. Mortgage of development rights and/or benefits accruing from that piece and parcel of Project land of Paranjape Abhiruchi Parisar constructed on land bearing S NO 24/1 and 25 situated at Dhairy, Taluka Haveli, admeasuring 77,250 sq mtrs (less 1,228.32 sq mtrs +2,699.25 sq mtrs (area of DP road) + 3,200 sq mtrs (area allotted to the land owner) out of 1,04,700 sq mtrs together with construction thereon both present and future together with both present and future FSI/TDR 2. Charge of receivables from sale of units (both sold and unsold) 3. Personal guarantee of Shrikant and Shashank Paranjape	705.94 645.94





PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020
Note 21A

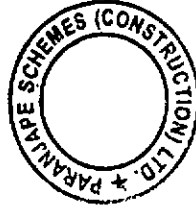
(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)			
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2020 As at 31 March 2019
HDFC Limited (Sanctioned 100 Mn.)	Loan is repayable in 36 months from the date of first disbursement i.e 08 September 2016 1. Escrow arrangement - 30% of all the receivables to be adjusted against loan repayment . 2. Scheduled repayment to start from the end of 32nd month from the date of first disbursement. EMI of Rs 2 crs payable in 5 months. The rate of interest was base rate (HDFC CPLR) less 490 basis points- current rate is 12.85%	1. Mortgage of all that piece and parcel of the project land of "Madhukosh " bearing s no 4/2, 14/4B, 16 & 17 situated at Village Vadgaon Khurd, Pune. 2. An exclusive charge on the scheduled receivables under the documents entered into with the customers of the funded project by the borrower. 3. Personal guarantee of Shrikant paranjape and Shashank Paranjape.	42.09
HDFC Limited (Sanctioned 250 Mn.)	Loan is repayable in 60 months from the date of first disbursement i.e 28 October 2016. 1. Escrow arrangement - 15% of all the receivables to be adjusted against loan repayment . 2. Scheduled repayment to start from the end of 51st month from the date of first disbursement. EMI of Rs 25 Mn. payable in 10 months. The rate of interest was base rate (HDFC CPLR) less 515 basis points- current rate is 14.20%	1. Paripassu mortgage over the project land of "The Happiness Hub" admeasuring 68,200 sq mtrs at Gat No 94/1+94/2+96/1+96/2+97/1+97/2 at Warve, Tal Bhor. 2. Mortgage of development rights and/or benefits accruing from that place and parcel of Project land of Paranjape Abhiruchi Parisar constructed on land bearing S NO 24/1 and 25 situated at Dhalry, Taluka Haveli, admeasuring 77,250 sq mtrs (less 1228.32 sq mtrs +2699.25 sq mtrs (area of DP road) + 3200 sq mtrs (area allotted to the land owner) out of 1,04,700 sq mtrs together with construction thereon both present and future together with both present and future FSI/TDR 3. Personal Guarantee of Shrikant Paranjape and Shashank Paranjape. 4. Charge on the scheduled receivables under the documents entered into with the customers of the funded projects by the borrower.	128.07
HDFC Limited (Sanctioned 500 Mn.)	Loan is repayable in 60 months from the date of first disbursement i.e 22 December 2017 1. Escrow arrangement - 15% of all the receivables to be adjusted against loan repayment . 2. Scheduled repayment to start from the end of 51st month from the date of first disbursement. EMI of Rs 50 Mn. payable in 10 months. The rate of interest was base rate (HDFC CPLR) less 550 basis points- current rate is 13.85%	1. Mortgage over project land of "Trident" admeasuring 38,900 sq mtrs, at S NO 60/1/1, 60/2/1, 60/2/2, 55/2, 56,57/2 & 57/1 at Wakad, Pune. 2.Charge on scheduled receivables and all Insurance proceeds. 3. Personal Guarantee of Mr Shrikant Paranjape and Mr Shashank Paranjape.	468.29





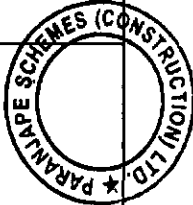
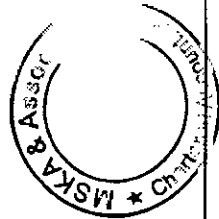
PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020
Note 21A

(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)		
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security
Piramal Capital and Housing Finance Ltd (4000Mn.)	Loan is repayable in 24 quarters - Date of first disbursement - 5 March 2019 1. Moratorium period of 12 quarters. 2. Repayment in unequal quarterly installments from 13th Quarter to 24th Quarter 3. Qtr 13 to Qtr 18 - Rs 250 Mn. each Qtr 19 to Qtr 24 - Rs 300 Mn each 4. Escrow repayments will be as follows - a. Broadway - 20% b. Magnolia - 30% c. Blue Ridge Phase III - 30% d. Blueridge Athashri - 30% e. Blue Row Houses - 30% f. Deshpande Slum - 30% g. Nemivant Slum - 30% h. Meghdoot - 30% i. Green Cove II - 20% (First year), 30% then onwards j. Meghparsh - 30% k. Mrudgandh - 30 % The rate of interest currently is 15.65%	1. By and under a Debenture Trust Deed dt. 22 February 2019 made by and between PSCL as Mortgagor 1, FIPL as Mortgagor 2, Luke Builders Pvt. Ltd. as Mortgagor 3, Lavim Developers Pvt. Ltd as Mortgagor 4, PSC Pacific as mortgagor 5, PSC Properties Pvt. Ltd as Mortgagor 6, Kshitij Promoters and Developers as mortgagor 7 and Piramal Trusteeship Services Pvt Ltd. as Security Trustee and IDBI Trusteeship Services Ltd.as debenture trustee:- has created a mortgage in respect of the below property in favour of Security Trustee and Debenture trustee:- a. Magnolia Project - the Immovable Property and the Project alongwith all the rights incidental thereto, both present and future and the Project Assets, Receivables, Development Rights, Project Documents and Benefits of Project Documents relating to Project. b. Green Cove II Project - the Immovable Property and the Project alongwith all the rights incidental thereto, both present and future and the Project Assets, Receivables, Development Rights, Project Documents and Benefits of Project Documents relating to Project. c. Meghparsh project - the Project alongwith all the rights incidental thereto, both present and future, and the Project Assets, Receivables, Development Rights, Project Documents, and the Benefits of Project Documents of the Mortgagor 1 relating to Project. d. Mrudgandh Project - the Immovable Property and the Project alongwith all the rights incidental thereto, both present and future and the Project Assets, Receivables, Development Rights, Project Documents and Benefits of Project Documents relating to Project. e. Broadway Project - unsold units of Project, development rights of LDPL with respect to Immovable Property; the Project alongwith all the rights incidental thereto, both present and future; rights and receivables, present and future, relating to the Unregistered Units of Project and the Project Assets, Receivables, Development Rights, Project Documents and Benefits of Project Documents of the LDPL relating to Project.





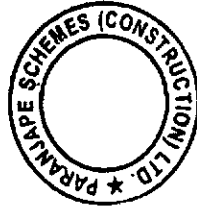
(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)			
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2020 As at 31 March 2019
		<p>f. Blueridge Row houses and Special Housing Scheme Project - the Immovable Property and the Project alongwith all the rights incidental thereto, both present and future and the Project Assets, Receivables, Development Rights, Project Documents and Benefits of Project Documents relating to Project.</p> <p>g. Blueridge Athashri - the Immovable Property and the Project alongwith all the rights incidental thereto, both present and future and the Project Assets, Receivables, Development Rights, Project Documents and Benefits of Project Documents relating to Project.</p> <p>h. Xion Mall & Multiplex - the ownership rights of mortgagor 4, in respect of the project - Xion mall & Multiplex and Anchor block and " unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>i. Crystal Tower - Development rights of mortgagor 3, in respect of the project "Crystal Tower", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>j. Swapna Samrat - the Ownership rights and/or Development rights of the company in respect of the project Swapna Samrat, unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>k. Athashri C & D- the Ownership rights and/or Development rights of the company in respect of the project Athashree C, unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>l. Pratham - the Ownership rights of the company in respect of the project Pratham, unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>m. Ojas Commercial - the Ownership rights of the company in respect of the project Ojas Commercial, unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>n. Synergy - Receivables related to the project</p> <p>o. 127 Upper East - the Development rights of the company, in respect of the project "127 Upper east", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project .</p>	
		<p>p. Mithila - the Development rights of the company, in respect of the project "Mithila", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>q. Teachers Colony - the Development rights of mortgagor 2, in respect of the project "Teachers Colony", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>r. Greencove - the Development rights of the company, in respect of the project "Greencove", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>s. Blue Ridge Township - the ownership rights of the FIL in the Project (b) the unsold units of the Project alongwith all the rights incidental thereto, both present and future; the Project Assets, Receivables, Proceeds, Development Rights, Project Documents and Benefits of Project Documents relating to Project, rights and receivables, present and future, relating to the Unregistered Units of Project and fixed deposit which is opened pursuant to the Existing Loan Agreement.</p> <p>2. Personal guarantee of Shrikant Paranjape and Sshank Paranjape.</p> <p>3. Paripassu charge on 15% shares of PSCL pledged by PGNPL and 58.5 shares of FIPL held by PSCL, also pledge of shares of FIL held by of Shrikant Paranjape, of Shashank Paranjape, Rahul Paranjape, Amit Paranjape, Sahil Paranjape, Yash Paranjape.</p>	





PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020
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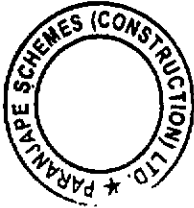
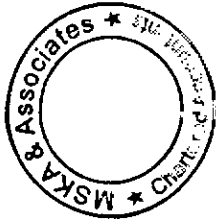
(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)		
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security
Aditya Birla Finance Limited (250 Mn)	Loan is repayable in 48 months with a moratorium period of 24 months. Repayment is of 24 equal monthly installments of Rs 10416667/- commencing from April 18	1. Paripassu charge with ABFL through registered mortgage deed on- a. PSC House, office building admeasuring 1023.41 sq mts located at CTS No 111+111/2, Anand colony, off prabhat road. B. Share of La Casa Shelter LLP admeasuring carpet area of 193,901.13 sq (out of the total carpet area admeasuring 271,696 sq ft, proportionate development rights given to the landowners of carpet area admeasuring 77,794.87 sq ft is excluded) in the project "Richmond Park" located at S NO 38/4 at Village Rahatni Haveli Pimpri Chinchwad, District Pune .c. Bungalows at Sector R 11A , Bungalow S1-224 and Sector No R11B, Bungalow No S1-225.1, S2-225.2, Forest Trails Township, BHugaon Pune, along with every building structure standing thereon. 2. Pari Passu Charge with ABHFL by way pf hypothecation of scheduled receivables (both sold & Unsold) from the Richmond Project. 3. Pari Passu charge with ABHFL by way of hypothecation on the Escrow account of projects all monies credited, deposited therein and all investments in respect thereof. 4. Pari Passu charge with ABFHL ON DSRA (in the form of Investments into liquid financial investments) equivalent to two month interest amount to be created 5. Pari Passu charge with ABHFL on 5% shares of PSCL held by PGNPL.
	<p>Escrow arrangement</p> <p>1. Escrow mechanism in respect of receivables of Richmond project - as mentioned below :-(a) For collection of an amount of up to Rs 80 Cr, from the date of Initial Drawdown, an amount equivalent to Nil percent (Zero Percent)</p> <p>(b) For collection of an amount beyond Rs 80 Crs from the date of Initial Drawdown, an amount being equivalent to 80 % (Eighty per cent)</p> <p>(c) For collection of an amount beyond Rs 60 Cr and above , from the date of Initial Drawdown, an amount being equivalent to 60 % (Sixty per cent)</p> <p>The rate of interest is (LTRR) less 1.75%. Current rate of interest is 14.75%</p> <p>Change in the escrow percentage w.e.f -</p> <p>a. Upto incremental collection of Rs 30 crs (i.e upto total collection of Rs 81 crs) - Escrow NIL</p> <p>b. Over and above Rs 81 crs - 80% towards repayment</p>	As at 31 March 2020 -
		As at 31 March 2019 166.67





PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020
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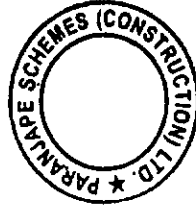
(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)			
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	<div>As at 31 March 2020</div> <div>As at 31 March 2019</div>
Aditya Birla Housing Finance Limited (150 Mn)	<p>Loan is repayable in 48 months with a moratorium period of 24 months. Repayment is of 24 equal monthly installments of Rs 10416667/- commencing from April 18</p> <p>Escrow arrangement</p> <p>1. Escrow mechanism in respect of receivables of Richmond project - as mentioned below :-(a) For collection of an amount of up to Rs 30 Cr, from the date of Initial Drawdown, an amount being equivalent to 20% (Twenty per cent)</p> <p>(b) For collection of an amount beyond Rs 30 Cr and of up to Rs 60 Cr, from the date of Initial Drawdown, an amount being equivalent to 40 % (Forty per cent)</p> <p>(c) For collection of an amount beyond Rs 60 Cr and above, from the date of Initial Drawdown, an amount being equivalent to 60 % (Sixty per cent)</p> <p>The rate of interest is (ARR) less 0.10%. Current rate of Interest is 14.75%</p> <p>Change in the escrow percentage w.e.f. -</p> <p>a. Upto incremental collection of Rs 30 crs (i.e upto total collection of Rs 81 crs) - Escrow NIL</p> <p>b. Over and above Rs 81 crs - 80% towards repayment</p>	<p>1. Pari Passu charge with ABHFL through registered mortgage deed on- a. PSC House, office building admeasuring 1023.41 sq mts located at CTS No 111+111/2, Anand colony, off prabhat road. B. Share of La Casa Shelter LLP admeasuring carpet area of 193,901.13 sq (out of the total carpet area admeasuring 271,696 sq ft, proportionate development rights given to the landowners of carpet area admeasuring 77,794.87 sq ft is excluded) in the project "Richmond Park" located at S NO 38/4 at Village Rahatni Haveli Pimpri Chinchwad, District Pune .c. Bungalows at Sector R 11A , Bungalow S1-224 and Sector No R11B, Bungalow No S1-225.1, S2-225.2, Forest Trails Township, BHugaon Pune, along with every building structure standing thereon.</p> <p>2. Pari Passu Charge with ABFL by way pf hypothecation of scheduled receivables (both sold & Unsold) from the Richmond Project.</p> <p>3. Pari Passu charge with ABFL by way of hypothecation on the Escrow account of projects all monies credited, deposited therein and all investments in respect thereof.</p> <p>4. Pari Passu charge with ABHFL ON DSRA (in the form of investments into liquid financial Investments) equivalent to two month interest amount to be created</p> <p>5. Pari Passu charge with ABHFL on 5% shares of PSCL held by PGNPL.</p>	-





PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020
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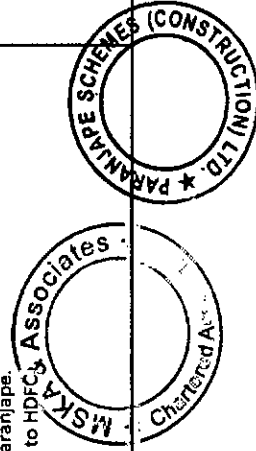
(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)			
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2020 As at 31 March 2019
Aditya Birla Finance Limited (360 Mn)	<p>Loan is repayable in 48 months with a moratorium period of 24 months. Repayment is of 24 equal monthly installments of Rs 1,50,00,000/- commencing from April 18</p> <p>Escrow arrangement</p> <p>All the receivables from the sold as well as unsold units of project Gloria Grand to be deposited in escrow:- repayment schedule through escrow based on collection amount-</p> <p>a. upto Rs 30 crs - 20% of amount deposited in escrow to be adjusted towards repayment</p> <p>b. beyond 30 crs upto 60 crs - 30%,</p> <p>c. beyond 60 crs to 90 crs- 45%</p> <p>d. beyond 90 crs - 75%</p> <p>The rate of interest is (LTRR) less 1.75% Current rate of Interest - 14.75%</p> <p>Change in the escrow percentage w.e.f -</p> <p>a. Upto incremental collection of Rs 60 crs (i.e upto total collection of Rs 81 crs) - Escrow NIL</p> <p>b. Above Rs 60 crs to 90 crs - 60% towards repayment</p> <p>c. Above 90 crs - 75% towards repayment</p>	<p>1. Pari Passu charge with ABHFL through registered mortgage deed on- a. PSC House, office building admeasuring 1023.41 sq mts located at CTS No 111+111/2, Anand colony, off prabhat road. B. All that piece and parcel of land admeasuring 3050 sq mtrs..out of S NO 47/4B, 3300 sq mtrs out of S NO 47/14, 700 sq mtrs out of S NO 47/19, 400 sq mtrs out of S NO 47/13 situated at Bawdhan Khurd, Tal haveli, Dist Pune.C. Share of La Casa Shelter LLP admeasuring carpet area of 193,901.13 sq (out of the total carpet area admeasuring 271,696 sq ft, proportionate development rights given to the landowners of carpet area admeasuring 77,794.87 sq ft is excluded) in the project "Richmond Park" located at S NO 38/4 at Village Rahatni Haveli Pimpri Chinchwad, District Pune .c. Bungalows at Sector R 11A , Bungalow S1-224 and Sector No R11B, Bungalow No S1-225.1, S2-225.2, Forest Trails Township, BHugaon Pune, along with every building structure standing thereon.</p> <p>2. Pari Passu charge with ABHFL by way of hypothecation of Scheduled receivables (both sold & unsold) from the Gloria Grand at Bawdhan projects.</p> <p>3. Pari Passu charge with ABHFL by way of hypothecation on the escrow account of Gloria Grand projects.</p> <p>4. Extension of pledge of 5 % shares of PSCL held by PGNPL</p> <p>5. Corp. guarante of Krish Shelters Pvt Ltd and PGNPL, personal guarantee of Shrikant Paranjape and Shashank paranjape and guarantee by La Casa LLP.</p>	207.89





PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
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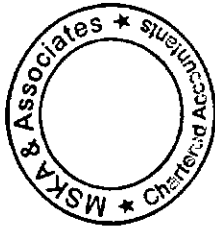
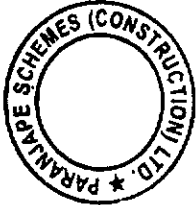
(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)				
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Aditya Biria Housing Finance Limited (140 Mn)	<p>Loan is repayable in 48 months with a moratorium period of 24 months. Repayment is of 24 equal monthly installments of Rs 1,50,00,000/- commencing from April 18</p> <p>Escrow arrangement</p> <p>All the receivables from the sold as well as unsold units of project Gloria Grand to be deposited in escrow:- repayment schedule through escrow based on collection amount-</p> <p>a. upto Rs 30 crs - 20% of amount deposited in escrow to be adjusted towards repayment</p> <p>b. beyond 30 crs upto 60 crs - 30%,</p> <p>c. beyond 60 crs to 90 crs- 45%</p> <p>d. beyond 90 crs - 75%</p> <p>The rate of interest is (ARR) less 0.10% Current rate of interest - 14.75%</p> <p>Change in the escrow percentage w.e.f -</p> <p>a. Upto incremental collection of Rs 60 crs (i.e upto total collection of Rs 81 crs) - Escrow NIL</p> <p>b. Above Rs 60 crs to 90 crs - 60% towards repayment</p> <p>c. Above 90 crs - 75% towards repayment</p>	<p>1. Paripassu charge with ABFL through registered mortgage deed on- a. PSC House, office building admeasuring 1023.41 sq mts located at CTS No 111+111/2, Anand colony, off prabhat road. B. All that piece and parcel of land admeasuring 3050 sq mtrs.,out of S NO 47/4B, 3300 sq mtrs out of S NO 47/14, 700 sq mtrs out of S NO 47/19, 400 sq mtrs out of S NO 47/13 situated at Bawdhan Khurd, Tal haveli, Dist Pune. C. Share of La Casa Shelter LLP admeasuring carpet area of 193,901.13 sq (out of the total carpet area admeasuring 271,696 sq ft, proportionate development rights given to the landowners of carpet area admeasuring 77,794.87 sq ft is excluded) in the project "Richmond Park" located at S NO 38/4 at Village Rahatni Haveli Pimpri Chinchwad, District Pune .c. Bungalows at Sector R 11A , Bungalow S1-224 and Sector No R11B, Bungalow No S1-225.1, S2-225.2, Forest Trails Township, BHugaon Pune, along with every building structure standing thereon.</p> <p>2. Parli Passu charge with ABFL by way of hypothecation of Scheduled receivables (both sold & unsold) from the Gloria Grand at Bawdhan projects.</p> <p>3. Parli Passu charge with ABFL by way of hypothecation on the escrow account of Gloria Grand projects.</p> <p>4. Extension of pledge of 5 % shares of PSCL held by PGNPL</p> <p>5. Corp. guarantee of Krishna Shelters Pvt Ltd and PGNPL, personal guarantee of Shrikant Paranjape and Shashank paranjape and guaranteee by La Casa LLP.</p>		104.88
IREP Credit Capital Pvt. Ltd (200MN)	<p>Loan is repayable in 24 months</p> <p>The Principal Amounts cannot be repaid within 6 (six) months from date of Initial Disbursement, or within 3 (three) months from the date of Subsequent Disbursement(s). Notwithstanding the foregoing the Principal Amounts shall be repaid on or before the Final Maturity Date.</p> <p>The current rate of Interest - 16.50%</p>	<p>(i) Pledge of 22,42,500 the PSCL shares held by PGNPL</p> <p>(ii) Personal Guarantee of Shrikant and Shashank Paranjape</p> <p>(iii) Corporate Guarantee of PGNPL</p> <p>(iv) Demand Promissory Note</p>		150.00
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	<p>1. Loan is repayable in 11 months. Repayment is higher of 11 equal monthly 250 Mn. installments commencing from 51st month from the date of first disbursement i.e. 7 April 2017 or 25% of daily collections of Advances from Customers for on going towers and 90% of daily collection of advance from customers of completed towers and (Tower 9,10,11). The rate of interest was 12%. The Average Rate of interest during the year was 13.85%.</p>	<p>1.Mortgage of project land admeasuring 6,82,450 Sqmts less the sold area and open space of the project 'Forest Trails' at Bhugaon,Pune.</p> <p>2.Charge on the scheduled receivables under the documents entered into with the customers of the funded project by the borrower, and all insurance proceeds, both present and future.</p> <p>3.Personal guarantees of Mr. Shashank Paranjape and Mr. Shrikant Paranjape.</p> <p>4.And /or any other security of higher or equivalent value acceptable to HDFC.</p>	2,233.26	2,074.71





PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020
Note 21A

(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)			
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2020 As at 31 March 2019
Piramal Capital and Housing Finance Limited (Formerly known as Piramal Finance Ltd)	The Loan shall be repaid within a period of 60 (sixty) months from the first Disbursement Date (the "Term") i.e 07 September 2017. Provided that for the period commencing from the First Disbursement Date till end of 6 (Six) months therefrom ("Moratorium Period"), there shall be no principal repayment of Loan except from the Receivables in the form of Mandatory Prepayment without payment of any pre-payment Interest. The current rate of interest was 13.75%	1. First and exclusive mortgage charge over land bearing Survey Nos. 119 (Part) to 125 + 154(Part) to 160+160 Hissa No. 2 to Survey No. 171+ 173 referred as Plot No. 1 totally admeasuring 3,30,723.12 sq mtrs out of 4,46,300 sq mtrs , situated at village Hinjewadi, Taluka Mulshi, District Pune and excluding the existing Tower B1 to B4, B6, B7, B8 convenience shopping, Slim Fit B1 to B8 shopping, T1 to T 14, T20 to T23 and shops situated at Tower 7 & 8 and also excluding MSEB Area alongwith land underneath. 2. Personal Guarantee Of Mr. Shrikant Paranjape and Mr. Shashank Paranjape 3. Corporate guarantee of PGNPL	1,999.08 2,042.98
Total: Term loans from Financial Institutions / Others			8,545.54 7,992.19
Less: Current Maturity of Term Loans from Financial Institutions / Others (Refer Note 28)			6,245.41 6,705.96
Add : Impact of Effective Interest Rate accounting / IND AS			39.26 4.51
Long term loans from Financial Institutions / others			2,339.39 1,290.74



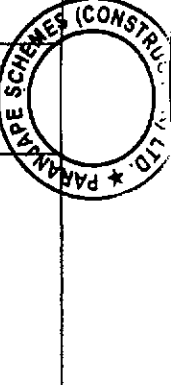


iii) Debentures

Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Superior Investment PTE Ltd. HDFC Investment Trust II (NCD Issue of Rs. 1750 Mn.)	As per terms of DTD dated 20 November 2014 debentures can be redeemed as follows :- 31 October 2017 - 28.57% - 500 Mn. 31 October 2018 - 31.43% - 550 Mn. 31 October 2019 - 40.00% - 700 Mn. As per the terms of the Fourth Supplemental DTD dated 14 November 2019 the repayment schedule was - 31 October 2020 - 20% - 350 Mn. 31 January 2021 - 30% - 525 Mn. 30 April 2021 - 50% - 875 Mn. As per the fifth supplemental DTD dated 22 October 2020 the entire NCD redemption will be due on or before 30 April 2021.	Tranche I - Development Rights of Land admeasuring 6.30 Acres situated at Mouje Varve Khurd, Taluka Bhor, District Pune detailed as follows -Property No. - 1A Sr No Gat No Area 1 96/1 02H 00R 2 96/2 00H 46R 3 97/1 00H 05R 4 97/2 00H 03R Tranche II - a. All that piece and parcel of land situated at Mouje Varve Khurd, Taluka Bhor, District Pune bearing nos:- Sr No Gat No Area 1. 94/1 00H 10R 2. 94/2 04H 18R b. All that piece and parcel of land situated at Mouje Varve Khurd, Taluka Bhor, District Pune bearing nos:-Sr No Gat No Area 1. 108 00H 64R 2. 109 00H 14.5 R c. Development rights of land situated at Gat no 566, Mouje Goan, Wagholi, Taluka Haveli, District Pune admeasuring 12.35 Acres. 3. Tranch III - All that piece and parcel of land situated at Mouje Varve Khurd, Taluka Bhor, District Pune bearing nos:- Sr No Gat No Area 1. 88 0H 40.5 R 2. 105 0H 26.5 R 3 125 1H 22 R 4 81 1H 18.92 R 4. Tranch IV - All that piece and parcel of land situated Hinjewadi, Taluka Mulsi bearing nos: Sr No S. No Area 1. 113/2/1 0H 54 R 2. 113/2/2 0H 54 R b. All that piece and parcel of land situated Mouje Varve Khurd, Taluka Bhor, District Pune bearing nos:- Sr No Gat No Area 1. 106 00H 24 R 2. 110 00H 98 R 3. 127 00H 21.66R 5. First and exclusive charge on the escrow account for the projects; and 6. Corporate Guaranteed of Paranjape Griha Nirman Pvt. Ltd. (Holding Company)	1,750.00	1,750.00



1,824.40	1,060.00	448.58	448.58																						
<p>1. By and under a Deed of Trust Dated at 28 October 2013 made by and between PSC as company, PPA as mortgagor 1, PSC Properties Pvt. Ltd as Mortgagor 2, Kshitij Promoters and Developers as mortgagor 3, PSC Pacific as mortgagor 4, Shrikant Paranjape as promoter 1, Shashank paranjape as Promoter 2 and PGNPL as Promoter 3 and IDBI Trusteeship Services Ltd as debenture Trustee, has created a mortgage in respect of the below property in favour of IDBI Trusteeship Services Ltd :-</p> <p>c. the ownership rights of mortgagor 4, in respect of the project - Xion mall & Multiplex and Anchor block and unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>d. the Development rights of mortgagor 3, in respect of the project "Crystal Tower", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>e. the Ownership rights and/or Development rights of the company in respect of the project Swapna Samrat, unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>f. the Ownership rights and/or Development rights of the company in respect of the project Athashree C, unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>g. the Ownership rights of the company in respect of the project Pratham, unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>h. the Ownership rights of the company in respect of the project Ojas Commercial, unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>i. the entitlement of mortgagor 2, in the project Vijaynagar - royal court commercial, unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>j. the Development rights of the company, in respect of the project "127 Upper east", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>k. the Development rights of the company, in respect of the project "Mithila", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>l. the Development rights of the company, in respect of the project "Green Cove", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>m. the Development rights of mortgagor 2, in respect of the project "Teachers Colony", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>2. Personal guarantee of Shrikant Paranjape and Shashank Paranjape</p> <p>3. Corp Guarantee of PGNPL, PSC Properties Pvt Ltd</p> <p>4. Paripassu charge on 15% shares of PSC pledged by PGNPL</p>	<p>1. first-ranking registered mortgage (including the assignment of all rights, titles and interest of the Company) of the Mortgaged Properties i.e Gloria Grand, Richmond Park, PSC House, 2 bungalows at Forest Trails, created by way of this Agreement, pari passu with the Security for PRSPL Debentures;</p> <p>2. hypothecation of Moveable Assets on a first-charge basis in terms of the relevant Deeds of Hypothecation, pari passu with the Security created for PRSPL Debentures;</p> <p>3. first-ranking pledge of the 31% of PSC shares held by PGNPL ranking pari passu with the Security created for PRSPL Debentures;</p> <p>4. first-ranking pledge of the entire shareholding of PRSPL, ranking pari passu with the Security created for PRSPL Debentures;</p> <p>5. first-ranking pledge of the entire shareholding of Brickmix, Second Charge pledge on entire shareholding of Nalanda Shelter Pvt Ltd ranking pari passu with the Security created for PRSPL Debentures; and</p> <p>6. the Personal Guarantee of Mr. Shrikant paranjape and Mr. Shashank paranjape</p>	<p>1. First Charge by way of mortgage over the 237 investor identified apartment at Tower 9, 10 and 11 situated at our project Forest Trails, Bhugoon.</p> <p>2. Corporate Guarantee of promoter - PSC</p> <p>3. Corporate Guarantee of PGNPL which shall be effective upon the merger of the project company into the Promoter</p> <p>4. Exclusive charge by way of hypothecation on the cash flows from sale of the investor identified units.</p>																							
<p>1. Scheduled repayment in 14 quarterly installments as per the below :-</p> <p>a. moratorium period up to first 6 quarters from the date of first disbursement i.e 30 October 2015</p> <p>b. 05 January 2020 - 48 Mn.</p> <p>c. 05 April 2020 - 60 Mn.</p> <p>d. 05 July 2020 & 05 October 2020 - 257.30 Mn. each</p> <p>e. 05 January 2021 - 263.10 Mn.</p> <p>f. 05 April 2021, 05 July 2021, 05 October 2021 - 328.90 Mn.</p> <p>flexible to prepay, in parts or in full via internal accruals of the project without prepayment penalty</p> <p>Current rate of interest is 15.25%</p> <p>2. Escrow repayment -</p> <p>all the project cash flows to be deposited in the designated escrow accounts and specific percentage from the same will be adjusted towards repayment of the loan, retention percentages as mentioned below:-</p> <table><tr><th>Project</th><th>Percentage</th></tr><tr><td>Greencove</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Pratham</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Athashri C</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Crystal Tower</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Swapna Samrat</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Xion</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Mithila</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>127 Upper East</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Teachers colony</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Synergy</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Class Commercial</td><td>100%</td></tr></table> <p>The Redemption Amount shall fall due and payable on 29 September 2022 or early maturity date and shall be paid to the Debenture Holders along with any other Debenture Outstandings, notwithstanding Insufficiency of the Remainder Amounts, with respect to all outstanding Debentures not redeemed or converted to CCDs / Resultant Equity Shares.</p> <p>Currently Rate of Interest - 10% p.a</p>	Project	Percentage	Greencove	100%	Pratham	100%	Athashri C	100%	Crystal Tower	100%	Swapna Samrat	100%	Xion	100%	Mithila	100%	127 Upper East	100%	Teachers colony	100%	Synergy	100%	Class Commercial	100%	<p>1. Five years, option to extend for one additional year (at discretion of the Lender).</p> <p>2. All the sales proceeds of the 237 identified investor's apartment will be appropriated proportionately in the ratio to principal & redemption premium</p> <p>3. Coupon rate - NIL</p>
Project	Percentage																								
Greencove	100%																								
Pratham	100%																								
Athashri C	100%																								
Crystal Tower	100%																								
Swapna Samrat	100%																								
Xion	100%																								
Mithila	100%																								
127 Upper East	100%																								
Teachers colony	100%																								
Synergy	100%																								
Class Commercial	100%																								
<p>Visra ITCL (INDIA) Ltd (ASK Real Estate Special Opportunities fund II & III - OCD - 1200 Mn.)</p>																									
<p>KKR India Asset Finance Pvt. Ltd (Through their trustee - IDBI trusteeship Services Ltd) (NCD - 992.50 Mn.)</p>																									

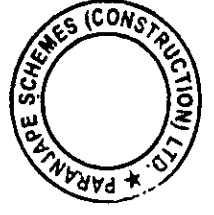


0.25% Non Convertible Redeemable Debentures	The term of the 0.25% Debentures is 24 months . The debentures are redeemable at a premium of Rs 50/- per debenture.	Note 21A - Secured Debt - Vehicle Loans Secured against mortgage charge over following units situated at project Blue ridge - T14- 2401, 2404, T 10 - 1301, 1302	30.00	Page 3 30.00
Total: Debentures				
Less: Current Maturity of Debentures (Refer Note 28)				
Add: Impact of Effective Interest Rate accounting IND AS				
Less: Embedded derivative				
Long term debentures				
			5,252.98	5,466.18
			2,564.58	3,617.39
			320.03	8.49
			16.97	143.61
			2,991.45	1,713.67

Vehicle Loans from Banks		(Rs. In Million unless otherwise stated)			
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	
HDFC Limited	The loans are repayable at equal 60 monthly installments starting from February 20. The Average Rate of Interest on all the Car loans was 10.50%.	Hypothecation of Vehicles	12.72	10.05	
HDFC Limited	Vehicle Loan from HDFC Bank Limited obtained for Erliga car is repayable in 60 equal monthly instalment of Rs. 17,222 starting from January 2017.	Hypothecation of Vehicles	0.33	0.50	
HDFC Bank Ltd	60 equal monthly installments commencing from February 2015 Rate of Interest - 10.00%	Hypothecation of Vehicles	-	0.65	
Yes Bank	60 equal monthly installments commencing from April 2018 Rate of Interest - 8.37%	Hypothecation of Vehicles	4.97	6.22	
Axis Bank	60 equal monthly installments commencing from April 2018 Rate of Interest - 8.41%	Hypothecation of Vehicles	14.17	18.18	
Total: Vehicle loans from Banks					
Less: Current Maturity of Vehicle Loans (Refer Note 28)					
Long term vehicle Loans from Banks					
			32.19	35.60	
			9.28	9.39	
			22.91	26.21	

Public Deposit		(Rs. In Million unless otherwise stated)			
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019	Unsecured (Rs. In Million)	Unsecured (Rs. In Million)
Public Deposit	The Public Deposits have a Maturity period ranging from 1 year to 3 years and have rate of interest ranging from 10.5% to 12%	42.17	64.81	42.17	64.81
Less: Current Maturity of Public Deposit (Refer Note 28)					
Long Term Public Deposit					
		42.17	-	42.17	-

Note : During the COVID lockdown period, all the Lender's had extended a moratorium of 6 months in respect of the interest as well principal repayment due during the period from March 20 to August 20. This moratorium facility was availed by PSL in respect of all the borrowings lent by HDFC Bank Limited, Piramal Capital and Housing Finance Ltd. and State bank of India on the basis of which non-current and current classification is done.





PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

NOTE 22: Trade payable - Non-Current

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
A Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises.	-	-
B Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises.	54.18	158.11
Total	54.18	158.11



**Note 23: Other Financial Liabilities - Non-Current****(Rs. in Million)**

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
(a) Security Deposits	189.52	221.53
(b) Lease Liabilities	201.95	-
Total	391.47	221.53

Note 24: Provisions - Non-Current**(Rs. in Million)**

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Provision for Employee Benefits		
- Provision for Compensated Absences	13.65	6.75
- Provision for Gratuity (Refer note 43)	83.42	61.06
Total	97.07	67.81

Note 25: Other Non Current Liabilities**(Rs. in Million)**

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Prepaid income on security deposit recognized at amortized cost	234.36	237.05
Total	234.36	237.05

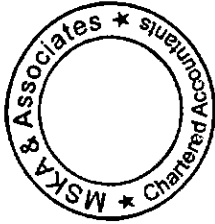




PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

Note 26: Borrowings - Current

(Rs. in Million)		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Secured Borrowings - At Amortised cost (Refer Note 26A)		
(a) Loans Repayable on Demand		79.39
- From Banks - Cash Credit		
Unsecured Borrowings - At Amortised cost (Refer Note 26A)		
(a) Loans and Advances from Related Parties (Refer Note 45)	461.36	381.17
(b) Inter Corporate Deposits	224.97	654.97
Total	686.33	1,115.53





PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

NOTE 26A

Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of Security	(Rs. in Million)	
			As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Loans Repayable on demand- Cash Credit from bank (Secured)				
Axis Bank - Cash Credit	1. Exclusive first hypothecation charge and escrow of receivables of the project Ujwal, Lake Vista II and Janardan Plaza 2. Collateral Security : Equitable mortgage of immovable properties at : a) 2 Flats : (Flat no 101 & 102) at Somnath Apartment, Vile Parle East b) Office No C-12, at Hirekar Park Shivalinagar c) Shop No 3, at Woodland, Kothrud, Pune d) Shop No 2,4,5,6,7 at Krutarth Apartments, Pune e) Flat No 6, at Chintamani Apartments Pune 3. Personal Guarantees of Shrikant Paranjape and Shashank Paranjape 4. Interest Rate : 3 months MCLR + 4.10% ; Current Rate is 14.28%		-	79.39
Total Loans Repayable on demand - Cash Credit from bank (Secured)			-	79.39

Particulars	Terms of Repayment	(Rs. in Million)	
		As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Loans and Advances from Related Parties			
Inter Corporate Deposits	The Inter Corporate Deposits taken are unsecured and repayable on demand. Rate of interest range upto 12.10%	Unsecured 461.36	Unsecured 381.17
Total Unsecured Inter Corporate Deposits	The Inter Corporate Deposits taken are unsecured and repayable on demand. Rate of interest is 12%	224.97	654.97
		686.33	1,036.14





NOTE 27: Trade Payables - Current

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
A Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises.	53.45	38.55
B Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises.	3,439.51	2,842.83
Total	3,492.96	2,881.38

NOTE 27A: Trade Payables MSME Disclosures

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
(a) Amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year:		
Principal	35.96	32.72
Interest	17.49	5.83
Total	53.45	38.55
(b) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	-	-
(c) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act.	11.56	-
(d) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	17.49	5.83





Note 28: Other Financial Liabilities - Current

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
(a) Current Maturities of Long-term Debt		
Term Loans		
- From Banks - Secured (Refer Note 21A)	40.99	29.60
- From Financial Institutions/Others - Secured (Refer Note 21A)	6,245.41	6,705.96
Vehicle Loans from Banks - Secured (Refer Note 21A)	9.28	9.39
Public Deposits - Unsecured (Refer Note 21A)	-	64.81
14% Non-convertible Debentures - Secured (Refer Note 21A)	1,750.00	1,748.17
14.5% Non-convertible Debentures - Secured (Refer Note 21A)	354.47	1,399.76
- 9,929 partly paid Non convertible redeemable debentures of Rs. 1,00,000 each - Secured (Refer Note 21A)	412.28	428.31
0.25% Non-convertible Redeemable Debentures - Secured (Refer Note 21A)	47.83	41.15
(b) Interest accrued on borrowings	1,213.61	985.79
(c) Other Payables		
(i) Advance from LLP	220.99	207.60
(ii) Security Deposits	21.21	-
(iii) Book Bank Over Draft	-	38.35
(iv) Payable to partners on dissolved partnerships	16.65	16.65
(v) Salary Payable	101.89	86.23
(vi) Lease Liabilities	8.31	-
(vii) Commission payable to Director	139.20	104.40
(viii) Others	163.48	-
(d) Liability towards minority stakeholders of FIL	1,242.30	409.97
(e) Advance received for development activities	-	170.23
Total	11,987.90	12,446.37

Note 29: Provisions - Current

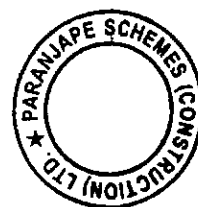
(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
(a) Provision for Compensated Absences	2.91	1.56
(b) Provision for Employee Benefits - Gratuity (Refer Note 43)	1.00	3.50
Total	3.91	5.06

Note 30: Other Current Liabilities

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
(i) Advances received from Customers	7,172.16	6,640.23
(ii) Statutory remittances	208.10	191.30
(iii) Security Deposits	11.19	17.01
Total	7,391.45	6,848.54

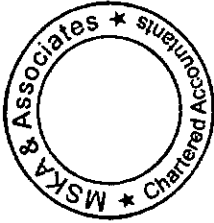




PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

Note 31: Revenue from Operations

Particulars	(Rs. in Million)	
	For the Year Ended 31 March 2020	For the Year Ended 31 March 2019
(a) Operating Revenues - Sale of Constructed Properties	1,891.03	3,555.58
(b) Other Operating Revenues		
(i) Rental income	243.07	191.84
(ii) Project Management Fees (Refer Note 45)	206.44	50.39
(iii) Township maintenance Income	95.62	76.97
Total	2,436.16	3,874.78

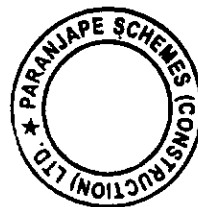




NOTE 32: OTHER INCOME

(Rs. in Million)		
Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2020	For the Year Ended 31 March 2019
(a) Interest Income		
(i) On Loans (at amortised cost) (Refer Note 45)	323.91	610.79
(ii) On Debentures (at amortised cost) (Refer Note 45)	91.28	91.22
(iii) Others	26.45	25.24
(b) Dividend on Current Investments carried at FVTPL	0.14	1.22
(c) Other non-operating Income		
(i) Share of Profit (Net) from financial assets carried at deemed cost (partnership firms and LLPs) (Refer Note 45)	89.18	-
(ii) Profit on disposal of subsidiary (Refer Note 45)	80.21	-
(iii) Liabilities no longer required written back	58.07	5.25
(iv) Allowances for Doubtful Advances written back	-	0.34
(v) Fair value gain on investments*	0.16	0.04
(vi) Foreign exchange gain	6.06	2.53
(vii) VAT Refund Received	-	46.42
(viii) Fair value gain on debentures	76.84	17.56
(ix) Sale of Land	-	12.00
(x) Miscellaneous income	31.06	62.09
	341.58	146.22
Total	783.36	874.69

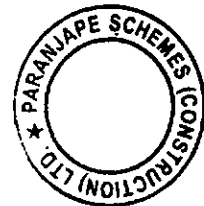
* FVTPL of investments represent fair valuation changes in mutual funds as at reporting dates, which have not been recognized separately in financial statements.





Note 33: Cost of Land, Development Rights and Constructed Properties

(Rs. in Million)		
Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2020	For the Year Ended 31 March 2019
(a) Opening Stock -		
Raw material	119.24	114.66
Work in Progress	13,016.17	10,200.18
Constructed Units	1,274.62	627.32
	A 14,410.03	10,942.16
(b) Add: Expenses incurred during the year		
Construction and Development expenses	1,057.67	2,321.72
Salaries and Wages	175.31	154.11
Interest on Borrowings and Bank Charges	1,080.71	1,157.93
Land and Land related expenses	360.77	593.86
	2,674.46	4,227.62
Add: Work in progress transferred to reserve due to IND AS 115	-	1,662.89
Less: Constructed Units transferred to Investment Property	(13.82)	-
	B 2,660.64	5,890.51
(c) Less: Closing Stock		
Raw material	248.54	119.24
Work in Progress	14,238.39	13,016.17
Constructed Units	785.91	1,274.62
	C 15,272.84	14,410.03
Total (A+B-C)	1,797.83	2,422.64



**Note 34: Employee Benefits Expenses**

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2020	For the Year Ended 31 March 2019
(a) Salaries and Wages	274.41	292.37
(b) Contribution to Provident and Other Funds (Refer Note 43)	15.65	17.59
(c) Gratuity (Refer Note 43)	14.58	13.97
(d) Staff Welfare Expenses	6.81	6.89
Total	311.45	330.82

Note 35: Finance Costs

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2020	For the Year Ended 31 March 2019
(a) Interest Expense for financial liabilities carried at amortised cost		
(i) On Term Loans, Debentures and vehicle loans	2,044.64	2,027.20
(ii) On Cash Credit Facilities	7.07	10.14
(iii) Interest on Inter Corporate Deposits and other financial liabilities (Refer Note 45)	108.45	422.10
(iv) Interest expenses on measuring Security Deposit at amortised cost	64.81	18.18
(v) Others - Interest on delayed/deferred payment of Income Tax	25.17	5.04
(vi) Finance charges payable under finance leases	31.14	-
(vii) Amortisation of premium on redemption of debentures	-	7.50
Less : Amounts capitalised to inventories	1,080.71	1,157.93
Total	1,200.57	1,332.23

Note 36: Depreciation and Amortisation Expense

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2020	For the Year Ended 31 March 2019
(a) Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipments	82.21	43.58
(b) Amortisation on Right to use Assets	21.26	-
(c) Amortisation on Intangible Assets	0.82	31.38
Total	104.29	74.96



**PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED**

Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

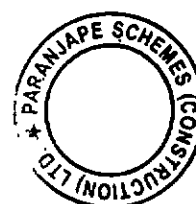
Note 37: Other Expenses

(Rs. in Million)		
Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2020	For the Year Ended 31 March 2019
(a) Power and Fuel	14.72	11.69
(b) Rent	18.73	56.70
(c) Rates and Taxes	86.23	14.03
(d) Repairs and Maintenance		
- Building	4.67	2.09
- Machinery	0.46	0.14
- Others	11.03	12.82
(e) Share of Loss from financial assets valued at deemed cost (partnership firms)	-	200.86
(f) Insurance	4.93	3.41
(g) Maintenance for Completed Sites	14.04	12.31
(h) Brokerage and Commission	24.06	14.76
(i) Advertisement and Business Promotion	277.86	311.87
(j) Travel and Conveyance	21.98	22.41
(k) Postage and Telephone	5.20	4.76
(l) Printing and Stationery	1.98	2.52
(m) Legal and Professional	216.27	35.20
(n) Payment to Statutory Auditors (Refer Note 37A below)	4.20	7.65
(o) Allowances for Doubtful Debts	150.50	3.36
(p) Bad Debts written off	0.22	1.01
(q) Allowances for Doubtful Land Advances	108.50	-
(r) Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure	-	0.12
(s) Loss on disposal of Property, plant and equipment (net)	0.69	0.52
(t) Royalty Expenses	0.10	0.10
(u) Compensation Paid	25.05	75.00
(v) Township Maintenance expenses	64.08	54.40
(w) Loss on Optionally Convertible Debentures	234.84	143.61
(x) Miscellaneous Expenses	54.61	46.72
Total	1,344.95	1,038.05

Note 37A: The following is the break-up of Auditors remuneration (net of taxes)

(Rs. in Million)		
Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2020	For the Year Ended 31 March 2019
As auditor:		
Statutory audit	3.50	3.90
Other services		
- Limited Review	0.70	3.75
Total	4.20	7.65

Note - Previous year figures represent payment to predecessor auditors.

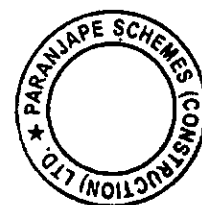


**PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED**

Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

Rs. in Million

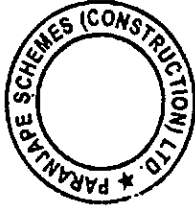
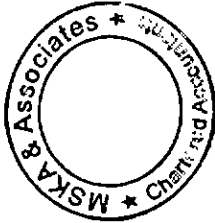
	Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
38 (a)	Contingent Liabilities Contingent Liabilities : (to the extent not provided for)		
	i. Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts*	121.85	29.07
	ii. Corporate guarantees given on behalf of companies under the same management **	6,850	5,300
	iii. Interest on Non Convertible Debentures ***	567.09	451.59
(b)	Capital and other commitments Capital Commitments	-	-
	other commitments Commitments in respect of non cancellable leases	563.75	600.55
	<p>*In the opinion of the management the above claims are not sustainable and the Company does not expect any outflow of economic resources in respect of above claims and therefore no provision is made in respect thereof.</p> <p>** The Company does not expect any outflow of resources in respect of the Guarantees issued. PSCL had issued corporate guarantee of Rs 2500 Mn to Piramal Capital and Housing Finance Ltd on behalf of Flagship Infrastructure Limited and Rs 992.90 Mn to HDFC Bank Limited on behalf on Matrix Developers Ltd which are merged with PSCL now. (Refer note no. 40)</p> <p>*** The Company has issued 1,750 Listed Non-Convertible Debentures amounting to Rs 1,750 Million. As per the Debenture Subscription Agreement, HDFC Investment Trust II and Superior Investments PTE Limited are entitled to receive IRR up to 20.60% p.a. on the Debenture Subscription amount only if the said "projects" generate surplus funds. The difference between the coupon rate i.e. 14% p.a. and the IRR 20.60 % p.a. of Rs. 567.09 Mn upto March 31, 2020 (Previous year- 451.59 Mn) has not been provided and is disclosed in contingent liability as the projects are still in the construction phase and accordingly has not generated surplus funds.</p>		





PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

39	Particulars	As at 31 March 2020			As at 31 March 2019	
		Foreign Currency	Amount in Foreign currency (in Million)	Amount in Rs. Million	Amount in Foreign currency (in Million)	Amount in Rs. Million
	Non-Current Investments in Debentures	USD	0.75	56.03	0.75	51.25
	Loan given to PSC Global Inc	USD	0.50	37.40	-	-
	Interest on loan given to PSC Global Inc	USD	0.01	0.49	-	-





40 Merger of Flagship Infrastructure Limited ('FIL'), Matrix Developers Limited ('Matrix') and Menthol Developers Private Limited ('Menthol') with the Company

The Mumbai bench of National Company Law Tribunal ('NCLT') approved the following schemes of merger as below:

- Merger of Matrix with the Company (appointed date of April 1, 2017) vide approval dated June 24, 2019; and
- Merger of FIL and Menthol with the Company (appointed date of April 1, 2017) vide approval dated January 31, 2020.

Approved scheme of Merger between Matrix and the Company

In March 2018, the Board of Directors had approved the draft scheme of Amalgamation between Matrix (as transferor company) and the Company (as transferee company). Since Matrix was a wholly owned subsidiary, the merger has been given effect by absorption of assets and liabilities of Matrix and the equity shares of Matrix stand cancelled and extinguished as prescribed under Section 230 to 232 of the Act.

Approved scheme of Merger between FIL, Menthol and the Company

In March 2018, the Board of Directors had approved the draft scheme of Amalgamation between FIL and Menthol (as transferor companies) and the Company (as transferee company). Considering both the transferor companies are subsidiaries of the Company as at the appointed date, the common control has been established.

Further, since Menthol was a wholly owned subsidiary, the merger scheme has been given effect by absorption of assets and liabilities of Menthol and the equity shares of Menthol stand cancelled and extinguished as prescribed under Section 230 to 232 of the Act.

In case of FIL, below was the merger process as per the scheme:

Considering the fact that the shareholding of FIL also included other shareholders (the 'Other Shareholders'), the Board of Directors of both the companies had agreed to an exchange ratio of 4,230 equity shares of a face value of INR 10 each of the Company to be issued to the Other shareholders of FIL for every 100 equity shares (with INR 10 as the face value) held in FIL. This exchange ratio has been agreed based on valuation. Accordingly, the 969,216 equity shares held by the Other shareholders of FIL would be eligible for 40,997,837 equity shares in the Company. As a result of above scheme, a total of 40,997,837 equity shares were pending to be allotted as on March 31, 2019.

Brief snapshot of the merger (including assets taken over, consideration payable and capital reserve):

	(Rs. in Million)		
	FIL	Matrix	Menthol
Total external assets as at March 31, 2019 (A)	9,812.18	4,930.16	1.19
Total external liabilities (non-current) (B)	1,939.22	2,514.10	-
Total external liabilities (current) (C)	3,915.90	1,488.45	0.11
Net assets acquired (D=A-B-C)	3,957.06	927.61	1.08
Reserves (preserved as is) (E)	3,933.76	274.62	0.98
Net equity and borrowing (F=D-E)	23.30	652.99	0.10
Consideration payable for Other shareholding (G)	409.97	N.A.	N.A.
Value of investment in the books of the Company (H)	1,421.56	1,676.95	0.56
Net gain / (loss) out of the merger (I=F-G-H)	(1,808.23)	(1,023.96)	(0.46)
Aggregate of loss on merger (treated as capital reserve)			(2,832.65)

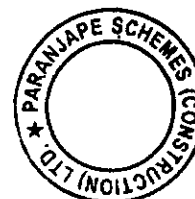
In case of FIL, below was the merger process as per the scheme:

During the year ended March 31, 2020, while the scheme was pending with the NCLT, the Company acquired the shareholding of the Other shareholders (holding 969,216 equity shares) of FIL at an agreed acquisition price. Accordingly, the condition for issuance of shares to the Other shareholders was no longer valid. The Company, based on an opinion from an independent legal counsel, believes that such act of acquisition of shareholding during the pre-approval stage of the merger scheme is not in contravention with section 230 to 232 of the Act. Accordingly, there is no further issuance of equity share capital to such Other shareholders of FIL during the year. The Company has filed the requisite forms (INC-28 along with the order with the NCLT) with the Registrar of Companies ('ROC'). The Company has responded to the queries raised till date by the ROC, however, the approval is still awaited as on the date of adoption of standalone financial statements.

Accordingly, the balance of capital reserves as at March 31, 2020 was adjusted as below:

	(Rs. in Million)	
Capital reserves as per computation above as at March 31, 2019		(2,832.65)
Adjust:		
Relinquishment of liability pertaining to issue of equity shares of the Company to the Other shareholders of FIL	409.97	
Liability arising out of agreed acquisition of shareholding of the Other shareholders of FIL	(1,400.00)	(990.03)
Adjusted Capital reserves as at March 31, 2020		(3,822.68)

The liability arising out of agreed acquisition of shareholding of the Other shareholders of FIL has been shown separately in the standalone financial statements to the extent outstanding as at March, 31, 2020.





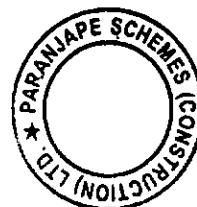
41 The Government of India declared a nationwide lockdown due to pandemic of Covid 19. As a consequence, the Company closed down all its business operations and functions which resulted in all the work relating to accounts department closed down totally. All this happened during the peak times of finalization of accounts of the Company. After the lockdown was lifted up partially, the Company too started functioning, albeit with around 10% attendance. This seriously affected the work of finalization of accounts and audit thereof. Considering the loss of time and other practical difficulties, the Company applied for and obtained extension of time to hold its Annual General Meeting on or before Dec 31, 2020. However, due to difficulties in finalizing the accounts of its US based subsidiaries, the Company could not finalize its consolidated accounts on or before Dec 31, 2020 thereby it did not hold its AGM for FY 2019-20 on or before Dec 31, 2020.

42 As per Terms of Reference of Audit Committee, the audit committee is obligated to oversee the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible. Additionally, the audit committee is also required to review, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to inter alia: (a) matters required to be included in the director's responsibility statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of Section 134(3) of the Act; (b) compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements as per Companies Act, 2013.

The Companies Act, 2013 provides that the Audit Committee shall consist of a minimum of three directors [with independent directors forming a majority].

However, due to resignations of a couple of Independent Directors there are insufficient number of Independent Director on the Company's Board. The Company is taking all efforts to form Audit Committee as per the Companies Act, 2013.

In the absence of Audit Committee, the Board of Directors has ultimate power and responsibility to declare that the financial statement, including consolidated financial statement, if any, are correct, sufficient and credible in accordance with accounting standards and Companies Act, 2013





43 Employee benefits

(A) Defined Contribution Plans

(Rs. in Million)

During the year, the Company has recognized the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss (Refer note 31) -	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Employers' Contribution to Provident Fund	14.16	14.72
Employee State Insurance Contribution (ESIC)	1.04	1.92
Labour Welfare fund	0.38	0.88
Employee Deposit Linked Insurance Scheme (EDLI)	0.07	0.07
	15.65	17.59

The above amounts represent contributions payable to these plans by the company at rates specified in the rules of the plans.

(B) Defined benefit plans

a) Gratuity payable to employees

The defined benefit plan comprises of Gratuity. The defined benefit plan is fully funded.

Under the plan, gratuity is payable to all the eligible employees at the rate of 15 days salary for each year of service, without any payment ceiling. The formula to calculate daily salary is $1/26 \times \text{Monthly salary} \times \text{number of years of completed service}$.

These plans typically expose the company to actuarial risks such as future salary and escalation Risk, Asset Liability Matching Risk, Discount Risk and Asset risk.

Future Salary and Escalation risk: Since price inflation and salary growth are linked economically, they are combined for disclosure purposes. Rising salaries will often result in higher future defined benefit payments resulting in a higher present value of liabilities especially unexpected salary increases provided at management's discretion may lead to uncertainties in estimating this increasing risk.

Asset Liability Matching Risk: Risk which arises if there is a mismatch in the duration of the assets relative to the liabilities. By matching duration with the defined benefit liabilities, the company is successfully able to neutralize valuation swings caused by interest rate movements. Hence companies are encouraged to adopt asset-liability management.

Discount Risk: Variations in the discount rate used to compute the present value of the liabilities may seem small, but in practise can have a significant impact on the defined benefit liabilities.

Asset Risk: All plan assets are maintained in a trust fund managed partly by a public sector insurer viz; LIC of India and partly managed by private sector insurer viz; SBI Life Insurance Company Limited.

The company has opted for a traditional fund where in all assets are invested primarily in risk averse markets. The company has no control over the management of funds but this option provides a high level of safety for the total corpus. A single account is maintained for both the investment and claim settlement and hence 100% liquidity is ensured. Also interest rate and inflation risk are taken care of.

In respect of the plan, the most recent actuarial valuation of the plan assets and the present value of defined benefit obligation were carried out as at March 31, 2020 by Ranadey Professional Services, Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries of India. The present value of the defined benefit obligation, and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit method.

i) Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligation

(Rs. in Million)

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Present value of obligation at the beginning of the year	91.45	84.38
Transfer In / (Out)*	0.08	0.44
Interest cost	6.68	6.19
Past service cost**	0.56	-
Current service cost	8.32	8.16
Curtailments	-	-
Settlements	-	-
Benefits paid	-11.63	-7.12
Actuarial (gain)/ loss on obligations	5.91	-0.60
Present value of obligation at the end of the year***	101.37	91.45

*1 employee has transferred from Athashri Homes Private Limited

**As informed by the Company, cap on gratuity has been changed from 2 Mn to no cap for Flagship Infrastructures Limited.

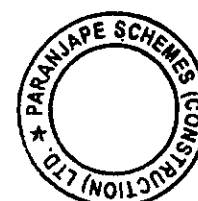
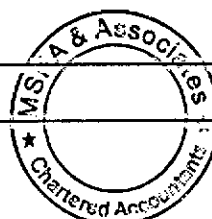
***Included in provision for employee benefits (Refer note 24)

ii) Expense recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss

(Rs. in Million)

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Current service cost	8.32	8.16
Past service cost	0.56	-
Net interest (Income)/ Expense	5.10	4.77
Mortality charges	0.52	0.60
Transfer In / (Out)	0.08	0.44
Total expenses recognized in the Statement Profit and Loss*	14.58	13.97

*Included in Employee benefits expense (Refer Note 31).





iii) Expenses recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (Rs. in Million)		
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Return on Plan Assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense)	-0.07	-0.05
Actuarial Gains / (Losses) arising from changes in Financial Assumptions	-	-
Actuarial Gains / (Losses) arising from experience adjustments	-5.91	0.60
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in of Other Comprehensive Income*	-5.98	0.55
*Actuarial (gain)/loss of is included in other comprehensive income.		
Total Amount recognised in Profit & Loss	8.60	14.52

The Current Service cost and the net interest expense for the year ended are included in the 'Employee Benefits expense' line item in the statement of profit and loss.

The remeasurement of the net defined liability is included in other comprehensive income.

iv) Change in fair value of assets during the year (Rs. in Million)		
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Plan Assets at beginning of the period, at Fair Value*	26.89	31.71
Interest Income	1.58	2.12
Expected Return on Plan Assets(excluding amounts included in net interest expense)	-0.06	-0.05
Assets Transferred In/Acquisitions	-	-
Benefits Paid	-11.63	-7.12
Mortality Charges and Taxes	-0.51	-0.46
Contributions from the employer	0.70	0.68
Plan assets at the end of the year	16.95	26.89

*In the financial year ended 31 March 2016, all the employees of Gloria Associates transferred to Pranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited (hereinafter referred to as 'PSCL', but the amount of funded assets for these employees has not been transferred to PSCL till date and not considered in the Actuarial Report. However PSCL has recognized the amount of the funded assets in its books of accounts as on 31 March 2016 amounting to Rs. 1.16 Mn.

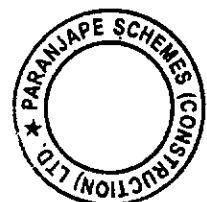
v) Assets and liabilities recognized in the Balance Sheet: (Rs. in Million)		
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Present value of unfunded obligation as at the end of the year	-101.37	-91.45
Fair value of the plan assets at the end of period	16.95	26.89
Surplus / (Deficit)	-84.42	-64.56
Net asset / (liability) recognised in balance sheet*	-84.42	-64.56

*Included In provision for employee benefits (Refer note 22 and 26)

vi) Actuarial assumptions (Rs. in Million)		
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Discount rate (per annum)	6.90%	PSCL & MDL- 7.8% FIL- 7.2%
Rate of increase in Salary	6.00%	6.00%
Expected Rate of return on plan assets	7.80%	PSCL & MDL- 7.8% FIL- 7.7%
Retirement age (in years)	60.00	60.00
Average attained age (in years)	40.63	40.00
Average past year of services (in years)	8.93	8.31
Average remaining working lives of employees (years)	15.01	13.41
Attrition rate	2.00%	PSCL & MDL- 2% FIL- 14%

Notes:

- The rate used to discount post-employment benefit obligations is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds.
- The estimates of future salary increases considered in the actuarial valuation take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.





(Rs. in Million)

vii)	Expected contribution to the fund in the next year	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
		1.00	3.50

viii) A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption as at 31 March 2020 is as shown below:

Sensitivity analysis method

Sensitivity analysis is performed by varying a single parameter while keeping all the other parameters unchanged. Sensitivity analysis fails to focus on the interrelationship between underlying parameters. Hence, the results may vary if two or more variables are changed simultaneously. The method used does not indicate anything about the likelihood of change in any parameter and the extent of the change if any.

A) Impact of change in Discount rate when base assumption is decreased / increased by 100 basis point

(Rs. in Million)	
Discount rate	Present Value of Obligation
5.90%	111.86
7.90%	92.42

B) Impact of change in Salary Increase rate when base assumption is decreased / increased by 100 basis point

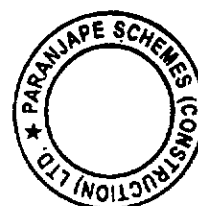
(Rs. in Million)	
Discount rate	Present Value of Obligation
5.00%	93.03
7.00%	110.92

C) Impact of change in Withdrawal rate when base assumption is decreased / increased by 100 basis point

(Rs. in Million)	
Discount rate	Present Value of Obligation
1.00%	100.63
3.00%	102.04

ix) Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation

(Rs. in Million)	
Year-end	31 March 2020
2021	19.21
2022	4.28
2023	3.45
2024	3.52
2025	4.94
2026-2030	68.26





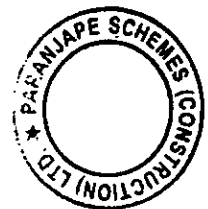
PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

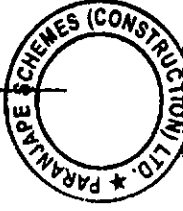
44 Segment Reporting

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker (CODM) for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the types of goods or services delivered or provided. The Company is engaged in development of real estate property, operating in India, which in the context of Indian Accounting Standard 108 'Segment Information' represents single reportable business segment. The revenues, total expenses and net profit as per the Statement of profit and loss represents the revenue, total expenses and the net profit of the sole reportable segment. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

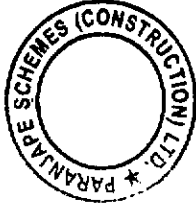
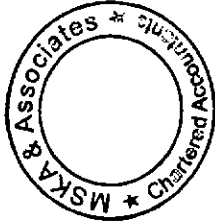
For management purposes, the Company is into one reportable segment that is real estate development. The Managing Director and the Chairman are the Chief operating decision makers of the Company who monitors the operating results of the company for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Company's performance as a single segment is evaluated and measured consistently with profit or loss in the standalone financial statements. Also, the Company's financing (including finance cost and finance income) and income tax are managed on a Company basis.



45	Related Party Transaction	
	Details of related parties:	
	Names of Related Parties	Description of relationship
	Paranjape Griha Nirman Private Limited	Holding Company
	Athashri Homes Private Limited Lavim Developers Private Limited Linker Shelter Private Limited Blue Ridge Golf Club Pvt Ltd Paranjape Premises Private Limited PSC Properties Private Limited Peer Realty Private Limited PSC Holdings Limited Pristine Homes LLC PSC Realtors Private Limited PSC Global Inc	Subsidiary Companies
	Kaleidoscope Developers Private Limited	Joint Ventures (Refer Note 46 for Companies Interest in Jointly Controlled entities)
	Athashri Aastha Gloria Associates Kshitij Promoters & Developers La Casa Shelter LLP Paranjape Schemes Bangalore Paranjape Schemes Shelters PSC Pacific PSC Properties	Partnership Firms and LLPs in which PSCL is a Partner
	Krishna Shelter Private Limited Niketan Shelter Private Limited Prism Services Property Solutions Private Limited Advent Project & Consultancy Services Private Limited PSC Infracore Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries
	Kranti Developers Private Limited Brickmix Developers Pvt. Ltd. Aquisys Properties Man-Mandir Shelter Private Limited Eximia Developers LLP Athashri Foundation Kreative Shelter Private Limited Nova Developers Private Limited	Entities over which the Company's key management personnel or their relatives may have significant influence (with whom the Company has transactions)



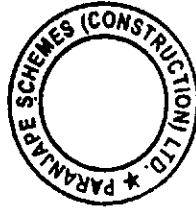
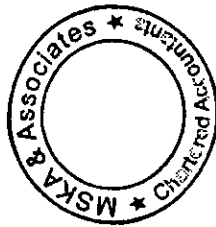
45	Related Party Transaction	
	Details of related parties: Luke Builders Private Limited Krishnagar Shelter Private Limited Krishna Murari Shelter Private Limited Lutorex Developers Private Limited Magnet Shelters Private Limited Nalanda Shelter Private Limited Neon Shelter Private Limited Nexus Shelter Private Limited Paranjape Estate & Development Company Private Limited Paranjape Properties and Investment Private Limited Megavision Exports Private Limited Leonardo Shelter Private Limited Blue Ridge Educational Institute PSC Holding USA Inc Shree Bal Land Developers Private Limited Shopping Glory Private Limited Sanis Estate Private Limited ARYS Construction Private Limited Paranjape Realty Spaces Private Limited Spice of Life Hotels Private Limited	
	Key Management Personnel	
	Mr. Shrikant Paranjape - Chairman Mr. Shashank Paranjape - Managing Director	
	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	
	Smt. Pushpa Purushottam Paranjape Mrs. Varsha Shrikant Paranjape Mrs. Meenal Shashank Paranjape Mr. Rahul Shrikant Paranjape Mr. Amit Shashank Paranjape Mr. Sahil Shrikant Paranjape Mr. Yash Shashank Paranjape Ms. Nandini R. Paranjape Ms. Rama A Paranjape Ms. Sanjana S Paranjape	



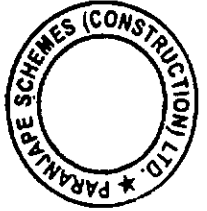
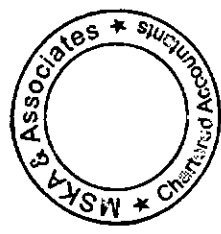


PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

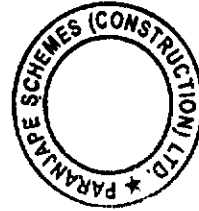
45	Related Party Transaction	
	Details of related parties:	
	Futsal United	Partnership Firm where relative of Director of PSCL is a Partner
	Hempadma Construction	Partnership Firm where Director of PSCL is a Partner
	Preferred Builders and Promoters Realty Limited Chitpavan Foundation	Private Company where Director of PSCL is a Director
	Zlife Systems Private Limited Reifein Investments Services Pvt. Ltd. Plutus Fund Advisors Private Limited	Private Company where relative of a Director of PSCL is a Director
	Gloria Associates Employees Group Gratuity Cum Life Assurance Scheme Matrix Developers Pvt. Ltd. Employees Group Gratuity Cum Life assurance Schemes. FIPL Employees Gratuity Fund. Paranjape Schemes Yuthika Employees Group Gratuity Cum Life Assurance Scheme Linker Shelters Pvt. Ltd. Employees Group Gratuity & Life Assurance Scheme Paranjape Schemes Construction Limited Employees Group Gratuity& Life Assurance Scheme	Entities being a post-employment benefit plan of reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity



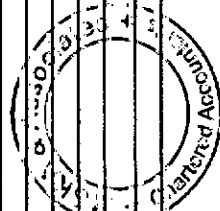
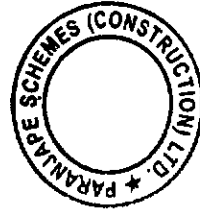
Nature		Name of the Company / Individual	Nature of transactions	For the year ended March 31, 2020	(Rs. in Million) For the year ended March 31, 2019
45 : Related Party Transaction (continued)					
01 Transactions during the year:					
Holding Company		Paramjape Griha Nirman Private Limited	Royalty Income	0.01	0.01
			Royalty Expense	0.10	0.10
			Rent Paid	0.90	0.90
			Interest on loan Given	-	0.93
Subsidiary Company	Athashri Homes Private Limited		Interest on loan Taken	4.45	3.93
			Loan Given	-	1.00
			Loan Repaid	-	1.00
			Management Consultancy charges received	0.45	1.78
			Loan Repayment received	-	28.93
			Loan Taken	-	42.53
			Sale & Other Services	0.12	-
			Royalty Income	0.06	0.06
			Inter Corporate Deposit Repaid	-	-
			Inter Corporate Deposit Taken	-	-
			Loan Given	84.46	5.54
			Corporate Gaurantee Given During the year	-	2,000.00
			Loan Repayment received	-	0.35
			Royalty Income	0.04	0.04
			Interest on Loan Given	17.85	23.70
Linker Shelter Private Limited			Management Consultancy charges received	2.80	-
			Interest on Inter Corporate Deposit Taken	-	-
			Interest on Loan Given	182.42	318.24
			Management Consultancy charges received	2.31	4.92
			Purchases & Other Services	1.14	0.70
			Loan Given	-	1,078.08
			Loan repaid	761.62	-
			Sale of material	-	0.06
			Royalty Income	0.06	0.06
			Development Management Fees	-	-
			Reimbursement Of Expenses Incurred by the Company on behalf of others	-	0.04
			Royalty Income	0.04	0.04
			Interest on Debentures	68.74	68.74
			Interest on Loan given	114.35	223.15
			Loan Taken	-	1,410.95
PSC Properties Private Limited			Inter Corporate Deposit given	38.27	-
			Reimbursement Of Expenses Incurred by the Company on behalf of others	-	-
			Rent Paid	10.82	10.82
			Release of Guarantees & Collaterals provided	-	-
			Interest on Debentures	22.49	22.49
			Royalty Income	0.04	0.04
			Sales & Other Services	0.03	-
			Interest on Loan given	1.84	19.52
			Income from Management Consultancy fees	14.30	3.04
Lavim Developers Private Limited					



		(Rs. in Million)	
Nature	Name of the Company / Individual	Nature of transactions	For the year ended March 31, 2020
45 : Related Party Transaction (continued)			
01 Transactions during the year:			
Fellow Subsidiary (Year ended in which transactions have taken place)		Loan Given	15.47
		Interest on Loan taken	3.12
		Development Management Fees	-
		Loan Taken	107.21
		Loan Repayment received	28.81
		Sale of material	-
		Security deposit received	0.04
		Loan repaid	0.35
			20.00
			-
			0.80
			-
			-
		Royalty Income	-
	PSC Realtors Private Limited	Management Consultancy charges paid	0.04
		Loan given	-
	PSC Global Inc	Interest on loan given	37.40
		Rent Paid	0.49
		Rent Received	12.73
	Krishna Shelter Private Limited	Expenses payable	0.66
Joint Ventures	Prism Services Property Solutions Private Limited	Purchase and other services	7.10
		Purchase and other services	23.00
	Advent Project & Consultancy Services	Rent Received	0.90
			-
			-
			-
		Commission on Corporate Guarantee given	-
	PSC Infracon Private Limited	Interest on loan given	4.41
		Purchases & Other Services	4.05
		Release of Guarantees & Collaterals provided	-
Partnership Firms and LLPs		Corporate Guarantees Given during the year	2,800.00
	Kaledioscope Developers Private Limited	Land Advance given	21.25
			2.68
			-
			-
			-
		Interest On Loan Given	1.50
	Synergy Development Corporation Private Limited	Land Purchase	-
		Loan Given	-
		Loan Repaid by Synergy	-
Partnership Firms and LLPs		Amount paid to Partnership Firms	23.80
	Paramjape Schemes Bangalore	Amount received from Partnership Firms	294.56
		Share of Profit/(Loss) from Partnership Firms	241.20
		Management Consultancy charges received	135.00
		Amount paid to Partnership Firms	3.86
		Reimbursement of Expenses paid by other on behalf of company	16.61
	Paramjape Schemes Shelters	Amount received from Partnership Firms	1.39
		Share of Profit/(Loss) from Partnership Firms	2.64
			0.02
			12.66
			0.00
			0.02



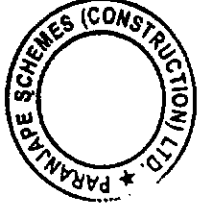
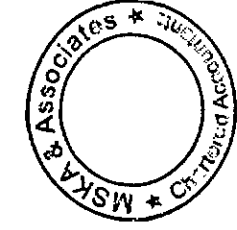
Nature		Name of the Company / Individual	Nature of transactions	For the year ended March 31, 2020	(Rs. in Million) For the year ended March 31, 2019
45 : Related Party Transaction (continued)					
01 Transactions during the year:					
Association of Persons	PSC Properties		Amount paid to Partnership Firms	-	30.00
			Loan Given	-	148.91
			Loan Repayment received	-	282.58
			Share of Profit/(Loss) from Partnership Firms	0.02	0.01
			Amount paid to Partnership Firms	61.15	317.54
			Royalty Income	0.04	0.04
			Amount received from Partnership Firms	155.35	594.98
			Management Consultancy charges received	10.98	14.27
			Share of Profit/(Loss) from Partnership Firms	75.69	87.08
			Sales and other services	-	0.52
	Kshitij Promoters & Developers		Purchases & Other Services	-	-
			Amount paid to Partnership Firms	0.05	0.13
			Amount received from Partnership Firms	-	0.35
			Reimbursement of Expenses	0.05	-
			Share of Profit/(Loss) from Partnership Firms	0.12	0.14
			Amount paid to Partnership Firms	124.60	35.37
			Amount received from Partnership Firms	66.55	40.36
			Share of Profit/(Loss) from Partnership Firms	24.42	2.76
			Royalty Income	0.06	0.06
			Corporate Guarantees Given	-	-
Key management Personnel	Gloria Associates		Expenses Incurred on behalf	-	1.81
			Sales and other services	0.02	0.07
			Purchases & Other Services	0.16	0.46
			Amount received from Partnership Firms	-	1.50
			Share of Profit/(Loss) from Partnership Firms	1.90	2.40
			Purchases & Other Services	-	0.04
			Royalty Income	0.04	0.04
			Management Consultancy charges received	16.99	16.07
			Amount paid to LLP	208.61	77.58
			Amount received from LLP	217.27	217.27
	Paranjape Schemes Aakashdeep		Share of Profit/(Loss) from LLP	-	8.95
			Share of Profit/(Loss) from AOP	-	0.72
			Amount received from AOP	-	-
			Share of Profit/(Loss) from AOP	0.20	14.25
			Capital Introduced in AOP	9.20	35.37
			Capital withdrawn from AOP	2.90	40.36
			Capital Introduced in Associate	NA	-
			Share of Profit/(Loss) from AOP	NA	0.25
			Loan Repaid	-	6.09
			Loan Taken	81.15	27.00
Mr. Shrikant P. Paranjape		Interest On Loan Taken	23.04	1.15	
		Managerial Remuneration	24.00	24.00	



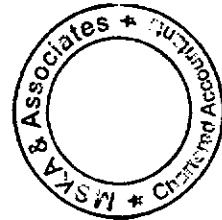
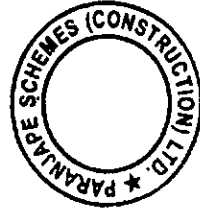
Nature		Name of the Company / Individual	Nature of transactions	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
(Rs. In Million)					
45 : Related Party Transaction (continued)					
01 Transactions during the year:					
Entities over which key management personnel or their relatives exercise significant influence (Year ended in which transactions have taken place)		Mr. Shashank P. Paranjape	Reimbursement Of Expenses incurred by the Company on behalf of others	-	-
			Dividend Paid	-	-
			Purchase of Shares of Flagship Infrastructure Ltd.	29.17	-
			Travel expenses	0.49	-
			Loan Repaid	0.04	7.68
			Loan Taken	61.13	28.00
			Purchase of Shares of Flagship Infrastructure Ltd.	29.17	-
			Purchase of Shares of Menthol	-	0.05
			Interest on Loan Taken	18.63	0.90
			Managerial Remuneration	24.00	24.00
			Travel Advance Given	-	0.14
			Travel expenses	1.24	-
			Reimbursement Of Expenses incurred by the Company on behalf of others	0.25	-
			Sale & Other Services	-	-
			Dividend Paid	-	-
			Remuneration	2.38	2.38
			Purchase of Land	-	-
			Loan Repaid	5.89	0.12
			Interest On Inter Corporate Deposit Taken	0.54	1.07
			Purchases & Other Services	0.93	2.88
			Interest on Inter Corporate Deposit given	4.20	6.78
			Reimbursement of Expenses	0.04	-
			Advance Given towards purchase of Land	-	-
			Purchase of Shares of Menthol	-	-
			Interest on Inter Corporate Deposit given	0.01	0.01
			Rent Received	1.73	-
			Interest on Inter Corporate Deposit given	1.59	1.46
			Advances received against contract	-	38.55
			Inter Corporate Deposit Taken	-	-
			Inter Corporate Deposit Repaid	63.43	0.20
			Management Consultancy charges received	150.00	168.18
			Investment in Optionally convertible debentures	864.40	-
			Advance Given towards purchase of Land	26.62	-
			Interest received on loan given	-	3.19
			Repayment received of loan given	-	19.61
			Loan given during the year	-	1.70
			Interest on Inter Corporate Deposit taken	2.04	1.70
			Inter Corporate Deposit Repaid	-	21.35
			Inter Corporate Deposit Taken	640.60	-
			Inter Corporate Deposit Given	-	30.21
			Receipt of Inter Corporate Deposit given	-	-
			Interest On Inter Corporate Deposit Taken	6.03	-



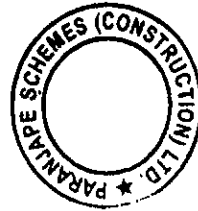
Nature		Name of the Company / Individual	Nature of transactions	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
(Rs. in Million)					
45 : Related Party Transaction (continued)					
01 Transactions during the year:					
Relatives of Key Management Personnel			Interest on Inter Corporate Deposits Given	-	7.03
			Purchase of Land	-	-
			Release of Guarantees & Collaterals provided	-	-
			Commission on Corporate Guarantee given	-	-
			Land Advance given	-	-
			Deposit received	-	20.60
			Deposit repaid	5.83	4.09
			Reimbursement Of Expenses Incurred by the Company on behalf of others	-	-
			Foreign Travel Expenses	2.03	0.15
			Remuneration	2.99	1.22
			Reimbursement of Expenses Incurred by Company on behalf of others	-	0.30
			Purchase of Shares of Flagship Infrastructure Ltd.	29.17	-
			Foreign Travel Advance Given	-	0.58
			Remuneration	2.99	1.22
			Purchase of Shares of Flagship Infrastructure Ltd.	29.17	-
			Remuneration	2.99	0.70
			Purchase of Land	-	65.59
			Purchase of Shares of Flagship Infrastructure Ltd.	29.17	-
			Purchase of Shares of Flagship Infrastructure Ltd.	29.17	-
			Reimbursement of Expenses Incurred by Others on behalf of company	0.00	-
			Purchase of Land	-	65.59
			Remuneration	2.99	0.67



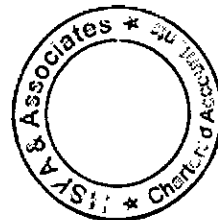
Nature		Name of the Company / Individual	Nature of transactions	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Rs. In Millions					
45 : Related Party Transaction (continued)					
02 Outstanding Balances					
Subsidiary Company		Paranjape Griha Nirman Private Limited	Rent Payable	0.32	1.39
			Royalty Payable	0.10	0.21
		Athashri Homes Private Limited	Loan Given	-	-
			Royalty Receivable	0.17	0.11
			Management Consultancy Receivable	3.92	3.44
			Corporate Guarantee Given	-	-
			Inter Corporate Deposit Taken	42.53	42.53
			Interest Payable on Inter Corporate Deposit Taken	7.24	3.54
			Trade Receivables	0.07	0.08
			Investment in Capital	0.10	0.10
			Expenses recoverable	0.30	-
			Interest Receivable on Loan Given	0.28	0.84
		PSC Holdings Limited	Investment in Capital	1.03	1.03
			Investment in Share Application Money	0.03	0.03
			Investment in Debentures	56.03	51.25
		Linker Shelter Private Limited	Receivable for Management Consultancy	1.87	2.68
			Investment in Capital	197.85	197.85
			Trade Payables	1.03	0.98
			Trade Receivables	0.07	0.07
			Loan Given	1,669.43	2,511.05
			Interest Receivable on Loan Given	253.51	630.32
			Royalty Receivable	0.12	0.06
			Receivable on account of barter flat sale	12.54	-
			Reimbursement of Expenses incurred by the Company on behalf of others	2.27	2.28
			Investment in Capital	0.60	0.60
		PSC Properties Private Limited	Interest Receivable on loan Given	302.00	200.83
			Interest Receivable on Debentures	123.73	61.87
			Investment in Debenture	429.62	429.20
			Inter Corporate Deposit Taken	-	-
			Royalty Income	0.08	0.04
			Reimbursement of Expenses incurred by Others on behalf of the Company	-	1.30
			Loan Given	1,283.38	1,245.11
			Management Consultancy Charges Receivable	-	-
			Reimbursement of Expenses towards Rent expense payable	19.93	9.74
		Lavim Developers Private Limited	Investment in Capital	593.21	593.21
			Investment in Debenture	149.90	149.90
			Royalty Receivable	0.11	0.07
			Interest Receivable on Debentures	40.47	20.24
			Loan Given	-	130.00
			Interest Receivable on loan Given	45.34	46.27



Nature		Name of the Company / Individual	Nature of transactions	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
45 - Related Party Transaction (continued)					
02 Outstanding Balances					
Fellow Subsidiary (Year ended in which transactions have taken place)			Management Consultancy Charges Receivable	18.73	3.28
			Interest Payable on Inter Corporate Deposit taken	-	2.81
			Inter Corporate Deposit Taken	5.23	106.41
			Receivable on account of barter flat sale	-	-
			Security Deposit received	20.00	-
			Reimbursement of expenses receivable	0.79	0.79
			Receivable on account of barter flat sale	14.42	-
			Trade Receivables	0.04	0.17
			Trade Payables	0.19	0.26
			Investment in Capital	0.07	0.07
			Loan Given	234.70	150.24
			Royalty Receivable	0.11	0.07
			Reimbursement of Expenses incurred by the Company on behalf of others	-	-
			Interest Receivable On loan given	26.40	38.64
			Management Consultancy Charges Receivable	3.02	-
			Corporate Gaurantee Given	440.81	262.84
			Receivable on account of transfer of WIP	338.90	338.90
			Investment in Capital	997.45	997.45
			Royalty Receivable	0.04	0.07
			Reimbursement of Expenses incurred by the Company on behalf of others	-	2.94
			Management Consultancy Charges Payable	0.30	0.30
			Management Consultancy Charges Receivable	-	-
			Investment in Capital	8.60	8.60
			Receivable on account of barter flat sale	9.98	-
			Reimbursement of Expenses incurred by the Company on behalf of others	1.27	0.28
			Reimbursement of Expenses Incurred by others on behalf of the company	-	0.50
			Investment in Capital	0.50	0.50
			Investment in Capital	396.60	396.60
			Loan given	37.40	-
			Interest Receivable on Loan Given	0.49	-
			Rent Deposits Given	4.95	4.95
			Rent Payable	9.06	11.35
			Trade Payable	20.79	19.89
			Rent Receivable	2.42	1.71
			Trade Payable	47.06	9.24
			Rent Receivable and other Misc Services	1.19	22.89
			Interest Receivable on loan Given	2.44	-
			Advance Given to Creditors	13.78	18.39
			Loan taken	31.50	-



Nature		Name of the Company / Individual	Nature of transactions	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
45 : Related Party Transaction (continued)					
02 Outstanding Balances					
Joint Ventures			Interest Payable on Loan Taken	4.96	-
			Trade Receivables	25.00	63.21
		Kaledioscope Developers Pvt Ltd	Trade Payable	51.00	33.31
			Investment in Capital	0.10	0.10
Association of Persons			Corporate Guarantee Given	2,220.00	2,000.00
			Land Advance given	524.66	521.98
		Synergy Corporatopn Private Limited	Investment in Capital	NA	0.10
			Loan Given	NA	18.06
Partnership Firms and LLPs		Paranjape Schemes Aakashdeep	Investment in Capital	8.61	8.63
		Paranjape Schemes Yuthika	Investment in Capital	(209.25)	(215.39)
			Receivable on account of barter flat sale	-	-
			Creditors	-	-
		Paranjape Schemes and Associates	Investment in Capital	-	9.95
		Kshitij Promoters & Developers	Investment in Capital	0.04	0.04
			Current Account in Partnership Firm - Receivable/ (Payable)	(13.69)	88.43
			Royalty Income	0.11	0.07
			Trade Payable	-	-
			Trade Receivables	-	0.67
			Receivable on account of barter flat sale	0.15	-
			Payable on account of barter sale	9.51	-
			Management Consultancy Charges Receivable	15.25	15.41
		Paranjape Schemes Bangalore	Investment in Capital	262.56	374.47
Partnership Firms and LLPs			Expenses Recoverable by PSCL	4.07	4.07
			Management Consultancy Charges Receivable	4.40	2.89
		Paranjape Schemes Shelters	Investment in Capital	0.50	0.50
			Payable on account of expenses recoverable	0.00	-
			Current Account in Partnership Firm - Receivable/ (Payable)	9.72	9.74
		PSC Properties	Investment in Capital	0.10	0.10
			Current Account in Partnership Firm - Receivable/ (Payable)	117.05	117.04
		Gloria Associates	Investment in Capital	175.08	175.03
			Current Account in Partnership Firm - Receivable/ (Payable)	(178.20)	(178.40)
			Receivable on account of barter flat sale	-	-
Partnership Firms and LLPs		PSC Pacific	Investment in Capital	599.50	516.70
			Royalty Income	0.17	0.11
			Trade Receivables	0.16	0.17
			Trade Payable	0.69	0.91
			Reimbursement of Expenses Incurred by the Company on behalf of others	0.83	0.40
			Receivable on account of barter flat sale	0.12	-
			Corporate Guarantees Given	379.00	438.09
		Athashri Aastha	Investment in Capital	0.01	0.01
				-	-
				-	-

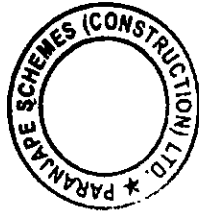


Rs. In Millions

Nature		Name of the Company / Individual	Nature of transactions	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
45 : Related Party Transaction (continued)					
02 Outstanding Balances					
Key management Personnel	La Casa Shelters LLP		Current Account in Partnership Firm - Receivable/ (Payable)	4.57	0.14
			Investment in Capital	0.01	0.01
			Current Account in Partnership Firm - Receivable/ (Payable)	(204.18)	(204.27)
			Royalty Income	0.11	0.07
			Trade Advance given	0.05	-
			Receivable on account of barter flat sale	1.51	-
			Expenses recoverable	0.03	-
			Management Consultancy Charges Receivable	26.40	17.35
			Loan Taken	206.73	125.58
			Interest Payable on Loan Taken	20.95	1.03
	Mr. Shrikant P. Paranjape		Purchase of Shares of Menthol	-	-
			Travel Advance given	-	0.48
			Payable towards travel expenses	0.01	-
			Credit card balance	0.03	-
			Land Advance given	17.50	17.50
			Remuneration payable	71.47	54.04
			Travel Advance Given	-	-
			Payable towards travel expenses	0.00	-
			Payable towards Land	30.28	30.28
			Loan Taken	161.51	100.43
Entities over which key management personnel or their relatives exercise significant influence (Year ended in which transactions have taken place)	Mr. Subodh Apte		Remuneration payable	71.47	54.04
			Interest Payable on Loan Taken	16.77	0.81
			Land Advance given	72.28	72.28
			Amount payable	0.41	-
			Remuneration payable	0.70	0.08
			Expenses receivable	0.01	-
			Car Deposit received	0.44	-
			loan Taken	2.99	8.88
			Interest Payable on loan Taken	0.48	0.97
			Payable towards Land	-	-
	Paranjape Estate & Development Company Private Limited		Receivable towards Dissolution of Partnership	-	-
			Reimbursement of Expenses incurred by the Company on behalf of others	0.02	-
			Land Advance given	5.00	5.00
			Expenses Recoverable by PSCL	-	-
			Deposit taken	0.50	0.50
			Inter Corporate Deposit given	46.65	46.65
			Interest Receivable on loan Given	19.88	16.10
			Trade Receivables	0.63	-
			Trade Payable	0.15	0.31
			Advance received against contract	38.55	38.55



Nature		Name of the Company / Individual	Nature of transactions	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
45 : Related Party Transaction (continued)					
02 Outstanding Balances					
Rs. In Millions		Kreative Shelter Private Limited	Advance Given for land	16.70	16.70
		Magnet Shelters Private Limited	Purchase of Shares of Menthol	-	-
		Paranjape Properties and Investment Private Limited	loan Given	0.01	0.01
			Interest Receivable on loan Given	0.01	0.01
			loan Taken	-	-
			loan Given	-	242.41
			Interest Payable on loan Taken	-	-
		Krishna Murari Shelter Private Limited	Interest Receivable on loan Given	431.01	289.74
			Land Advance given	-	-
			Corporate Guarantees Given	-	-
			Interest Payable on loan Taken	1.39	1.39
			Interest Receivable on loan Given	0.01	0.01
		Plutus Fund Advisors Private Ltd	Advance Given for Land	9.82	9.82
			loan Given	0.01	0.01
			Reimbursement of Expenses incurred by Company on behalf of others	-	-
		Lutomex Developers Private Limited	Interest Receivable on loan Given	0.07	0.06
			loan Given	0.08	0.08
		Kranti developers Private Limited	Advance Given for Land	119.26	119.26
			Interest Receivable on loan given	0.02	-
			Expenses recoverable	0.00	-
		Luke Builder Private Limited	loan Given	0.02	-
			Payable towards Purchase of Shares-Menthol Developers Private Limited	-	-
			Inter Corporate deposit given	0.05	0.05
			Interest receivable on ICD given	10.05	10.05
		Shopping Glory Pvt Ltd	Trade Receivables	5.31	3.88
			Reimbursement of Expenses incurred by Company on behalf of others	-	-
			Deposit received	0.07	-
		Futsal United	Advance Given for Land	10.68	16.51
		Neon Shelter Private Limited	loan Given	20.00	20.00
		Nexus Shelter Private Limited	Interest Receivable on loan Given	0.01	0.01
			Expenses Recoverable payable	0.01	0.01
			Trade Payables	0.06	-
		Blue Ridge Educational Institute	Trade Receivables	2.37	-
			Deposit taken	1.97	25.61
			Trade Receivables	146.04	-
		Nalanda Shelter Private Limited	Investment in Optionally Conv. Debentures	18.00	0.01
			Interest receivable on Optionally Conv. Debentures	864.40	-
			Deposit taken against Corporate Guarantee	0.05	-
			Interest receivable	165.00	-
			loan Taken	0.01	2.87
				-	63.43



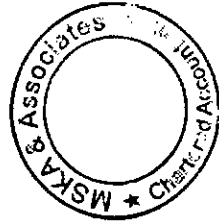
Rs. In Millions				
Nature	Name of the Company / Individual	Nature of transactions	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
45 : Related Party Transaction (continued)				
02 Outstanding Balances				
Relatives of Key Management Personnel (Year ended in which transactions have taken place)		loan Given		14.67
		Land Advance given		120.70
		Interest Payable on loan Taken	-	19.22
	Mrs.Varsha Shrikant Paranjape	Payable towards purchase of Land	82.71	88.73
		Land Advance given	9.95	9.95
	Mrs.Meenal Shashank Paranjape	Payable towards purchase of Land	56.29	62.31
	Mr.Amit Shashank Paranjape	Foreign Travel Advance Given	-	1.65
		Payable towards travel expenses	0.02	-
		Payable towards purchase of Shares of Flagship Infrastructure Ltd.	29.17	-
		Reimbursement of Expenses	0.00	-
		Remuneration payable	1.26	0.18
	Mr.Rahul Shrikant Paranjape	Remuneration payable	0.98	0.18
		Advance given	0.01	-
	Mr.Sahil Shrikant Paranjape	Remuneration payable	0.98	0.13
		Receivables on account of Land purchase	65.59	-
		Payable towards land purchase		65.59
		Payable towards purchase of Shares of Flagship Infrastructure Ltd.	29.17	-
	Mr. Yash Shashank Paranjape	Payable towards purchase of Shares of Flagship Infrastructure Ltd.	29.17	-
		Receivables on account of Land purchase	74.76	65.59
	Reimbursement of expenses receivable	0.09	-	
	Remuneration payable	0.69	0.11	
Mr. Suresh Khatawkar	Remuneration payable		1.19	
Mrs. Gitanjali Khatawkar	Advances received for sale of flats/ bungalows		4.43	

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and interest free except for borrowings and settlement occurs. There have been guarantees provided or received for related parties receivables or payables. For the year ended 31 March 2020, the Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties (31 March 2019: Nil). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

Terms and conditions of transactions with key management personnel

During the year 19-20, the Company has made fresh investment in Nalanda Shelter Private Limited at a issue price, in which relative & directors of the company is a controlling members. Director & relative of director collectively hold 50.16% of Shareholding in equity shares of Nalanda Shelter Private Limited.



**PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED**

Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

46 Leases where company is a lessee**(A)(i) Changes in the carrying value of Right-of-use Assets (Rs. in Million)**

Particulars	Category of ROU Asset - Building
Balance as at 31 March 2019	-
Additions	215.92
Depreciation	-21.26
Balance as at 31 March 2020	194.66

(ii) Break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities

Particulars	31 March 2020 (Rs. in Million)
Current Lease Liabilities	8.31
Non-current Lease Liabilities	201.95

(iii) Maturity analysis of lease liabilities

Particulars	31 March 2020 (Rs. in Million)
Less than one year	8.31
One to five years	22.31
More than five years	179.65
Total	210.26

As per Para B11 of Ind AS 107 Financial Instruments: Disclosure, In preparing the maturity analyse an entity uses its judgement to determine an appropriate number of time bands.

(iv) Amounts recognised in statement of Profit and Loss account

Particulars	31 March 2020 (Rs. in Million)
Interest on Lease Liabilities	31.14
Total	31.14

(v) Amounts recognised in statement of Cash Flows

Particulars	31 March 2020 (Rs. in Million)
Total Cash outflow for leases	

(B) Where Company is a lessor:

	31 March 2020 (Rs. in Million)	31 March 2019 (Rs. in Million)
(i) Lease Income (for Operating Leases)	243.07	191.84



**PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED**

Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

46 Leases where company is a lessee**(A)(i) Changes in the carrying value of Right-of-use Assets** **(Rs. in Million)**

Particulars	Category of ROU Asset - Building
Balance as at 31 March 2019	-
Additions	215.92
Depreciation	-21.26
Balance as at 31 March 2020	194.66

(ii) Break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities

Particulars	31 March 2020
Current Lease Liabilities	8.31
Non-current Lease Liabilities	201.95

(iii) Maturity analysis of lease liabilities

Particulars	31 March 2020
Less than one year	8.31
One to five years	22.31
More than five years	179.65
Total	210.26

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(iv) Amounts recognised in statement of Profit and Loss account

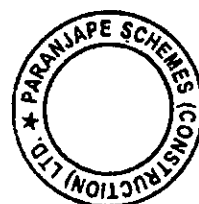
Particulars	31 March 2020
Interest on Lease Liabilities	31.14
Total	31.14

(v) Amounts recognised in statement of Cash Flows

Particulars	31 March 2020
Total Cash outflow for leases	

(B) Where Company is a lessor: **(Rs. in Million)**

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
(i) Lease Income (for Operating Leases)	243.07	191.84





47 Earnings/ Loss per share

Basic earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/loss for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

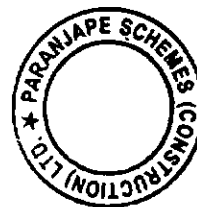
Diluted earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/loss attributable to equity holders (after adjusting for interest on the convertible debentures) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

(Rs. in Million)			
		31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Loss attributable to equity holders	A	(1,392.02)	(359.88)
Add: Interest on convertible debentures		-	-
Loss attributable to equity holders adjusted for the effect of dilution	B	(1,392.02)	(359.88)
Weighted average number of equity shares for basic EPS	C	94.74	94.74
Effect of dilution:			
Convertible debentures		6.67	-
Weighted average number of equity shares adjusted for the effect of dilution	D	101.41	94.74
Basic loss per share (INR)	A/C	(14.69)	(3.80)
Diluted loss per share (INR)	B/D	(14.69)	(3.80)

The Company has Convertible debentures as potential equity shares

Since conversion of above mentioned potential equity shares (Convertible debentures) would decrease loss per share from continuing ordinary activities, these are anti-dilutive in nature and thus the effects of anti-dilutive potential equity shares are ignored in calculating diluted earning per share.



48 Particulars of loans given / guarantees given, as required by clause (4) of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013

Loans - Non-Current		Nature	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	Period	Rate of interest as at 31-March-2020	Rate of interest as at 31-March-2019	Purpose for which utilised by recipient	(Rs. in Million)
Krishnagar Shelter Private Limited	Loan	0.02	0.02	0.02	Repayable on Demand	15.77%	15.92%	General Corporate Loan	
Krishnamurthi Shelter Private Limited	Loan	0.01	0.01	0.01	Repayable on Demand	15.77%	15.92%	General Corporate Loan	
Linker Shelters Private Limited	Loan	1,669.43	1,502.08	1,502.08	Repayable on Demand	9.00%	15.92%	General Corporate Loan	
Lavim Developers Private Limited	Loan	-	130.00	130.00					
Lutomex Developers Private Limited	Loan	0.08	0.08	0.08	Repayable on Demand	15.77%	15.92%	General Corporate Loan	
Magnet Shelter Private Limited	Loan	0.01	0.01	0.01	Repayable on Demand	15.77%	15.92%	General Corporate Loan	
Nexus Shelter Private Limited	Loan	0.01	0.01	0.01	Repayable on Demand	15.77%	15.92%	General Corporate Loan	
Peer Realty Private Limited	Loan	234.70	150.24	150.24	Repayable on Demand	9.00%	15.92%	General Corporate Loan	
PSC Properties Private Limited	Loan	1,283.38	1,245.11	1,245.11	Repayable on Demand	9.00%	15.92%	General Corporate Loan	
PSC Global INC	Loan	37.40	-	-	Repayable on Demand	3% + LIBOR		General Corporate Loan	
Spice of Life	Loan	46.65	46.65	46.65	Repayable on Demand	15.77%	15.92%	General Corporate Loan	
Pooja Devcon Private Ltd.	Loan	57.20	57.20	57.20	Repayable on Demand	15.77%	15.92%	General Corporate Loan	
Luke Builders Private Ltd	Loan	10.05	10.05	10.05	Repayable on Demand	15.77%	15.92%	General Corporate Loan	
Nalanda Shelter Pvt Ltd	Loan	-	14.67	14.67					
Synergy Development Corporation Private Limited	Loan	NA	NA	18.06	Repayable on Demand	NA	9.00%	General Corporate Loan	
		3,338.94	3,174.18						(Rs. in Million)
Loans - Current									
Lavim Developers Private Limited +Paranjape Properties and Investment Pvt Ltd (Merger)	Loan	-	23.59	23.59	Repayable on Demand	NA	15.92%	General Corporate Loan	
Linker Shelters Private Limited	Loan		1,008.97	1,008.97	Repayable on Demand	NA	15.92%	General Corporate Loan	
Paranjape Properties and Investment Pvt Ltd	Loan	-	112.97	112.97	Repayable on Demand	NA	15.92%	General Corporate Loan	
				1,145.53					(Rs. in Million)
Corporate Guarantee Given									
PSC Pacific	Corporate Guarantee	500.00	500.00	500.00	October 2016 to June 2024	11.60%	11.60%	General Corporate Loan	
Kaleidoscope Developers Pvt Ltd	Corporate Guarantee	2,800.00	2,800.00	2,800.00	July 2018 to June 2024	7.00%	7.00%	General Corporate Loan	
Peer Realty Pvt Ltd	Corporate Guarantee	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	July 2018 to December 2022	Tranche I - 8% Tranche II - 12%	Tranche I - 8% Tranche II - 12%		
Paranjape Realty Spaces Pvt Ltd	Corporate Guarantee	1,550.00	-	-	Apr 19 - Sept 2022	10.00%			
		6,850.00	5,300.00						

Note - For particulars of investments made, as required by clause (4) of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, Refer Note 7 & 13.



Financial Instrument:

49.1. Capital Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value and to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company has not distributed any dividend to its shareholders. The Company monitors gearing ratio i.e. total debt in proportion to its overall financing structure, i.e. equity and debt. Total debt comprises of borrowing which has been detailed in notes 21, 26, 28 offset by cash and bank balances. The Company's finance committee reviews the capital structure of the Company on an ongoing basis. As part of this review, the committee considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

Particulars	(Rs. in Million)	
	As At 31 March 2020	As At 31 March 2019
Equity Share Capital	947.33	947.33
Other Equity	(1,246.40)	1,139.56
Total Equity Capital (i)	(299.07)	2,086.89
Borrowings	15,182.26	14,984.89
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents (including bank overdraft and mutual fund investments)	(236.88)	(475.58)
Less: Other bank balances	(80.34)	(207.39)
Net Debt (ii)	14,865.04	14,301.92
Overall financing (iii) = (i) + (ii)	14,565.97	16,388.82
Gearing ratio (ii) / (iii)	1.02	0.87

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019

49.2 Financial Instruments by category

A) Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

B) Measurement of fair value

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

Fair value of investments, cash & cash equivalents, other balances with banks, loans, Trade receivables and other financial assets, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from related parties/others approximate their carrying amounts largely due to maturities of these instruments, short term maturities of other instruments.

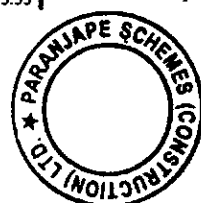
C) Fair value hierarchy

The following is the hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Particulars	Carrying amount as at		Fair value amount as at	
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	31 March 2019	March 31, 2018
Fair value measurement hierarchy of assets				
Financial assets measured at fair value through Statement of Profit & Loss				
Level 1 (Quoted price in active markets)				
Current Assets				
Investments in mutual funds FVTPL	928.28	2.95	928.28	2.95
There have been no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the period				
Financial assets measured at amortised cost				
Non - Current Assets				
(i) Investments	3,695.99	3,720.46	3,695.99	3,720.46
(ii) Loans	3,338.94	3,174.18	3,338.94	3,174.18
(iii) Others Financial Assets	728.80	726.90	728.80	726.90
Current Assets				
(i) Investments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
(ii) Trade Receivables	309.97	374.19	309.97	374.19
(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	236.88	475.58	236.88	475.58
(iv) Other Balances with Banks	80.34	207.39	80.34	207.39
(v) Loans	-	1,145.53	-	1,145.53



(vi) Other Financial Assets	1,194.06	1,454.46	1,194.06	1,454.46
Fair value measurement hierarchy for liabilities:				
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost				
Non - Current Liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	5,635.67	3,442.22	5,635.67	3,442.22
(ii) Trade Payables	54.18	158.11	54.18	158.11
(ii) Other financial liabilities	391.47	221.53	391.47	221.53
Current Liabilities				
(i) Short Term Borrowings	686.33	1,115.53	686.33	1,115.53
(ii) Trade Payables	3,492.96	2,881.38	3,492.96	2,881.38
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	11,987.90	12,446.37	11,987.90	12,446.37



Financial Instrument:

49.3 Financial Risk Management Framework:

The Company's Corporate Treasury function provides services to the business, co-ordinates access to domestic markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company through internal risk reports/ discussions which analyse exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. The Corporate treasury function reports periodically to the Finance Committee, an independent body that monitors risks and policies implemented to mitigate risk exposures. These risks market risk including interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company does not enter into or trade financial instruments including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

i) Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk of financial loss arising from counterparty failure to repay or service debt according to the contractual terms or obligations. The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. Credit risk encompasses of both, the direct risk of default and the risk of deterioration of creditworthiness as well as concentration of risks. The Company uses publicly available information, its own trading records and information supplied by the customers.

Financial instruments that are subject to concentrations of credit risk principally consist of trade receivables. For credit risk concentration of trade receivables Refer Note 14 to the financial statements.

In addition, the Company is exposed to credit risk in relation to financial guarantees given to banks provided by the Company. The Company's maximum exposure in this respect is the maximum amount the Company could have to pay if the guarantee is called on (See note 38). As at March 31, 2020, an amount of Rs. Nil Mn (as at March 31, 2019: Rs. Nil Mn) has been recognised as financial liabilities. These financial guarantees have been issued to banks for the loans granted to the subsidiaries/ joint ventures of the Company.

ii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from adverse changes in market rates and prices (such as interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates) or in the price of market risk-sensitive instruments as a result of such adverse changes in market rates and prices. Market risk is attributable to all market risk-sensitive financial instruments, all foreign currency receivables and payables and all short-term and long-term debt. The Company is exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk and interest rate risk.

A)(a) Foreign currency risk

The Company is subject to risk of changes in foreign currency values that impact cost of investments and loan given primarily with respect to USD. The Company's business model incorporates assumptions on currency risks and ensures any exposure is covered through the normal business operations. For Company unhedged exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period, refer note 39.

b) Sensitivity - Sensitivity analysis is not performed as the company unhedged foreign currency exposure is not significant

B)(a) Interest rate risk Management:

The company is exposed to interest rate risk because the company borrows funds at both fixed and floating interest rates. The risk is managed by the Company by maintaining an appropriate mix between fixed and floating rate borrowings. The Company's exposures to interest rates on financial assets and financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note.

b) Interest rate risk exposure

The exposure of the Company's borrowing to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting

(Rs. In Million)

Particulars	As At 31 March 2020	As At 31 March 2019
Variable rate borrowings	8,849	8,294
Fixed Rate borrowings	6,334	6,691
Total Borrowings	15,182	14,985

c) Cash Sensitivity Analysis for variable rate Instruments

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming that the amount of the liability as at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 100 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents Management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant.

(Rs. In Million)

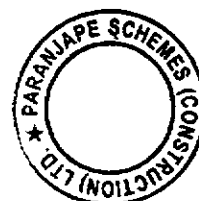
Particulars	Impact on profit/(loss) - Increase/(decrease)	
	In profit	
	As At 31 March 2020	As At 31 March 2019
Interest rates – increase by 100 basis points *	(88.49)	(82.94)
Interest rates – decrease by 100 basis points *	88.49	82.94

* Holding all other variables constant

iii) Liquidity risk management:

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, which has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Company's short term, medium term and long term funding and management requirements. The objective of liquidity risk management is to maintain sufficient liquidity and ensure that funds are available for use as per requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

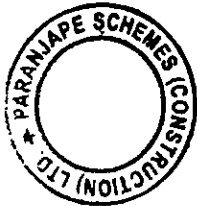
The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial Liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the company can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curves at the end of the reporting period. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the company may be required to pay.



The table below summarises the maturity profile, of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments

(Rs. in Million)				
Particulars	Carrying value	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years
As At 31 March 2020				
Borrowings	15,182.26	1,213.61	8,860.27	5,108.38
Trade and other payables	3,547.14	-	3,547.14	-
Other financial liabilities	3,519.11	-	3,127.63	391.47
Total	22,248.51	1,213.61	15,535.04	5,499.86
As At 31 March 2019				
Borrowings	14,984.89	988.60	10,427.14	3,569.15
Trade and other payables	3,039.49	-	3,039.49	-
Other financial liabilities	2,240.76	-	2,019.23	221.53
Total	20,265.14	988.60	15,485.86	3,790.68

The amounts included above for financial guarantee contracts are the maximum amounts the Company could be forced to settle under the arrangement for the full guaranteed amount if that amount is claimed by the Counterparty to the Guarantee. Based on expectations at the end of the reporting period, the Company considers that it is more likely than not that such an amount will not be payable under the arrangement. However, this estimate is subject to change depending on the probability of counterparty claiming under the guarantee which is a function of the likelihood that the financial receivables held by the counterparty which are guaranteed suffer credit losses.



**PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED**

Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

Financial Instrument:

49.4] Fair Value measurements

This note provides information about how the Company determines fair values (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used) of various financial assets and financial liabilities measured on a recurring basis:

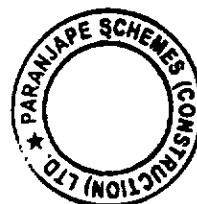
Particulars	As At 31 March 2020	(Rs. in Million)		
		Fair value measurement As at end of the reporting period using		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets				
In Equity Instruments of Structured Entities	1.62	-	-	1.62
Investments in mutual fund	3.06	-	3.06	-
Nalanda Shelters Private Limited	925.22	-	925.22	-

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as at 31st March, 2019:

Particulars	As At 31 March 2019	(Rs. in Million)		
		Fair value measurement at end of the reporting period using		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets				
In Equity Instruments of Structured Entities	1.66	-	-	1.66
Investments in mutual fund	2.95	-	2.95	-

Note 1: Investment in structured entities comprise of investments made in equity shares of some lenders in accordance with the debt covenants. As per past trends and Management estimates, the said investments are recovered at cost. Hence for valuation purposes cost approximates the fair value.

Note 2: At the end of the reporting period, there are no significant concentrations of credit risk for financial assets designated at FVTPL. The carrying amount reflected above represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk for such Financial Assets.





49.5 Fair Value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosures are required):

The carrying amounts of the following financial assets and financial liabilities are reasonable approximation of their fair values. Accordingly the fair values of such financial assets and financial liabilities have not been disclosed separately.

a. Financial assets

- (i) Investments
- (ii) Loans
- (iii) Trade Receivables
- (iv) Cash and Cash Equivalents
- (v) Other bank balances
- (vi) Loans
- (vii) Others Financial Assets

b. Financial liabilities

- (i) Trade payables
- (ii) Payables
- (iii) Borrowings
- (iv) Other financial liabilities

Fair value hierarchy

All financial instruments for which fair value is recognised or disclosed are categorised within the fair value hierarchy described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) price is active market for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Valuation technique for which the lowest level input that has a significant effect on the fair value measurement are observed, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Valuation technique for which the lowest level input has a significant effect on the fair value measurement is not based on observable market data.

Discount rates used in determining fair value

The interest rate used to discount estimated future cash flows, where applicable, are based on the incremental borrowing rate of the borrower which in case of financial liabilities is the weighted average cost of borrowing of the Company and in case of financial assets is the average market rate of similar credit rated instrument.

The Company maintain policies and procedure to value financial assets or financial liabilities using the best and most relevant data available. In addition, the Company internally reviews valuation, including independent price validation for certain instruments.

Fair value of financial assets and liabilities is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.



50 ASK Optionally Convertible Debentures

During March 2019, the Company issued 10,600 - 0.01% Optionally Converted Debentures of Rs. 1,00,000 each to another party which are convertible to equity shares as per the terms of the agreement of issue of the debentures or redeemable at a specified XIRR. The Company had not accounted for the debentures in accordance with the requirements of IND AS 109 for the year ended March 31, 2019 since the management of the company believes that this adjustment was not necessary for the tenure of the debentures for only two days in the financial year 2018-19. The Company has now accounted for the debentures, after proper evaluation, in accordance with the requirements of IND AS 109 and has restated the financial results for the year ended March 31, 2019, which effect has been stated below. The impact of the same has been stated below :

As at March 31, 2019

Particulars	Amount as originally recognised (Rs. In Million)	Amount required to be recognised (Rs. In Million)	Difference (Rs. In Million)
Value of the Host Contract	788.52	931.60	(143.08)
Value of the Embedded derivative	271.48	143.61	127.87
Total	1,060.00	1,075.21	(15.21)

51 World Health Organisation ("WHO") declared outbreak of Corona Virus disease ("COVID-19") a global pandemic on March 11, 2020. Consequent to this, the Government of India, declared lockdown on March 23, 2020 and the Company suspended operations in its ongoing project in compliance with the lockdown instructions issued by the Central and State Governments. COVID-19 has impacted the normal business operations of the Company by way of interruption in project execution, supply chain disruption and unavailability of personnel.

The management has made an assessment of the impact of COVID-19 on the Company's operations, financial performance and position as at and for the year ended March 31, 2020 and has concluded that no there is no impact which is required to be recognised in the financial results. However, the situation is changing rapidly giving rise to inherent uncertainty around the extent and timing of potential future impact of the COVID 19 pandemic, which may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial results.

The Management will continue to closely observe the evolving scenario and take into account any future developments arising out of the same.

52 Figures pertaining to previous period balance sheet have been regrouped / reclassified and are presented after giving effect to the scheme of merger considering such merger is under common control.

As per our report of even date

For MSKA & Associates

Chartered Accountants

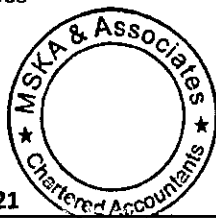
ICAI Firm Registration No. :- 105047W

Anup Mundhra

Anup Mundhra

Partner

Membership No. 061083



Place: Pune

Date: January 27, 2021

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S. P. Paranjape

Shrikant P. Paranjape

Chairman

DIN - 00131917

Sudhir B. Kadam

Sudhir B. Kadam

Company Secretary

M.No.ACS15656

Place: Pune

Date: January 27, 2021

Shashank P. Paranjape

Shashank P. Paranjape

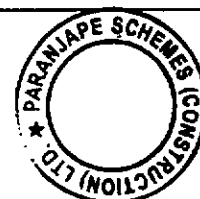
Managing Director

DIN - 00131956

Kamalesh Dutta

Kamalesh Dutta

Chief Financial Officer



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited (hereinafter referred to as the 'Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as 'the Group') and jointly controlled entities, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as 'the Consolidated Financial Statements').

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of subsidiaries, joint ventures and joint operations, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of their consolidated state of affairs of the Group, its jointly controlled entities as at March 31, 2020, of consolidated loss, consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group, its associates and jointly controlled entities in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements in India in terms of the Code of Ethics issued by Institute of Chartered Accountant of India ('ICAI'), and the relevant provisions of the Act and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the following matters in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements:

- a) Note 52 to the Consolidated Financial Statements which states that the Holding Company's management has made an assessment of the impact of COVID-19 on the Group's operations, financial performance and position as at and for the year ended March 31, 2020 and has concluded that there is no impact which is required to be recognised in the Consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, no adjustments have been made to the Consolidated financial statements.
- b) As detailed in Note 41 of the Consolidated Financial Statements which states that the Holding Company had entered into a merger scheme to amalgamate certain subsidiaries with the Holding Company. However, one of the requisite conditions of the merger scheme i.e., issuance of shares of the Company to the minority shareholders of M/s Flagship Infrastructure Limited ('FIL') in lieu of the shares held in FIL was not met on account of the shares being acquired by the Holding Company from such minority shareholders of FIL. The Holding Company, based on a legal opinion obtained from an independent legal counsel, believes that such transaction does not lead to any contravention of the scheme of merger post approval even if one of the conditions is not met. We have placed reliance on such legal opinion.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

Key Audit Matters

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements Section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements. The results of audit procedures performed by us and by other auditors of components not audited by us, as reported by them in their audit reports furnished to us by the management, including those procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements.



Sr. No	Key Audit Matter	How the Key Audit Matter was addressed in our audit
1	<p>Revenue recognition:</p> <p>Refer to Note 2.2.1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements with respect to the accounting policy followed by the Group for recognizing revenue on sale of residential and commercial properties.</p> <p>The Group recognises the revenue from the sale of commercial and residential real estate as and when the control of the underlying asset has been transferred to customer which is linked to the application and receipt of the occupancy certificate.</p> <p>We considered revenue recognition as a key audit matter in view of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A significant audit risk was identified with respect to recognition of revenue on transfer of control and the underlying performance obligations. • The revenue and cost thereon forms a substantial part of the consolidated statement of profit and loss and therefore are also one of the key performance indicators of the Group. 	<p>Our audit procedures in respect of this area included the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluated that the Group's revenue recognition accounting policies are in line with Ind AS 115 'Revenue from contracts with customers' and their application to the customer contracts; • Verified the sample of revenue contract for sale of residential and commercial units to identify the performance obligations of the Group under these contracts and assessed whether these performance obligations are satisfied over time or at a point in time based on the criteria specified under Ind AS 115; • Verified, on test check basis, revenue transaction with the underlying customer contract, Occupancy Certificates (OC) and other documents evidencing the transfer of control of the asset to the customer based on which the revenue is recognized; and • Assessed the consolidated financial statement disclosures to determine if they are in compliance with the requirements of Ind AS 115.
2	<p>Inventory valuation (NRV):</p> <p>Refer to Note 2.2.9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements which includes the</p>	<p>Our audit procedures in relation to the NRV of the properties under development and</p>



Sr. No	Key Audit Matter	How the Key Audit Matter was addressed in our audit
	<p>accounting policy followed by the Group for valuation of inventory.</p> <p>The Group's properties under development and completed properties are stated at the lower of cost and Net Realizable Value (NRV). As at March 31, 2020, the Group's properties under development and stocks of completed properties amounted to INR 18,306.68 Million and INR 2,646.27 Million respectively.</p> <p>The cost of the inventory is calculated using actual land acquisition costs, construction costs, development related costs and borrowing costs capitalized for eligible project.</p> <p>We considered the valuation of inventory as a key audit matter because of the relative size of the balance in the Consolidated Financial Statements and significant judgement involved in estimating future selling prices, costs to complete project and possible effect on the above estimates because of COVID - 19.</p>	<p>stocks of completed properties included the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reviewed the process and methodology of using key assumptions for determining the valuation of inventory as at the year-end; Assessed the appropriateness of the selling price estimated by the management, on a sampling basis, by comparing the estimated selling price to the subsequent sale prices of constructed units of the same project, recent market prices in the same projects or comparable properties; and Compared the estimated construction cost to complete the project with the Company's updated budget.
4	<p>Impairment of financial assets (land advances and trade receivables):</p> <p>Refer to Note 2.2.16 to the Consolidated Financial Statements which include the accounting policy followed by the Group for impairment of financial assets including estimation of expected credit loss ('ECL').</p>	<p>Our audit procedures in relation to assessment of impairment and conclusion on the same included the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> With respect to the land advances paid, obtained the schedule and ageing for the



Sr. No	Key Audit Matter	How the Key Audit Matter was addressed in our audit
	<p>The Group has advanced amounts in relation to acquisition of land in future. The Group also has trade receivables pertaining to constructed units sold, rental receivables, inter-company receivables for management fee, etc.</p> <p>The land advances (forming part of non-financial assets) are valued at carrying value less impairment, if any. The trade receivables are assessed for ECL on account of time efflux and credit risk on account of aged receivables.</p> <p>We considered the impairment assessment of land advances and trade receivables as a key audit matter because of the relative size of the balance in the Consolidated Financial Statements and impairment triggers amidst COVID-19 situation.</p>	<p>same. For the aged balances, based on inquiry and discussions, assessed the recoverability of the advances and wherever the recovery is doubtful, appropriate provision is taken in the books of account.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> With respect to estimation of ECL, the ageing of receivable balances is analysed and appropriate percentage of ECL is applied for receivables for each ageing bucket. Appropriate provision for loss of interest due to aged receivables is also accounted for.
5	<p>Fair valuation of hybrid financial instruments:</p> <p>Refer to Note 2.2.16 to the Consolidated Financial Statements which include the accounting policy followed by the Group for fair valuation of financial assets and liabilities in case of hybrid financial instruments.</p> <p>The Consolidated Financial Statements include certain financial instruments which are hybrid in nature.</p> <p>We considered the fair valuation of such hybrid financial instruments as a key audit matter because of the complexity of</p>	<p>Our audit procedures in relation to fair valuation of financial instruments included the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reviewed the management's conclusion of accounting decision for such instruments (i.e., Fair value through income statement or Fair value through other comprehensive income). Upon conclusion of the accounting decision, inquiries / verification with respect to the assumptions and



Sr. No	Key Audit Matter	How the Key Audit Matter was addressed in our audit
	judgement involved in estimation of forecasted financial performance.	<p>underlying factual and projection data are made in order to assess the reasonability of the same.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The accounting of the adjustments arising out of such fair value estimation including the appropriate disclosures are verified.

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Annual Report and the Director's Report but does not include the Consolidated Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these Consolidated Financial Statements in term of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its Joint ventures and Jointly controlled entities in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group, its joint ventures and jointly controlled entities are responsible for



maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group, its joint ventures and jointly controlled entities are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group, its joint ventures and jointly controlled entities to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group, its joint ventures and jointly controlled entities are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group, its joint ventures and jointly controlled entities.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing ('SAs') will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

We give in "Annexure A" a detailed description of Auditor's responsibilities for Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements.



Other Matters

- a. We did not audit the financial statements / financial information of 16 subsidiaries, and 2 jointly controlled entities, whose financial statements / financial information reflect total assets of Rs. 8,359.83 million as at March 31, 2020, total revenues of Rs. 1,560.44 million and net cash inflows amounting to Rs. 210.59 million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the Consolidated Financial Statements. These financial statements / financial information have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.
- b. We did not audit the financial statements / financial information of 2 subsidiaries, whose financial statements / financial information reflect total assets of Rs. 1,652.85 million as at March 31, 2020, total revenues of Rs. Nil and net cash outflows amounting to Rs. 30.34 million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the Consolidated Financial Statements. These financial statements / financial information are unaudited and have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, is based solely on such unaudited financial statements / financial information. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the Management, these financial statements / financial information are not material to the Group.
- c. The consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2019, were audited by another auditor whose report dated September 28, 2019 expressed an unmodified opinion on those consolidated Ind AS financial statements.
- d. Due to the restrictions and lock down laid by the government due to the COVID-19 pandemic it was impracticable for us to attend the physical verification of inventory of raw material carried out by the management subsequent to year end. Consequently, we have performed related alternative audit procedures such as roll forward procedures etc. and have obtained sufficient, appropriate audit evidence over the existence of inventory of raw materials pertaining to the Holding Company amounting to Rs. 248.54 million as on March 31, 2020.



Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements / financial information certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As also detailed in note 42 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, the Holding Company has not complied with the requirements of Regulation 52 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) (Listing Obligations and Disclosure) Requirements 2015 in connection with the declaration of audited annual results within the prescribed (and extended) statutory timelines.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
 - c. The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements.
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended.
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, except in respect of one director who has vacated office vide resolution passed at the Board of Directors Meeting held dated September 17, 2018, but Form No DIR-12 has not yet been filed with the Registrar of Companies, none of the directors of Holding Company is



disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.

Further, basis the reports of the other statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies and joint ventures incorporated in India, except for 3 directors of 4 of the Group's subsidiary companies incorporated in India who are disqualified from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act, none of the other directors of the Group's subsidiary companies and its joint venture incorporated in India are disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a director of that Company in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act. The list of subsidiary companies incorporated in India where the directors are disqualified is stated below:

Sr. No	Name of the subsidiary companies	Number of Directors disqualified
1	Paranjape Premises Private Limited	One
2	PSC Properties Private Limited	Two
3	Peer Realty Private Limited	One
4	PSC Realtors Private Limited	One

- f. With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Consolidated Financial Statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group, its joint venture and jointly controlled entities - Refer Note 40 to the Consolidated Financial Statements;
 - ii. Provision has been made in the Consolidated Financial Statements, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts;



- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company incorporated in India. There were no amounts which are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the subsidiaries and jointly controlled companies.
- h. As required by The Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017, in our opinion, according to information, explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Holding Company, to its directors is within the limits laid prescribed under Section 197 of the Act and the rules thereunder except in case of the subsidiaries and joint ventures / joint operations, as the provisions of the aforesaid section is not applicable to private companies, partnership firms and LLP.

For MSKA & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W



Anup Mundhra

Anup Mundhra
Partner
Membership No. 061083
UDIN: 21061083AAAAEF5356

Place: Pune
Date: April 29, 2021

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to cease to continue as a going concern.



- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its jointly controlled entities to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of the Holding Company included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

For MSKA & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

Anup Mundhra

Anup Mundhra
Partner
Membership No. 061083
UDIN: 21061083AAAAEF5356



Place: Pune
Date: April 29, 2021

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED

[Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the Members of Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2020, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited (hereinafter referred to as 'the Holding Company') and its subsidiary companies and joint venture company, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding company, its subsidiary companies and its joint venture company, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility



Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding company, its subsidiary companies and its joint venture company, which are companies incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent

applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding company which is a company incorporated in India.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls With reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.



Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls With reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Qualified Opinion

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, the following material weaknesses have been identified in the operating effectiveness of the Holding Company's internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Financial Statements as at March 31, 2020:

The Holding Company's internal financial controls over timely review of accounting of transactions and balances of construction work-in-progress for projects formerly under Flagship Infrastructures Limited (which was merged with the Holding Company during the financial year ended March 31, 2020) were not operating effectively which could potentially result in the Holding Company not accounting for costs pertaining to units sold and allocation of appropriate common costs incurred to each identified project / unit.

The auditors of the joint venture company Kaleidoscope Developers Private Limited have issued a disclaimer of opinion with respect to the design and operating effectiveness of internal financial controls with respect to the financial statements of such company.

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control with reference to financial statements, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the possible effects of the material weakness and disclaimer described above on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria, the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies, its joint venture company, which are companies incorporated in India have maintained, in all material respects, internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to



financial statements were operating effectively as of March 31, 2020, based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note.

We have considered the material weakness identified in respect of the Holding Company and the other auditors have considered the disclaimer of opinion in respect of the joint venture company in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied for the respective entities and such material weakness and disclaimer of opinion does not affect our overall opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company for the year ended March 31, 2020.

Other Matters

Our aforesaid reports under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements insofar as it relates to 11 subsidiary companies and 1 joint venture company, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India.

For MSKA & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W



Anup Mundhra

Anup Mundhra
Partner
Membership No. 061083
UDIN: 21061083AAAAEF5356

Place: Pune
Date: April 29, 2021

PARANAJPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2020

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019 (Restated)
ASSETS:			
Non-Current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	4A	2,701.25	2,505.27
(b) Goodwill	4B	1,618.12	1,614.89
(c) Investment Property	5	13.82	-
(d) Intangible Assets	6A	2.24	3.13
(e) Intangible Assets Under Development	6B	2.02	2.02
(f) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	7	927.36	2.17
(ii) Loans	8	115.15	356.76
(iii) Other Financial Assets	9	217.51	540.43
(g) Deferred Tax Asset	10(a) & (b)	965.63	1,631.07
(h) Non-Current Tax Assets (Net)		464.91	911.23
(i) Other Non-Current Assets	11	1,084.34	1,108.19
Total Non-Current Assets		8,112.35	8,675.16
Current assets			
(a) Inventories	12	21,208.58	20,440.66
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	13	3.06	2.95
(ii) Trade Receivables	14	396.63	436.78
(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	15	354.57	614.37
(iv) Other Balances with Banks	15A	344.57	252.90
(v) Loans	16	13.30	140.02
(vi) Other Financial Assets	17	796.96	728.06
(c) Other Current Assets	18	1,329.11	1,820.64
Total Current Assets		24,446.78	24,436.38
Total Assets		32,559.13	33,111.54
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	19	947.33	947.33
(b) Other Equity	20	(5,585.62)	(4,017.26)
Equity Attributable to the owners of the Company		(4,638.29)	(3,069.93)
Non controlling Interest	21	148.45	101.08
Total Equity		(4,489.84)	(2,968.85)
Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	22	7,362.27	5,307.29
(ii) Trade Payables	23	75.74	180.84
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	24	787.67	609.10
(b) Provisions	25	101.21	69.54
(c) Other Non Current liabilities	26	234.36	237.05
Total Non-Current Liabilities		8,561.25	6,403.82
Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	27	1,590.02	2,146.45
(ii) Trade Payables	28	4,872.06	4,262.22
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	29	12,789.41	12,898.15
(b) Provisions	30	4.60	5.57
(c) Current Tax Liabilities (Net)		284.72	1,599.13
(d) Other Current Liabilities	31	8,946.91	8,765.05
Total Current Liabilities		28,487.72	29,676.57
Total Liabilities		37,048.97	36,080.39
Total Equity and Liabilities		32,559.13	33,111.54

Corporate Information and Significant Accounting Policies
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

Refer Note 1 to 3

As per our report of even date

For MSA & Associates

Chartered Accountants

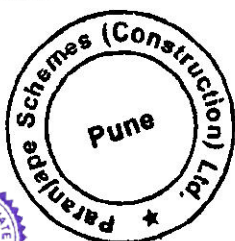
ICAI Firm Registration No. :- 105047W

Anup Mundhra
Anup Mundhra
Partner

Membership No. 061083

Place: Pune

Date: April 29, 2021



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S. P. Paranjape
Shrikant P. Paranjape
Chairman

DIN - 00131917

Sudhir B. Kadam
Sudhir B. Kadam
Company Secretary

M.No.ACS15656

Place: Pune

Date: April 29, 2021

Shashank P. Paranjape
Shashank P. Paranjape
Managing Director

DIN - 00131956

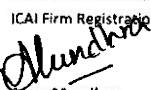
Kamalesh Dutta
Kamalesh Dutta
Chief Financial Officer

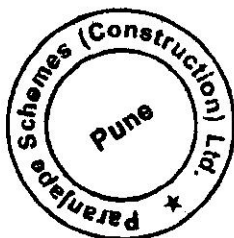
(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	Note No.	For the Year Ended March 31, 2020	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019 (Restated)
Income			
I. Revenue from Operations	32	3,957.45	7,476.45
II. Other Income	33	337.84	595.84
III. Total Income (I + II)		4,295.29	8,072.29
IV. Expenses			
(a) Cost of Land, Development Rights and Constructed Properties	34	2,625.16	5,870.20
(b) Employee Benefits Expense	35	383.55	399.75
(c) Finance Costs	36	1,447.83	1,661.51
(d) Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	37	157.00	130.91
(e) Other Expenses	38	1,822.03	1,348.41
Total Expenses		6,435.56	9,410.77
V. Profit/(Loss) before share of profit/(loss) of an associate / a joint venture and tax (III - IV)		(2,140.28)	(1,338.48)
VI. Share of profit/ (loss) of joint venture		(0.11)	(0.38)
VII. Profit/(loss) before Tax (V + VI)		(2,140.39)	(1,338.87)
VIII. Profit/ (loss) before Tax and Non-Controlling Interest		(2,140.39)	(1,338.87)
IX. Tax Expense from continuing operations			
(a) Current Tax		31.87	534.38
(b) (Excess)/Short Provision of Tax for earlier years		(771.37)	0.34
(c) Deferred Tax		667.24	(664.78)
Net Tax Expense from continuing operations		(72.26)	(130.06)
X. Profit/(Loss) after Tax but before Non-Controlling Interest		(2,068.13)	(1,208.81)
XI. Non-Controlling Interest - share of Profit from continuing operations		46.52	28.83
XII. Profit/(Loss) after Tax and Non-Controlling Interest		(2,114.65)	(1,237.63)
XIV. Other Comprehensive Income			
I. Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss			
Remeasurements of the Defined Benefit Liabilities - gain / (loss)		(7.00)	(43.98)
II. Income Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		2.07	(0.20)
I. Items that may be reclassified to Profit or Loss			
Exchange difference in translating the financial statements of foreign operation		(8.90)	(5.40)
II. Income Tax relating to items that may be reclassified to Profit or Loss		-	-
Total Other Comprehensive Income		(13.83)	(49.58)
XV. Total Comprehensive Income for the Year(XIII + XIV)		(2,128.48)	(1,287.21)
XVI. Profit/ (loss) for the year attributable to:			
- Owners of the Company		(2,114.65)	(1,237.63)
- Non-controlling interests		46.52	28.83
		(2,068.13)	(1,208.81)
XVII. Other comprehensive income for the year attributable to:			
- Owners of the Company		(6.76)	(45.43)
- Non-controlling interests		(7.07)	(4.16)
		(13.83)	(49.58)
XVIII. Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:			
- Owners of the Company		(2,121.41)	(1,283.06)
- Non-controlling interests		39.45	24.67
		(2,081.96)	(1,258.39)
Earnings Per Share (EPS) (Face value Rs. 10/- per equity share) (Refer note)			
(a) Basic & Diluted EPS from continuing operations		(22.32)	(13.06)
(b) Basic & Diluted EPS from discontinuing operations			
(c) Basic & Diluted EPS from continuing and discontinuing operations		(22.32)	(13.06)

Corporate Information and Significant Accounting Policies
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

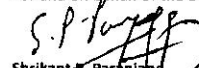
Refer Note 1 to 3

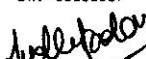
As per our report of even date
For MSKA & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No.: 105047W

Anup Mundhra
Partner
Membership No. 061083




Place : Pune
Date: April 29, 2021

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors


Shrikant P. Paranjape
Chairman
DIN - 00131917


Sudhir B. Kadam
Company Secretary
M.No.ACS15656
Place : Pune
Date: April 29, 2021


Shashank P. Paranjape
Managing Director
DIN - 00131956

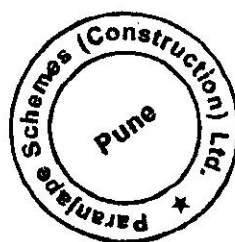

Kamalesh Dutta
Chief Financial Officer

**PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED**

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Rs. in Million)

	Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2020	For the Year Ended 31 March 2019
A	Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
	Profit before tax	(2,140.47)	(1,407.97)
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	157.00	130.90
	Adjustment on fair valuation of borrowings	218.82	-
	Fair value gain on debentures	(60.82)	-
	Adjustment for expected credit loss	151.50	6.34
	Provision for doubtful advances (net)	108.90	(0.35)
	Interest income - bank deposits	(91.40)	(680.69)
	Finance cost	1,447.83	2,252.75
	Gain on sale of investment	(80.21)	-
	Loss / (gain) on discard of assets	0.69	(11.47)
	Liability no longer required written back	(64.28)	(5.25)
	Provision for foreseeable losses	179.21	176.53
	Dividend Income		(1.27)
	Bad debts written off		3.65
	Operating Profit/(Loss) before Working Capital Changes	(173.23)	463.17
	<u>Changes in working capital:</u>		
	Adjustments for operating activities:		
	(Increase) / decrease in Inventories	(960.94)	(3,768.78)
	(Increase) / decrease in Trade receivables	(101.99)	33.85
	(Increase) / decrease in Other assets	397.12	(568.91)
	(Increase) / decrease in Loans	368.33	-
	(Increase) / decrease in Other financial assets	346.88	-
	Increase / (decrease) in Trade payables	569.01	602.48
	Increase / (decrease) in Other financial liabilities	235.96	4,860.56
	Increase / (decrease) in Provisions	28.04	22.16
	Increase / (decrease) in Other liabilities	179.18	-
	Cash generated from Operations	888.37	1,644.53
	Net income tax (paid) / refunds	(142.23)	(322.44)
	Net cash flow from / (used in) operating activities (A)	746.14	1,322.09





PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2020

(Rs. in Million)

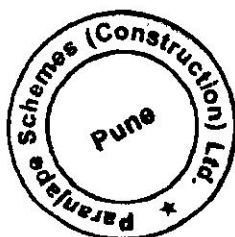
	Particulars	For the Year Ended 31 March 2020	For the Year Ended 31 March 2019
B	Cash flow from Investing Activities		
	Capital expenditure on Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets, capital work in progress and capital advances	(352.79)	(333.19)
	Fixed Deposits / Margin Money Deposits:		(149.25)
	- Placed	(330.48)	
	- Matured	238.81	
	Inter-corporate deposits advanced (net of repayment)	-	(2,418.93)
	Interest received - loans and debentures	-	680.69
	Dividend Received	-	1.27
	Investment in structured entities	(864.37)	-
	Proceeds from sale of Long-Term and short-term investments	1,630.21	21.40
	Other non-current assets	-	(235.33)
	Net cash flow from / (used in) investing activities (B)	321.38	(2,433.34)
C	Cash Flow from Financing Activities		
	Amount paid for acquisition of minority shareholding of FIL	(157.70)	-
	Proceeds from Borrowings	(593.35)	3,299.76
	Repayment of Borrowings	571.86	-
	Interest paid	(1,145.07)	(2,252.75)
	Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities (C)	(1,324.26)	1,047.01
	Net increase / (decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(256.74)	(64.24)
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	614.37	678.61
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	357.63	614.37
	Reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents with the Balance Sheet:		
	(a) Cheques on hand	-	17.27
	(b) Cash on hand	15.23	-
	(c) Balances with banks		
	- In current accounts	339.34	583.45
	- In Fixed Deposit	-	13.65
	Add: Current Investments considered as part of Cash and Cash Equivalents	3.06	-
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	357.63	614.37

In terms of our report attached
For MSKA & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. :- 105047W

Anup Mundhra
Anup Mundhra
Partner
Membership No. 061083



Place : Pune
Date: April 29, 2021



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S.P. Paranjape
Shrikant P. Paranjape
Chairman
DIN - 00131917

Shashank P. Paranjape
Shashank P. Paranjape
Managing Director
DIN - 00131956

Sudhir B. Kadam
Sudhir B. Kadam
Company Secretary
M.No.ACS15656

Kamalesh Dutta
Kamalesh Dutta
Chief Financial Officer

Place : Pune
Date: April 29, 2021

PARANAJPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Statement of changes in equity

A. Equity Share Capital

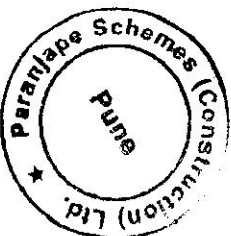
Particulars	Balance as of	Changes in equity share capital	Balance as at March
	April 1, 2018	during the year	31, 2019
No. of shares	94.73	-	94.73
Amount	947.33	-	947.33

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	Balance as of	Changes in equity share capital	Balance as at March
	April 1, 2019	during the year	31, 2020
Amount	94.73	-	94.73
No. of shares	94.73	-	94.73
Amount	947.33	-	947.33

B. Other Equity

Particulars	Other Equity							(Rs. in Million)	
	Capital Redemption reserve	Securities Premium Reserve	Debenture Redemption Reserve	General Reserve	Capital Reserve	Amalgamation adjustment deficit account (Capital Reserve)	Gain on valuation of Optionally Convertible Debentures considered as other equity	Treasury Shares	Retained Earnings
Balance as at April 1, 2018	9.62	606.81	1,164.36	0.39	220.49	(2,832.65)	-	(1,550.00)	249.01
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,237.73)
Reversal of POCM profit (net of tax) due to application of 115	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(769.16)
Effect of IND AS Transition- as on the transition date	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.00
Reversals/adjustments of the Defined Benefit Liabilities gain / (loss) (Net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.63
Movement during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5.41)
Total Comprehensive Income	9.62	606.81	1,164.36	0.39	220.49	(2,832.65)	-	(1,550.00)	(1,752.25)
Gain on fair value of OGD	-	-	-	-	-	-	128.39	-	-
Transferred to Debenture Redemption Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transferred from Debenture Redemption Reserve on redemption of Non Convertible Debentures	-	-	(174.98)	-	-	-	-	-	174.98
Balance as at March 31, 2019	9.62	606.81	989.38	0.39	220.49	(2,832.65)	128.39	(1,550.00)	(1,577.27)
									(12.43)
									(4,012.26)
									101.08
									(3,916.18)

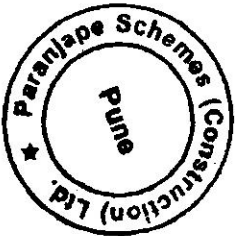


PARAMJEE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Statement of changes in equity

Particulars	Other Equity									
	Capital Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium Reserve	Debt Redemption Reserve	General Reserve	Capital Reserve	Amalgamation adjustment deficit account (Capital Reserve)	Gain on valuation of Optionality Convertible Debentures considered as other equity	Treasury Shares	Retained Earnings	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve
Balance as at April 1, 2019	9.62	606.81	989.38	0.39	220.49	(12,832.65)	128.39	(1,550.00)	(1,577.27)	(12.43)
Loss for the year									(2,114.73)	
Reversal of POCM profit (net of tax) due to application of 115									(2,114.73)	
Effect of IND AS Transition- as on the transition date									(4.74)	
Remeasurements of the Defined Benefit Liabilities - gain / (loss) (net of tax)									(4.74)	
Movement during the year										
Total Comprehensive Income	9.62	606.81	989.38	0.39	220.49	(3,822.68)	128.39	1,550.00	(3,696.74)	(8.90)
Gain on fair value of OCD										
Transferred to Debt Redemption Reserve										
Transferred from Debt Redemption Reserve on redemption of Non Convertible Debentures			(628.96)						628.96	
Others									0.04	
Balance as at March 31, 2020	9.62	606.81	360.42	0.39	220.49	(3,822.68)	128.39	-	(3,067.73)	(21.33)
									(5,585.62)	(148.45)
										(5,437.17)

As per our report of even date
For MSKA & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 105047W

Anup Mundhra
Partner
Membership No. 061083



Place: Pune
Date: April 29, 2021

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shrikant Arsenchappi
Chairman
DIN - 00131917

Sudhar B. Kadam
Company Secretary

Shashank P. Paramjee
Managing Director
DIN - 00131956

Kamlesh Dutta
Chief Financial Officer

Place: Pune
Date: April 29, 2021



Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited
Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2020

1. Corporate Information

Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited ("PSCL" or "the Company") is a public limited company. The Company was incorporated on September 18, 1987, at Mumbai as a private limited company under the Companies Act, 1956 and converted into a public limited company pursuant to approval of the shareholders in an extraordinary general meeting held on March 24, 2005 and consequently, the name of Company was changed to Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited. Its Registered Office is situated at Somnath, CTS No. 988, Ram Mandir Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai 400 057 and corporate office is situated at PSC House, Dr. Ketkar Marg, Anand Colony, Off Prabhat Road, Erandwane, Pune 411 004. Its parent and ultimate holding company is Paranjape Griha Nirman Private Limited. PSCL together with its subsidiaries and joint arrangements (collectively referred to as the 'Group') is primarily engaged in the business of promotion, construction and development of integrated townships, residential & commercial complexes, multistoried buildings, flats, houses, apartments, shopping malls, etc.

2. Basis of Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements

(a) Statement of Compliance with Ind AS

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use. The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on April 29, 2021.

(b) Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company, its subsidiaries and joint arrangements. Control is achieved when the company:

- a) has power over the investee;
- b) is exposed or has rights, to variable returns from its involvements with the Investee; and
- c) has the ability to use its powers to affect its returns.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the 1 investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing, whether or not the Company's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- a) the size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- b) potential voting rights held by the Company, other vote holders or other parties;
- c) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and



Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited
Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2020

d) any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.



Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited
Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2020

The following investees have been considered while preparing the consolidated financial statements:

Name of Investee	Place of business / incorporation	Ownership held by	Principal activity	Ownership interest held by Holding Company		Nature of relationship
				31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19	
Matrix Developers Limited (fka Matrix Developers Private Limited) (Refer Note No. 40)	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	NA	100.00%	Subsidiary
Flagship Infrastructure Limited (fka Flagship Infrastructure Private Limited) (Refer Note no.40)	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	NA	58.41%	Subsidiary
Blueridge Golfclub Private Limited	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	100.00%	58.41%	Subsidiary
Paranjape Premises Private Limited	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	99.90%	99.90%	Subsidiary
Athashri Homes Private Limited	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	99.80%	99.80%	Subsidiary
Linker Shelter Private Limited (Note iii below)	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	99.80%	99.80%	Subsidiary
PSC Holdings Limited	Mauritius	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	100.00%	100.00%	Subsidiary
Lavim Developers Private Limited	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	100.00%	100.00%	Subsidiary
Peer Realty Private Limited	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	100.00%	100.00%	Subsidiary
Paranjape Schemes Bangalore	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	70.00%	70.00%	Subsidiary
Paranjape Schemes Shelters	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	90.00%	90.00%	Subsidiary
PSC Properties	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	99.00%	99.00%	Subsidiary



Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited
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Name of Investee	Place of business / incorporation	Ownership held by	Principal activity	Ownership interest held by Holding Company		Nature of relationship
				31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19	
Gloria Associates	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	60.00%	60.00%	Subsidiary
Kshitij Promoters & Developers	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	65.00%	70.00%	Subsidiary
PSC Pacific	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	75.00%	75.00%	Subsidiary
Athashri Aastha	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	100.00%	100.00%	Subsidiary
PSC Realtors Private Limited	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	70.00%	70.00%	Subsidiary
PSC Properties Private Limited	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	100.00%	100.00%	Subsidiary
PSC Global Inc.	USA	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	100.00%	100.00%	Subsidiary
Pristine Homes LLC	USA	PSC Global Inc	Real Estate Development and Construction	85.00%	85.00%	Subsidiary
Menthol Developers Private Limited	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	NA	100.00%	Subsidiary
Synergy Development Corporation Private Limited	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	NA	25.00%	Joint Ventures
La Casa Shelters LLP	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	50.00%	50.00%	Joint Ventures
Kaleidoscope Developers Private Limited	India	PSCL	Real Estate Development and Construction	50.00%	50.00%	Joint Ventures



Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited
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Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit and loss from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the consolidated financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses, and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between

- (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and
- (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable Ind AS). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under Ind AS 109, or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

Business Combination

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange of control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with Ind AS 12 Income Taxes and Ind AS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with Ind AS 102 Share-based Payment at the acquisition date; and



- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with Ind AS 105 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that Standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed.

In case of a bargain purchase, before recognising a gain in respect thereof, the Group determines whether there exists clear evidence of the underlying reasons for classifying the business combination as a bargain purchase. Thereafter, the Group reassesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and recognises any additional assets or liabilities that are identified in that reassessment. The Group then reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts that Ind AS requires for the purposes of calculating the bargain purchase. If the gain remains after this reassessment and review, the Group recognises it in other comprehensive income and accumulates the same in equity as capital reserve. This gain is attributed to the acquirer. If there does not exist clear evidence of the underlying reasons for classifying the business combination as a bargain purchase, the Group recognises the gain, after reassessing and reviewing (as described above), directly in equity as capital reserve.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquirees identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction by transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in other Ind AS.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the Contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill or capital reserve, as the case may be. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the Contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the Contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent Consideration that is classified as an asset or liability is remeasured at fair value at subsequent reporting dates with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to its acquisition date fair value and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or



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additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at that date.

Goodwill:

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business (see note 2.4 above) less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss recognised for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

The Group's policy for goodwill arising on the acquisition of an associate and a joint venture is described at note 2.7 below.

Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates or joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment, or a portion thereof, is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with Ind AS 105. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated balance sheet at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture. Distributions received from an associate or a joint venture reduce the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or a joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in an associate or a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of



Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited
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the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised directly in equity as capital reserve in the period in which the investment is acquired.

After application of the equity method of accounting, the Group determines whether there is any objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the net investment in an associate or a joint venture and that event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows from the net investment that can be reliably estimated. If there exists such an objective evidence of impairment, then it is necessary to recognise impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate or a joint venture.

When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with Ind AS 36 Impairment of Assets as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with Ind AS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate or a joint venture, or when the investment is classified as held for sale. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate or joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with Ind AS 109. The difference between the carrying amount of the Associate or joint venture at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interest in the associate or joint venture is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) - when the equity method is discontinued.

The Group continues to use the equity method when an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate. There is no remeasurement to fair value upon such changes in ownership interests.

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate or a joint venture but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group, profits and losses, resulting from the transactions with the associate or joint venture are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate or joint venture that are not related to the Group.



(b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention on accrual basis, except for certain financial assets and liabilities that have been measured at fair value as required by relevant Ind AS.

(c) Current/Non-current classification of assets/ liabilities

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents.

(d) Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimate and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date, reported amount of revenue and expenses for the year and disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are based upon the Management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a periodic basis. Revisions to accounting estimates, if any, are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected. Refer Note 3 for detailed discussion on estimates and judgments.

(e) Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is also the Group's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded-off to the nearest million, unless otherwise indicated.

(f) Measurement of Fair values

Certain accounting policies and disclosures of the Group require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.



Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited
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- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into a different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Further information about the assumptions made in the measuring fair values is included in the notes regarding Financial Instruments.

2.2. Significant accounting policies

2.2.1. Revenue from contracts with customers

Pursuant to the application of Ind AS 115 - 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' effective from 1 April 2018, the Group has applied following accounting policy for revenue recognition:

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received/ receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government and is net of rebates and discounts.

Revenue is recognized in the income statement to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably.

The Group has applied five step model as per Ind AS 115 'Revenue from contracts with customers' to recognize revenue in the consolidated financial statements. The Group satisfies a performance obligation and recognizes revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:

- a. The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs; or
- b. The Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- c. The Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

For performance obligations where one of the above conditions are not met, revenue is recognized at the point in time at which the performance obligation is satisfied.

Revenue is recognized either at point of time or over a period of time based on various conditions as included in the contracts with customers.

Point of Time: Revenue from real-estate project

Revenue is recognized at a Point-in-time w.r.t. sale of real estate units, including land, plots, apartments, commercial units, development rights as and when the control passes on to the customer which coincides with handing over of the possession to the customer.

The date on which the possession of the unit is transferred is held as the basis of transfer of control and revenue is recognised accordingly. All expenses directly related to projects are treated as Work in Progress (WIP). Whenever such sale is made, proportionate amount of Work in Progress (attributable to the area of the sold unit) is charged to Cost of Land, Development Rights and Constructed Properties at the point in time when such sale is made. Other expenses not directly attributable to the project is considered as a period cost and charged to Profit or Loss.



Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited
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When it is probable that the total project costs will exceed the total project revenue, the entire expected loss is immediately recognised as an expense.

When project cost incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is shown as amounts due from customers for project work. For contracts where progress billings exceed project costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is shown as the amounts due to customers for project work. Amounts received before the related work is performed are included in the Balance Sheet, as advances received under liability. Amounts billed for work performed but not yet paid by the customer are included in the Balance Sheet under trade receivables.

Sale of Land / TDR

Revenue from sale of land / Transferable Development Rights (TDR) is recognised when the agreement to sell is executed resulting in transfer of all significant risk and rewards of ownership and possession is handed over to the buyer.

Other Operating revenue

Project management fees, rentals, sub lease and maintenance income are recognized on accrual basis as per the terms and conditions of relevant agreements.

Share of Profit / (Loss) from partnership firms / LLPs

Share of profit/ (Loss) from partnership firms/LLPs in which the Group is a partner is recognized based on the financial information provided and confirmed by the respective firms.

Interest Income

Interest Income is recognized on a basis of effective interest method as set out in Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments, and where no significant uncertainty as to measurability or collectability exists.

2.2.2. Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss during the year in which they are incurred.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of Property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets and the cost of assets not put to use before such date are disclosed under 'Capital work-in-progress'

2.2.3. Investment properties

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.



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Investment properties are derecognized either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

2.2.4. Depreciation on property, plant and equipment and investment properties

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives

The Group depreciates property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives using the written down value method. The estimated useful lives of assets are as prescribed in Schedule II of Companies act, 2013

Depreciation on additions to property plant and equipment is provided on pro-rata basis from the date of acquisition. Depreciation on sale/deduction from property plant and equipment is provided up to the date preceding the date of sale, deduction as the case may be. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed periodically at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, as appropriate.

2.2.5. Intangible assets and amortisation

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Software and Trademark Rights are amortised over their assessed useful life of 6.5 years and 20 years.

Intangible assets are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

2.2.6. Foreign Currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting these consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into Indian Rupees using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at



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the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (and attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

2.2.7. Taxes

Tax expense for the year, if any, comprising current tax and deferred tax, are included in the determination of the net profit or loss for the year, except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or to an item recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

(a) Current income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the year-end date.

Current income tax related to items recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside the statement of profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(b) Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the balance sheet approach, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in consolidated financial statements. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the year and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

2.2.8. Contract assets and contract liabilities

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer.

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Group transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognized when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue when the Group performs under the contract.



2.2.9. Inventories

Raw materials: Raw materials are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes purchase price, (excluding those subsequently recoverable by the enterprise from the concerned revenue authorities), freight inwards and other expenditure incurred in bringing such inventories to their present location and condition. In determining the cost, weighted average cost method is used.

Construction work-in-progress: Direct expenditure relating to construction activity is inventorised. Other expenditure during construction period is inventorised to the extent the expenditure is directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Other expenditure incurred during the construction period which is not directly attributable for bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use is charged to the statement of profit and loss. Direct and other expenditure is determined based on specific identification to the construction activity. Cost incurred/ items purchased specifically for projects are taken as consumed as and when incurred/ received. Work-in-progress represents cost incurred in respect of unsold area of the real estate development projects or cost incurred on projects where the revenue is yet to be recognized. Work-in-progress is valued at lower of cost and Net Realizable Value (NRV). NRV in respect of inventories under construction is assessed with reference to market prices (reference to the recent selling prices) at the reporting date less estimated costs to complete the construction, and estimated cost necessary to make the sale. The costs to complete the construction are estimated by management.

2.2.10. Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each year end whether there is any objective evidence that a non-financial asset or a group of non-financial assets is impaired. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount and the amount of impairment loss.

An impairment loss is calculated as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and recoverable amount. Losses are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss and reflected in an allowance account. When the Group considers that there are no realistic prospects of recovery of the asset, the relevant amounts are written off. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, then the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through Statement of Profit and Loss.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit (as defined below) is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit").

2.2.11. Provisions and contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance sheet date.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is



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either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

Contingent assets are not recognized. However, when the realization of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset, and is recognized as an asset.

2.2.12. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs incurred in connection with borrowings of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition/ construction of qualifying assets are capitalised until the time all substantial activities necessary to prepare the qualifying assets for their intended use are complete. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use/ sale. All other borrowing costs not eligible for inventorisation/ capitalisation are charged to statement of profit and loss.

2.2.13. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks, cash on hand and short-term deposits net of bank overdraft with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash in banks and short-term deposits net of bank overdraft.

2.2.14. Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

All employee benefits falling due wholly within twelve months of rendering the services are classified as short-term employee benefits, which include benefits like salaries, wages, short-term compensated absences and performance incentives and are recognised as expenses in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Post-employment benefits

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, are recognised as expenses in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Group has no further obligations beyond its monthly contributions.

The Group also provides for post-employment defined benefit in the form of gratuity. The cost of providing benefit is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuation being carried out at each balance sheet date. Remeasurement of the net benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interests) and the effect of the assets ceiling (if any, excluding interest) are recognised in other comprehensive income. The effect of any plan amendments are recognised in net profit in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Other long-term employee benefits

All employee benefits (other than post-employment benefits and termination benefits) which do not fall due wholly within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related services are determined based on actuarial valuation or discounted present value method carried out at each balance sheet date. The expected cost of accumulating compensated absences is determined by actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary as at every year end using projected unit credit method on the additional amount expected to be paid / availed as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the balance sheet date. Expense on non-accumulating compensated absences is recognised in the period in which the absences occur.



2.2.15. Leases

Accounting under Ind AS 116 “Leases” w.e.f. 1st April, 2019

The group has applied Ind AS 116 using the modified retrospective approach and therefore the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under Ind AS 17.

As a lessee:

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Lease term is a non-cancellable period together with periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Group is reasonably certain not to exercise that option.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost at the commencement date. At the commencement date, the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group’s incremental borrowing rate. The Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

After the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, and the lease liability is measured by

- (i) increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability;
- (ii) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and
- (iii) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

Interest on the lease liability in each period during the lease term is the amount that produces a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability. Interest expense on the lease liability is a component of finance costs.

Accounting under Ind AS 17 “Leases” up to 31st March, 2019

As a lessee:

Operating lease: Leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are recognized in the statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases

2.2.16. Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

a) Financial assets

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

At initial recognition, financial asset is measured at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.



(ii) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

- a) at amortized cost; or
- b) at fair value through other comprehensive income; or
- c) at fair value through profit or loss.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method (EIR).

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to Statement of Profit and Loss and recognized in other gains/ (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

Equity instruments: All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Group makes such election on an instrument- by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Group decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the Group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit and loss.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments, the Group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost and FVOCI.

For recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and risk exposure, the Group determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If in subsequent years, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12 month ECL.

Life time ECLs are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12 month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the year end.



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ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e. all shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider all contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension etc.) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.

In general, it is presumed that credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition if the payment is more than 30 days past due.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the year is recognized as income/expense in the statement of profit and loss. In balance sheet ECL for financial assets measured at amortized cost is presented as an allowance, i.e. as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write off criteria, the Group does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.

(iv) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized only when:

- a) the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset is transferred or
- b) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the financial asset is transferred then in that case financial asset is derecognized only if substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset is transferred. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognized.

(b) Financial liabilities

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and at amortized cost, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss: Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Loans and borrowings: After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(iii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability.



The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance costs.

(c) Embedded derivatives

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid (combined) instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract – with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a standalone derivative. Derivatives embedded in all other host contract are separated if the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host and are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Embedded derivatives closely related to the host contracts are not separated.

Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss.

(d) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Group or the counterparty.

2.2.17. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Earnings considered in ascertaining the Group's earnings per share is the net profit or loss for the year after deducting preference dividends and any attributable tax thereto for the year, if any. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year and for all the years presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

3.1. Recent Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 1, 2020.

3.2. Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

In the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, the Group makes judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively. Information about assumptions, judgments and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment in the year ending 31 March 2020 are as below



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(a) Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group has applied judgments that significantly affect the determination of the amount and timing of revenue from contracts with customers.

(b) Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilized. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

The Group neither have any taxable temporary difference nor any tax planning opportunities available that could partly support the recognition of these losses as deferred tax assets. On this basis, the Group has determined that it cannot recognize deferred tax assets on the tax losses carried forward.

(d) Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on the quoted market prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation technique. The inputs to these models are taken from the observable market where possible, but where this is not feasible, a review of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Any changes in the aforesaid assumptions will affect the fair value of financial instruments.

(e) Evaluation of Net realizable Value of Inventories

Inventories comprising of completed flats and construction-work-in progress are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Net Realizable value is based upon the estimates of the management. The effect of changes, if any, to the estimates is recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the period in which such changes are determined.

(f) Impairment of financial assets

The Group applies significant judgement with respect to impairment assessment of financial assets comprising trade receivables, loans, land advances etc.

Note 4A - Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulars	Gross Block					Depreciation					Net Block
	As at April 1, 2019	Additions during the year	Additions on account of transitional adjustment	Deletion during the year	As at March 31, 2020	As at April 1, 2019	For the period ended 31 March 2020	Deductions during the year	For Disposals/ Adjustment	Up to March 31, 2020	Up to March 31, 2020
TANGIBLE ASSETS											
Freehold Land	585.22	13.48	-	-	598.70	-	-	-	-	-	598.70
Leasehold Land	659.03	-	-	-	659.03	94.15	31.38	-	-	125.53	533.50
Buildings	1,256.02	2.06	-	-	1,258.08	97.33	32.57	-	0.31	129.59	1,128.49
Plant and Equipment's	138.11	27.00	-	-	165.11	61.25	15.60	-	-	76.85	88.26
Furniture and Fixtures	117.87	3.08	-	-	120.95	67.74	16.46	-	0.11	84.09	36.86
Vehicles	85.53	7.32	-	-	92.85	36.12	17.17	-	0.10	53.19	39.66
Computers	14.85	1.53	-	-	16.38	10.48	1.82	-	-	12.30	4.08
Office Equipment's	41.32	1.16	-	-	42.48	27.86	8.06	-	-	35.92	6.56
Tools and Machinery	20.35	61.06	-	-	81.41	18.10	8.38	-	-	26.48	54.93
Right of use assets (Refer Note 47)	-	-	234.13	-	234.13	-	23.92	-	-	23.92	210.21
Total	2,918.30	116.69	234.13	-	3,269.12	413.03	155.36	-	0.52	567.87	2,701.25

Particulars	Gross Block					Depreciation					Net Block
	As at April 1, 2018	Additions during the year	Acquisition during the year	Deletion during the year	As at March 31, 2019	As at April 1, 2018	For the year	Deductions during the year	For Disposals/ Adjustment	Up to March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2019
TANGIBLE ASSETS											
Freehold Land	591.98	-	-	6.76	585.22	-	-	-	-	-	585.22
Leasehold Land	659.03	-	-	-	659.03	62.77	31.38	-	-	94.15	564.88
Buildings	1,256.03	-	-	-	1,256.03	63.50	33.84	-	-	97.34	1,158.69
Plant and Equipment's	156.82	-	-	-	156.82	60.36	18.32	-	-	78.68	78.14
Furniture and Fixtures	117.17	0.70	-	-	117.88	51.63	16.11	-	-	67.74	50.13
Vehicles	83.48	8.90	-	6.85	85.53	21.37	18.57	3.83	-	36.10	49.42
Computers	12.47	2.40	-	0.02	14.85	8.27	2.21	-	-	10.48	4.38
Office Equipment's	40.07	1.45	-	0.20	41.32	19.14	8.74	0.01	-	27.87	13.45
Tools and Machinery	1.57	0.06	-	-	1.63	0.50	0.17	-	-	0.67	0.96
Total	2,918.62	13.51	-	13.83	2,918.30	287.54	129.34	3.84		413.03	2,505.27
CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS											
Grand Total	2,918.62	13.51		13.83	2,918.30	287.54	129.34	3.84		413.03	2,505.27

PARANJAPE SCHEMS (CONTRSUCTION) LIMITED
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Note 4B - Goodwill

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Cost	1,618.12	1,614.89
Closing Balance	1,618.12	1,614.89

Movement in Goodwill:

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Cost or deemed cost		
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,614.89	11.84
Additions during the year	3.23	1,603.05
Impairment for the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	1,618.12	1,614.89

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
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Note 5: Investment property (Building)

(Rs. in Million)

Cost	Amount
As at 1 April 2019	-
Additions	
Reclassification from finished inventory	13.82
Disposals/adjustments	-
Closing as at 31 March 2020	13.82

Accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any

As at to 31 March 2019	-
For the year	-
Depreciation charge	-
Disposals/adjustments	-
Closing as at 31 March 2020	-

Net block

As at 31 March 2020	13.82
As at 31 March 2019	-

As at 31 March 2020, value of buildings of Rs. 13.82 Mn has been regrouped from inventory to investment property

(i) Information regarding income and expenditure of Investment property

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Rental income derived from investment properties	2.25	-
Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) generating rental income	-	-
Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) that did not generate rental income	-	-
Profit arising from investment properties before depreciation and indirect expenses	2.25	-
Less – Depreciation / Impairment	-	-
Profit arising from investment properties before indirect expenses	2.25	-

The Company has no restrictions on the realisability of its investment properties and no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment properties or for repairs, maintenance and enhancements.

(ii) Buildings hypothecated with Banks

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Carrying amount of building hypothecated with Banks or other financial institutions	1.24	-

Note 6A. - Other Intangible assets

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	Deemed cost			Accumulated Amortisation			Net Block
	As at April 1, 2019	Additions/Adjustment during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2020	As at April 1, 2019	For the year	Balance as at March 31, 2020	Balance as at March 31, 2020
OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Other than internally generated)							
Trade Marks	0.11	0.01	0.12	0.04	0.04	0.08	0.04
Software	11.40	0.74	12.14	8.34	1.60	9.94	2.20
Total	11.51	0.75	12.26	8.38	1.64	10.02	2.24

Particulars	Deemed cost			Accumulated Amortisation			Net Block
	As at April 1, 2018	Additions/Adjustment during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2019	As at April 1, 2018	For the year	Balance as at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2019
OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Other than internally generated)							
Trade Marks	0.11	-	0.11	0.03	0.01	0.04	0.07
Software	11.02	0.38	11.40	6.77	1.57	8.34	3.06
Total	11.13	0.38	11.51	6.80	1.58	8.38	3.13

Note 6B: Intangible Assets under Development

Particulars	
As at 1 April 2019	2.02
	(2.02)
Additions	-
Disposals/adjustments	-
Net block	
As At 31 Mar 2020	2.02
	(2.02)

PARANJPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
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Note 7 - Investments - Non-Current

(Rs. in Million)		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Investments accounted for using the Equity Method In Equity Instruments of Joint Ventures		
Synergy Development Corporation Private Limited Nil (March 31, 2019: 8,333) Class A Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	-	0.08
Nil (March 31, 2019: 1,667) Class B Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	-	0.02
Kaleidoscope Developers Private Limited 5,000 (March 31, 2019: 5,000) Class A Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.05	0.05
5,000 (March 31, 2019: 5,000) Class B Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.05	0.05
Investment in Limited Liability Partnership - Lacasa LLP	0.01	0.01
Add/ (less): Profit/ (loss) share from joint ventures accounted through equity method	(0.11)	(0.21)
Sub-Total	-	-
(b) In Debentures of Structured entities- Unquoted Lemon Grass Hospitality Private Limited 401,848 (March 31, 2019: 401,848) 11% Optionally Convertible non transferable Debentures of Rs. 100 each fully paid	40.18	40.18
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Investment	(40.18)	(40.18)
(At Fair value through Profit and loss) Nalanda Shelters Private Limited 8,047 (March 31, 2019: 0) Optionally Convertible Debentures of Rs. 1,00,000 each full paid	925.22	-
	925.22	-
(c) In Equity Instruments of Structured Entities Cosmos Co-operative Bank Limited 20,625 (March 31, 2019: 20,625) Equity shares of Rs. 20 each fully paid	0.41	0.41
Bhagani Nivedita Co-operative Bank Limited 4,000 (March 31, 2019: 4,000) Equity shares of Rs. 25 each fully paid	0.10	0.10
Saraswat Co-operative Bank Limited 2,500 (March 31, 2019: 2,500) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.03	0.03
Samarth Sahakari Bank Limited 10,000 (March 31, 2019: 10,000) Equity shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid	1.00	1.00
Sangli Urban Co-operative Bank Limited 50,000 (March 31, 2019: 50,000) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.50	0.50
Pario Developers Private Limited 7,000 (March 31, 2019: Nil) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.03	0.07
<u>Kaleidoscope Island Estates Private Limited</u> 4,500 (March 31, 2019: Nil) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	0.05	0.05
Sub-Total	2.12	2.15
(d) Investment in Government Securities -National Savings Certificates	0.02	0.02
Total	927.36	2.17

Details of Investments	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Aggregate value of unquoted investments (Non-Current and Current)	930.42	5.12

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 8 - Loans - Non-Current

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated		
Loans to Related Parties		
-Considered good	115.15	356.76
-Considered Doubtful	52.35	52.35
Less: Allowance for doubtful loan	(52.35)	(52.35)
Total	115.15	356.76

Note 9 - Other Financial Assets - Non-Current

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated		
(a) Inter Corporate Deposits	13.50	13.50
(b) Security Deposits	28.00	30.21
(c) Other Receivables	1.63	49.53
(d) Fixed Deposits/ Margin Money Deposits against borrowings having maturities of more than 12 months from the Balance Sheet date *	100.23	401.77
(e) Interest Receivable on Loans and Debentures		
-Considered good	65.38	39.55
-Considered Doubtful	35.27	35.27
Less: Allowance for doubtful receivables	(35.27)	(35.27)
(f) Advances to Related Parties (Refer Note 45)	0.03	0.03
(g) Interest Receivable on Bank Deposits	8.74	5.82
*Rs 70.11 Mn. held as Margin Money/Security against Bank Guarantees and 10.82 as DSRA.		
Total	217.51	540.43

Note 10 (a) - Deferred Tax Asset

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) On difference between book balance and tax balance of Property, Plant and Equipment	31.12	46.74
(b) Disallowances for non deduction of taxes	48.44	-
(c) Allowance for doubtful debts and advances	104.01	48.02
(d) Provision for Gratuity	-	
(e) Unabsorbed depreciation and brought forward business losses	80.80	108.80
(f) Expenses disallowed in earlier years	-	
(g) MAT Credit Entitlement (including AMT credit Entitlement)	1.13	1.42
(h) Project foreseeable losses	198.03	168.94
(i) Tax impact of POCM Reversal under Ind AS 115	(5.90)	
(j) Provision for doubtful debts and advances	-	
(k) Liabilities deductible on payment	31.31	22.02
(l) Others	15.22	10.97
(m) Carried forward tax losses	406.33	904.78
(n) Ind AS Adjustments (Net)	99.10	347.99
Total	1,009.59	1,659.68

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements
Note 10 (b) - Deferred Tax Liability

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) On difference between book balance and tax balance of Property, Plant and Equipment	90.72	75.37
(b) Disallowance under section 43B of Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-
(c) Allowance for doubtful debts and advances	-	-
(d) Provision for Gratuity	(0.07)	(0.07)
(e) Provision for Provident Fund	(0.92)	(0.92)
(f) Unabsorbed depreciation and brought forward business losses	-	-
(g) Expenses disallowed in earlier years	-	-
(h) MAT Credit Entitlement (including AMT credit Entitlement)	-	-
(i) Provision for foreseeable losses	-	-
(j) Tax impact of POCM Reversal under Ind AS 115	(45.77)	(45.76)
(k) Others	-	-
Total	43.97	28.62

(Rs. in Million)

Tax Rate Reconciliation	As at As at March 31, 2020	As at As at March 31, 2019
Profit before taxes	(2,140.39)	(1,338.87)
Expected tax @26%/34.944%	(499.35)	(576.73)
Adjustments		
Tax on merger adjustment for subsidiaries revised return of income	(780.05)	-
Adjustment on account of Ind AS adjustments for projects	251.87	-
Reversal of deferred tax on account of revised return filed post merger and rate change	260.06	-
Exempt income / loss	122.47	91.14
Disallowable expenses	44.57	22.83
Change on account of tax rate revision	164.63	(3.56)
Tax Losses and temporary difference for which no deferred tax asset was recognised	5.11	-
Effect of adjustments in respect of previous years	250.80	222.30
Effect of expenses not deductible in determining the taxable profits	20.53	186.52
Others (net)	87.11	(72.56)
	427.09	446.67
Net Tax Expense	(72.26)	(130.06)
Reconciliation of movement		
Opening deferred tax asset	1,631.07	966.11
Tax expense / (benefit) through Statement of profit and loss	(667.51)	664.78
Tax expense through Other comprehensive income	2.07	0.20
Closing balance	965.63	1,631.09

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED**Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements****Note 11 - Other Non-Current Assets**

(Rs. in Million)		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated		
(a) Prepaid Expenses	5.96	31.84
(b) Advances given to Land Owners	8.36	8.35
(c) Advance towards project construction, development activities and development rights		
- Considered good	275.69	529.17
- Considered doubtful	5.00	5.00
Less: Allowance for doubtful advances	(5.00)	(5.00)
(d) Security Deposits		
- Considered good	11.70	16.85
- Considered doubtful	3.61	-
Less: Allowance for doubtful deposits	(3.61)	-
(e) Deposits under development activities	250.00	-
(f) Other Deposits	8.00	-
(g) Advances towards Land purchase	524.63	521.98
Total	1,084.34	1,108.19

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements
Note 12 - Inventories
(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(Lower of cost and net realisable value)		
(a) Raw Material		
(i) Raw Material at site	248.54	119.24
(ii) Raw Material at hotel	7.09	4.62
(b) Work in Progress		
(i) Land, Developments Rights and Construction	18,175.07	16,852.45
(ii) Transferable Development Rights	131.61	131.61
Sub-Total	18,306.68	16,984.06
(c) Constructed Units	2,646.27	3,332.74
Note: Hypothecated as charge against borrowings. Refer note 22A		
Total	21,208.58	20,440.66

Note 13 - Investments - Current
(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Investments in Units of Mutual Funds (Unquoted) (At fair value through profit and loss)		
- In HDFC Liquid Fund - Treasury Advantage Plan - Wholesale - Daily Dividend	3.05	2.94
- In Birla Sunlife Treasury Fund - Treasury Advantage Plan - Wholesale - Daily Dividend	0.01	0.01
Total	3.06	2.95

Note 14 - Trade Receivables
(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Unsecured, Considered Good unless otherwise stated		
- Considered Good	396.63	436.78
- Considered Doubtful	148.73	2.99
Less : Allowance for Doubtful Receivables	(148.73)	(2.99)
Total	396.63	436.78

Movement in the allowance for doubtful receivables is as follows:
(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year	2.99	3.00
Movement calculated at lifetime credit loss	145.74	
Bad debts written off	-	(0.01)
Balance at the end of the year	148.73	2.99

All amounts are short-term. The net carrying value of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Note: Hypothecated as charge against borrowings. Refer note 22A

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 15 - Cash and cash equivalents

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(i) Cash on hand	15.23	16.18
(ii) Cheques on hand	-	1.09
(iii) Balances with Banks:		
-In Current Accounts	339.34	583.45
-In Deposit Accounts	-	13.65
Total	354.57	614.37

Note 15A. - Other Balances with Banks

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(i) Deposit Accounts	262.37	42.05
(ii) Balances held as Margin Money/Security towards obtaining Bank Guarantees	82.20	210.85
Total	344.57	252.90

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 16 - Loans - Current

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Unsecured and considered good		
Loans and Advances to Related Parties	13.30	140.02
Total	13.30	140.02

Note 17 - Other Financial Assets - Current

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Unsecured and considered good		
(a) Interest Receivable on Loans and Debentures	474.76	359.78
(b) Interest Receivable on Bank Deposits	8.05	12.65
(c) Inter Corporate Deposits	200.66	218.17
(d) Security Deposits	24.53	59.29
(e) Reimbursable Expenses receivable	11.71	4.12
(f) Other Receivables	77.25	74.05
Total	796.96	728.06

Note 18 - Other Current Assets

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Unsecured and considered good		
(a) Advances towards Land purchase		
- considered good	739.21	950.31
- considered doubtful	109.00	0.50
Less: Allowances for doubtful Advances	(109.00)	(0.50)
(b) Prepaid Expenses	40.10	263.76
(c) Balances with Government Authorities	220.61	333.67
(d) Advance to Suppliers		
- considered good	304.93	197.36
- considered doubtful	5.15	4.75
Less: Allowances for doubtful Advances	(5.15)	(4.75)
(e) Advance towards project construction, development activities and developing rights		
-Deposits under development activities	22.20	47.30
-Deposits under development activities doubtful	6.50	-
Less: Allowances for doubtful deposit	(6.50)	-
(f) Loans and Advances to Employees	2.06	5.00
(g) Unbilled Receivables	-	23.24
Total	1,329.11	1,820.64

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements
Note 19 - Share Capital

(Rs. in Million)				
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
	Number of shares (in Million)	Amount	Number of shares (in Million)	Amount
a) Authorized				
Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	172.65	1,726.50	172.65	1,726.50
Cumulative Convertible Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each	0.15	15.00	0.15	15.00
Total	172.80	1,741.50	172.80	1,741.50
Issued, Subscribed & Fully Paid up				
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	27.07	270.67	27.07	270.67
Equity Shares allotted as fully paid bonus shares of Rs. 10/- each	67.67	676.66	67.67	676.66
	94.73	947.33	94.73	947.33
b) Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:				
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
	Number of shares (in Million)	Amount	Number of shares (in Million)	Amount
Shares at the beginning of the year	94.73	947.33	94.73	947.33
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Equity Shares outstanding at the end of the year	94.73	947.33	94.73	947.33
c) Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company				
Name of Shareholder	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
	Number of shares (in Million)	% holding	Number of shares (in Million)	% holding
Paranjape Griha Nirman Private Limited (Holding Company)	84.00	88.67%	84	88.67%
Linker Shelter Private Limited	-	-	9.18	9.69%
Paranjape Realty Spaces Private Limited	9.47	10.00%	-	-
d) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares				
The Company has only one class of shares referred to as Equity Shares having par value of Rs.10/-. Each holder of Equity Shares is entitled to one vote per share.				
e)	The Company had issued bonus shares (67,666,668 equity shares for consideration other than cash) in the ratio of 2.5:1 (2.5 bonus shares for 1 equity share held) approved by Board of Directors pursuant to a resolution passed at their meeting held on February 17, 2015 and resolution passed by Shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on February 24, 2015, through capitalisation of the securities premium account amounting to Rs. 676.66 Million. These equity shares were allotted on March 13, 2015.			
f)	No class of shares have been bought back by the Company during the period of five years immediately preceding the current year end.			

(Rs. in Million)		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Capital Redemption Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	9.62	9.62
Add: Additions during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	9.62	9.62
(b) Capital Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	220.49	220.49
Add: Additions during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	220.49	220.49
(c) Treasury Shares *	-	(1,550.00)
(d) Securities Premium Account		
Balance at the beginning of the year	606.81	606.81
Add: Additions during year	-	-
Less: Utilised during the year	-	-
Less : Utilised during the year - Issue of bonus equity shares	-	-
Closing Balance	606.81	606.81
(e) Debenture Redemption Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	989.38	1,164.36
Add: Additions during the year - Transferred from surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss	-	-
Less: Transferred from Debenture Redemption Reserve on redemption on redemption of Non-Convertible Debentures	-	-
Less: Utilised during the year	(628.96)	(174.98)
Closing Balance	360.42	989.38
(f) General Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	0.39	0.39
Add: Additions during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	0.39	0.39
(g) Amalgamation adjustment deficit account (Capital Reserve)		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(2,832.65)	(2,832.65)
Add : Generated during the year due to Merger	(990.03)	-
Closing Balance	(3,822.68)	(2,832.65)
(h) Gain on valuation of Optionally Convertible Debentures considered as other equity		
Balance at the beginning of the year	128.39	128.39
Add : Gain on fair value of OCD	-	-
Closing Balance	128.39	128.39
(i) Foreign Currency Translation Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(12.43)	(7.02)
Less: Movement during the year	(8.90)	(5.41)
Closing Balance	(21.33)	(12.43)
(j) Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(1,577.27)	249.01
Add: reversal of POCM Profit (Net Of Tax) due to application of IND AS115	-	(769.16)
Add: Net Profit/ (Loss) for the year	(2,114.73)	(1,237.73)
Add: Transferred from Debenture Redemption Reserve on redemption of Non Convertible Debentures and adjustment on statute amendment	628.96	-
Add: Other Comprehensive Income	(6.81)	0.83
Add: Tax on Other Comprehensive Income	2.07	(0.20)
Add: Effect of Incidental loan expenses incurred; now considered in EIR	-	5.00
Add: Transfer from Debenture Redemption Reserve	-	174.98
Less: Utilised during the year (Refer Note 36.1.(vi))	-	(0.00)
Add: Adjustment for earlier year	0.04	-
Closing Balance	(3,067.73)	(1,577.27)
Total	(5,585.62)	(4,017.26)
Reconciliation of other equity for the year ended 31 March,2019 and restatement adjustments		
Other equity as at March 31, 2019 per signed CFS		(4,585.76)
Adjustments for merger(Refer note 41)		(2,832.65)
Fair valuation adjustments for Optionally concertible debentures		128.39
Adjustments in the Conso financial statements on various reserves on account of merger		3,340.16
Other rectification adjustments		(67.41)
Restated other equity as at March 31,2019		(4,017.26)
* During the year, Linker Shelter Private Limited has sold its investment in Paranjape Schemes Construction Limited to Paranjape Realty Spaces Pvt Ltd. Therefore treasury shares representing cross holding in PSCL is Nil.		

PARANJAPE SCHEMS (CONTRSUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements
Note 21 : Non-controlling Interests

(Rs. in Million)		
Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2020	For the Year ended March 31, 2019
Balance at the beginning of year	101.08	199.37
Share of Profit/ (loss) for the year	46.52	(98.29)
Others	0.85	-
Balance at the end of the year	148.45	101.08

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED**Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements****Note 22 - Borrowings - Non-Current**

(Rs. in Million)		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Secured Borrowings - At amortised cost:		
(a) Term Loans (Refer Note 22A)		
(i) From Banks	1,008.36	1,325.09
(ii) From Financial Institutions / Others	2,703.28	1,526.21
(b) Non Convertible Debentures (Refer Note 22A)	1,560.33	782.06
(c) Convertible Debentures (Refer Note 22A)	1,431.18	931.61
(d) Vehicle Loan from Banks (Refer Note 22A)	22.91	26.21
Secured Borrowings - At Fair Value :		
(a) Embedded derivative	16.97	143.61
Unsecured Borrowings - At amortised cost:		
(a) Public Deposits (Refer Note 22A)	42.17	-
(b) Loans and Advances from others (Refer Note 22A)	577.07	572.50
Total	7,362.27	5,307.29

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements
Note 22A

(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)				
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Term loan from Banks				
State bank of India (Sanctioned Rs. 329 Mn.)	79 Monthly Installments at the rate of Interest of MCLR + 3.35% -11.25%	Secured by way of first hypothecation charge on rentals/ receivables from MSM Mall and is further secured by registered Registered mortgage of commercial building bearing survey number: (Leasehold rights) Part B of Land situated CTS No.25/20, Final Plot No. 25 C and CTS No.27, Final Plot No.24 (part), Off Karve road, Erandvane, Pune. Personal Guarantee of Shrikant and Shashank Paranjape.	263.78	297.59
State bank of India (Sanctioned Rs. 500 Mn.)	93 Monthly Installments at the rate of Interest of MCLR + 2.50% - currently 13.20%	1. First Charge on all receivables receipts of the hotel "Taj Gateway" located at Xion. 2. Registered mortgage deed to be created in favor of SBI for Taj Gateway situated at Xion 3. Personal Guarantee of Shrikant Paranjape and Shashank Paranjape. 4. Corporate guarantee of PSCL and Spice of Life Hotels Pvt. Ltd.	379.00	438.08
HDFC Limited (Sanctioned Rs. 1600 Mn.)	Repayment has been started from January 2019 by way of repayment through Designated Escrow Account. However monthly structured repayment should start from February 2021 (due to COVID-19, the repayment schedule was pushed ahead by 6 months) and has to be repaid in 8 monthly installments which are ranging from Rs. 5,00,00,000 each (the interest for 6 months of morat period during Covid -19 to be paid along with the last repayment installment) and carries interest rate of HDFC CF-PLR plus 400 points which is currently 15.50 % p.a.	Loan of Rs. 160,00,00,000 is Secured by Registered Mortgage of the project land admeasuring 9,58,730 sqft at S.No. 980/981, Mahale Farm, Off Mumbai-Agra Road, Nasik 422009 & Construction there on present and future. Loan is further secured by personal guarantees of Mr. Amit Paranjape and Mr. Rahul Paranjape, Pledge of 94,73,334 shares of PSCL. 1. Liquidated damages at the rate of 2% p.a for period of default 2. Due to Covid - 19 Lockdown, the tenure of the loan was extended by 6 months.	399.16	399.01
HDFC Limited (Sanctioned Rs 400 Mn.)	Repayment has been started from Dec'2017 by way of repayment through Designated Escrow Account. However monthly structured repayment should start from December 2020 (due to COVID-19, the repayment schedule was pushed ahead by 6 months)and has to be repaid in 7 monthly installments which are ranging from Rs. 4,00,00,000 each (the interest for 6 months of morat period during Covid -19 to be paid along with the last repayment installment) and carries interest rate of HDFC CPLR less 475 points which current is 14.60	Loan of Rs. 28,00,00,000 is Secured by Registered Mortgage of the project land admeasuring 89,151,.56 sqmtrs at S.No. 980/981, Mahale Farm, Off Mumbai-Agra Road, Nasik 422009 & Charge on entire sales receivables accruing from above mentioned property both present & future. Loan is further secured by personal guarantees of Mr Shrikant Paranjape, Mr Shashank Paranjape, Mr. Amit Paranjape and Mr. Rahul Paranjape, Pledge of 94,73,334 shares of PSCL. 1. Liquidated damages at the rate of 2% p.a for period of default 2. Due to Covid - 19 Lockdown, the tenure of the loan was extended by 6 months.	280.00	280.00
Total: Term loans from Banks			1,321.93	1,414.68
Less: Current Maturity of Term Loans from Banks (Refer Note 28)			313.57	89.60
Long term loan from Banks			1,008.36	1,325.09

(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)				
Term loan from Financial Institutions/Others				
HDFC Bank Limited (Sanctioned amount Rs. 15.33 Mn.)	Tenure of the loan - 29 months. Repayment through EMI over the tenure of the loan. EMI equal to Rs 7,11,085 p.m. Starting from June 2019. Interest @10.50%	Secured by way of Hypothecation charge on the equipment and machinery .	9.41	-
HDFC Bank Limited (Sanctioned amount Rs. 12.68 Mn.)	Tenure of the loan - 28 months. Repayment through EMI over the tenure of the loan. EMI equal to Rs 5,82,200 p.m. Starting from Feb 2020. Interest @9.50%	Secured by way of Hypothecation charge on the equipment and machinery	11.80	-
HDFC Bank Limited (Sanctioned amount Rs. 11.66 Mn.)	Tenure of the loan - 16 months. Repayment through EMI over the tenure of the loan. EMI equal to Rs 10,22,850 p.m. Starting from Feb 2020. Interest @9.50%	Secured by way of Hypothecation charge on the equipment and machinery	9.87	-

(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
HDFC Limited (Sanctioned 450 Mn., additional top up of Rs 150 Mn. Total - 600 Mn.)	Tranche I Loan (Rs 450 Mn.) is repayable in 66 Months (earlier 48 months) from first disbursement date i.e 13 July 2015. Tranche II - is repayable in 48 months from first disbursement date. Tranche I - Repayment is higher of 7 installment of 50 million monthly installments commencing from July 2020 or 35% of daily collections of advances from customers. For Tranche II - Repayment is higher of 5 installments of 30 million monthly installment starting from end of 44th month from the date of first disbursement 07 June 2019. The rate of Interest was Base Rate (HDFC CF-PLR) + 325 basis points. Current interest rate - 14.75%	1. By and under a Deed of Simple Mortgage dated 14 July 2015 and Supplemental Mortgage deed dated 30 March 2019 made by and between PSCL, has created a mortgage by deposit of title deeds in respect of the below property in favour of HDFC Ltd. - a. Mortgage of all that piece and parcel of project land of "Azure" bearing Survey NO 84/1B, 84/2B, 84/3B, and 84/4 totally admeasuring 24,544.21 sq mts. situated at Tathawade village together with all construction thereon present and future together with all present and future FSI/TDR. 2. Charge / Assignment of receivables, both sold and unsold, accruing from sale of units constructed on the above residential project land. 3. Personal Guarantee of Shrikant Paranjape and Shashank Paranjape.	449.43	345.49
HDFC Limited (Sanctioned 1250 Mn.)	Loan is repayable in 84 months. Repayment :- outstanding balance at the end of 5th year from the date of first disbursement (First Disbursement date 10 July 2015) not to exceed Rs.1000 million, end of 6th year - Rs.500 Mn. and end of 7th year - NIL and 30% of daily collections of advances from customers. The rate of Interest was Base Rate (HDFC CPLR) - 410 basis points, current rate - 15.25%	1. By and under a Deed of Simple Mortgage dated 10 July 2015 made by and between PSCL, has created a mortgage by deposit of title deeds in respect of the below property in favour of HDFC Ltd. - a. Mortgage of all that piece and parcel of land of Athashri Xion - situated at land bearing S.No 16/B2 at Village Hinjewadi, Taluka Mulshi, admeasuring 4,953.04 sq mts together with all construction thereon present and future together with all present and future FSI/TDR. b. Mortgage of all that piece and parcel of development rights accruing from the project land of Paranjape Abhiruchi Parisar constructed on the land bearing S No 24/1 and 25 situated at Village Haveli, admeasuring 27,450 sq mts., along with FSI rights of 36,492.79 sq mts, together with all construction thereon present and future together with all present and future FSI/TDR. c. Mortgage of all that piece and parcel of land bearing Survey Number 119 admeasuring 6000 sq mtrs situated at Hinjewadi together with all construction thereon present and future together with all present and future FSI/TDR. d. Mortgage of all that piece and parcel of development rights accruing from land being Amenity Plot admeasuring 3808.22 sq mtrs out of sanctioned layout land bearing S No 8, Hissa No 3,7,9,10,11,12,13 & 14 situated at village Mhalunge together with all construction thereon present and future together with all present and future FSI/TDR. e. Mortgage of all that piece and parcel of land bearing s No 19/2, situated at Pattandur Agrahara Village K R puram Hobli Bangalore, admeasuring 82,764 sq ft. together with all construction thereon present and future together with all present and future FSI/TDR. 2. Assignment of receivables from sale of flats are 8 Athashree project 2 each in Pune, Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Thane 3. Personal guarantee of Shrikant Paranjape and Shashank Paranjape.	1,180.58	1,097.58

(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
HDFC Limited (Sanctioned 800 Mn.)	Loan is repayable in 60 months. 1. Escrow arrangement - 30% of all the receivables to be adjusted against loan repayment . 2. Scheduled repayment to start from the end of 53rd month from the date of first disbursement i.e 15 July 2016. EMI of Rs 10 crs payable in 8 months. The rate of interest was base rate (HDFC CPLR) less 515 basis points- current rate is 14.20%	1. Mortgage of development rights and/or benefits accruing from that piece and parcel of Project land of Paranjape Abhiruchi Parisar constructed on land bearing S NO 24/1 and 25 situated at Dhairy, Taluka Haveli, admeasuring 77,250 sq mtrs (less 1,228.32 sq mtrs +2,699.25 sq mtrs (area of DP road) + 3,200 sq mtrs (area allotted to the land owner) out of 1,04,700 sq mtrs together with construction thereon both present and future together with both present and future FSI/TDR 2. Charge of receivables from sale of units (both sold and unsold) 3. Personal guarantee of Shrikant and Shashank Paranjape	705.94	645.94
HDFC Limited (Sanctioned 100 Mn.)	Loan is repayable in 36 months from the date of first disbursement i.e 08 September 2016 1. Escrow arrangement - 30% of all the receivables to be adjusted against loan repayment . 2. Scheduled repayment to start from the end of 32nd month from the date of first disbursement. EMI of Rs 2 crs payable in 5 months. The rate of interest was base rate (HDFC CPLR) less 490 basis points- current rate is 12.85%	1. Mortgage of all that piece and parcel of the project land of "Madhukosh " bearing s no 4/2, 14/4B, 16 & 17 situated at Village Vadgaon Khurd, Pune. 2. An exclusive charge on the scheduled receivables under the documents entered into with the customers of the funded project by the borrower. 3. Personal guarantee of Shrikant paranjape and Shashank Paranjape.	-	42.09
HDFC Limited (Sanctioned 250 Mn.)	Loan is repayable in 60 months from the date of first disbursement i.e 28 October 2016. 1. Escrow arrangement - 15% of all the receivables to be adjusted against loan repayment . 2. Scheduled repayment to start from the end of 51st month from the date of first disbursement. EMI of Rs 25 Mn. payable in 10 months. The rate of interest was base rate (HDFC CPLR) less 515 basis points - current rate is 14.20%	1. Paripassu mortgage over the project land of "The Happiness Hub" admeasuring 68,200 sq mtrs at Gat No 94/1+94/2+96/1+96/2+97/1+97/2 at Warve, Tal Bhore. 2. Mortgage of development rights and/or benefits accruing from that piece and parcel of Project land of Paranjape Abhiruchi Parisar constructed on land bearing S NO 24/1 and 25 situated at Dhairy, Taluka Haveli, admeasuring 77,250 sq mtrs (less 1228.32 sq mtrs +2699.25 sq mtrs (area of DP road) + 3200 sq mtrs (area allotted to the land owner) out of 1,04,700 sq mtrs together with construction thereon both present and future together with both present and future FSI/TDR 3. Personal Guarantee of Shrikant Paranjape and Shashank Paranjape. 4. Charge on the scheduled receivables under the documents entered into with the customers of the funded projects by the borrower.	184.88	128.07
HDFC Limited (Sanctioned 500 Mn.)	Loan is repayable in 60 months from the date of first disbursement i.e 22 December 2017 1. Escrow arrangement - 15% of all the receivables to be adjusted against loan repayment . 2. Scheduled repayment to start from the end of 51st month from the date of first disbursement. EMI of Rs 50 Mn. payable in 10 months. The rate of interest was base rate (HDFC CPLR) less 550 basis points- current rate is 13.85%	1. Mortgage over project land of "Trident" admeasuring 38,900 sq mtrs, at S NO 60/1/1, 60/2/1, 60/2/2, 55/2, 56,57/2 & 57/1 at Wakad, Pune. 2.Charge on scheduled receivables and all insurance proceeds. 3. Personal Guarantee of Mr Shrikant Paranjape and Mr Shashank Paranjape.	468.29	468.29

(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)				
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Piramal Capital and Housing Finance Ltd (4000Mn.)	<p>Loan is repayable in 24 quarters -Date of first disbursement - 5 March 2019</p> <p>1. Moratorium period of 12 quarters.</p> <p>2. Repayment in unequal quarterly installments from 13th Quarter to 24th Quarter</p> <p>3. Qtr 13 to Qtr 18 - Rs 250 Mn. each</p> <p>Qtr 19 to Qtr 24 - Rs 300 Mn each</p> <p>4. Escrow repayments will be as follows -</p> <p>a. Broadway - 20%</p> <p>b. Magnolia - 30%</p> <p>c. Blue Ridge Phase III - 30%</p> <p>d. Blueridge Athashri - 30%</p> <p>e. Blue Row Houses - 30%</p> <p>f. Deshpande Slum - 30%</p> <p>g. Nemivant Slum - 30%</p> <p>h. Meghdoot - 30%</p> <p>i. Greencove II - 20% (First year), 30% then onwards</p> <p>j. Meghsparsh - 30%</p> <p>k. Mrudgandh - 30 %</p> <p>The rate of interest currently is 15.65%</p>	<p>1. By and under a Debenture Trust Deed dt. 22 February 2019 made by and between PSCL as Mortgagor 1, FIPL as Mortgagor 2, Luke Builders Pvt. Ltd. as Mortgagor 3, Lavim Developers Pvt Ltd as Mortgagor 4, PSC Pacific as mortgagor 5, PSC Properties pvt. Ltd as Mortgagor 6, Kshitij Promoters and Developers as mortgagor 7 and Piramal Trusteeship Services Pvt Ltd. as Security Trustee and IDBI Trusteeship Services Ltd.as debenture Trustee ,has created a mortgage in respect of the below property in favour of Security Trustee and Debenture trustee:-</p> <p>a. Magnolia Project - the Immovable Property and the Project alongwith all the rights incidental thereto, both present and future and the Project Assets, Receivables, Development Rights, Project Documents and Benefits of Project Documents relating to Project.</p> <p>b. Greencove II Project - the Immovable Property and the Project alongwith all the rights incidental thereto, both present and future and the Project Assets, Receivables, Development Rights, Project Documents and Benefits of Project Documents relating to Project.</p> <p>c. Meghsparsh project - the Project alongwith all the rights incidental thereto, both present and future, and the Project Assets, Receivables, Development Rights, Project Documents, and the Benefits of Project Documents of the Mortgagor 1 relating to Project.</p> <p>d. Mrudgandh Project - the Immovable Property and the Project alongwith all the rights incidental thereto, both present and future and the Project Assets, Receivables, Development Rights, Project Documents and Benefits of Project Documents relating to Project.</p> <p>e. Broadway Project - unsold units of Project , development rights of LDPL with respect to Immovable Property ; the Project alongwith all the rights incidental thereto, both present and future; rights and receivables, present and future, relating to the Unregistered Units of Project and the Project Assets, Receivables, Development Rights, Project Documents and Benefits of Project Documents of the LDPL relating to Project.</p>	1,293.00	466.50
		<p>f. Blueridge Row houses and Special Housing Scheme Project - the Immovable Property and the Project alongwith all the rights incidental thereto, both present and future and the Project Assets, Receivables, Development Rights, Project Documents and Benefits of Project Documents relating to Project.</p> <p>g. Blueridge Athashri - the Immovable Property and theProject alongwith all the rights incidental thereto, both present and future and the Project Assets, Receivables, Development Rights, Project Documents and Benefits of Project Documents relating to Project.</p> <p>h. Xion Mall & Multiplex - the ownership rights of mortgagor 4, in respect of the project - Xion mall & Multiplex and Anchor block and " unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>i. Crystal Tower - Development rights of mortgagor 3, in respect of the project "Crystal Tower", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>j. Swapna Samrat - the Ownership rights and/or Development rights of the company in respect of the project Swapna Samrat, unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>k. Athashri C & D- the Ownership rights and/or Development rights of the company in respect of the project Athashree C, unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>l. Pratham - the Ownership rights of the company in respect of the project Pratham, unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>m. Ojas Commercial - the Ownership rights of the company in respect of the project Ojas Commercial, unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>n. Synergy - Receivables related to the project</p> <p>o. 127 Upper East - the Development rights of the company, in respect of the project "127 Upper east", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project .</p>		

(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at	As at
			31 March 2020	31 March 2019
		<p>p. Mithila - the Development rights of the company, in respect of the project "Mithila", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>q. Teachers Colony - the Development rights of mortgagor 2, in respect of the project "Teachers Colony", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>r. Greencove - the Development rights of the company, in respect of the project "Greencove", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project</p> <p>s. Blue Ridge Township - the ownership rights of the FIL in the Project (b) the unsold units of the Project alongwith all the rights incidental thereto, both present and future; the Project Assets, Receivables, Proceeds, Development Rights, Project Documents and Benefits of Project Documents relating to Project, rights and receivables, present and future, relating to the Unregistered Units of Project and fixed deposit which is opened pursuant to the Existing Loan Agreement.</p> <p>2. Personal guarantee of of Shrikant Paranjape and Sshank Paranjape.</p> <p>3. Paripassu charge on 15% shares of PSCL pledged by PGNPL and 58.5 shares of FIPL held by PSCL, also pledge of shares of FIL held by of Shrikant Paranjape, of Shashank Paranjape, Rahul Paranjape, Amit Paranjape, Sahil Paranjape, Yash Paranjape.</p>		
Aditya Birla Finance Limited (250 Mn)	<p>Loan is repayable in 48 months with a moratorium period of 24 months. Repayment is of 24 equal monthly installments of Rs 10416667/- commencing from April 18</p> <p>Escrow arrangement</p> <p>1. Escrow mechanism in respect of receivables of Richmond project - as metioned below :-(a) For collection of an amount of up to Rs 80 Cr, from the date of Initial Drawdown, an amount equivalent to Nil percent (Zero Percent)</p> <p>(b) For collection of an amount beyond Rs 80 Crs from the date of Initial Drawdown, an amount being equivalent to 80 % (Eighty per cent)</p> <p>(c) For collection of an amount beyond Rs 60 Cr and above , from the date of Initial Drawdown, an amount being equivalent to 60 % (Sixty per cent)</p> <p>The rate of interest is (LTRR) less 1.75%. Current rate of interest is 14.75%</p> <p>Change in the escrow percentage w.e.f -</p> <p>a. Upto incremental collection of Rs 30 crs (i.e upto total collection of Rs 81 crs) - Escrow NIL</p> <p>b. Over and above Rs 81 crs - 80% towards repayment</p>	<p>1. Paripassu charge with ABFL through registered mortgage deed on- a. PSC House, office building admeasuring 1023.41 sq mts located at CTS No 111+111/2, Anand colony, off prabhat road. B. Share of La Casa Shelter LLP admeasuring carpet area of 193,901.13 sq (out of the total carpet area admeasuring 271,696 sq ft, proportionate development rights given to the landowners of carpet area admeasuring 77,794.87 sq ft is excluded) in the project "Richmond Park" located at S NO 38/4 at Village Rahatni Haveli Pimpri Chinchwad, District Pune .c. Bungalows at Sector R 11A , Bungalow S1-224 and Sector No R11B, Bungalow No S1-225.1, S2-225.2, Forest Trails Township, BHugaon Pune, along with every building structure standing thereon.</p> <p>2. Pari Passu Charge with ABHFL by way pf hypothecation of scheduled receivables (both sold & Unsold) from the Richmond Project.</p> <p>3. Pari Passu charge with ABHFL by way of hypothecation on the Escrow account of projects all monies credited, deposited therein and all investments in respect thereof.</p> <p>4. Pari Passu charge with ABFHL ON DSRA (in the form of investments into liquid financial investments) equivalent to two month interest amount to be created</p> <p>5. Pari Passu charge with ABHFL on 5% shares of PSCL held by PGNPL.</p>	-	166.67

(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)				
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Aditya Birla Housing Finance Limited (150 Mn)	<p>Loan is repayable in 48 months with a moratorium period of 24 months. Repayment is of 24 equal monthly installments of Rs 10416667/- commencing from April 18</p> <p>Escrow arrangement</p> <p>1. Escrow mechanism in respect of receivables of Richmond project - as metioned below :- (a) For collection of an amount of up to Rs 30 Cr, from the date of Initial Drawdown, an amount being equivalent to 20% (Twenty per cent)</p> <p>(b) For collection of an amount beyond Rs 30 Cr and of up to Rs 60 Cr, from the date of Initial Drawdown, an amount being equivalent to 40 % (Forty per cent)</p> <p>(c) For collection of an amount beyond Rs 60 Cr and above , from the date of Initial Drawdown, an amount being equivalent to 60 % (Sixty per cent)</p> <p>The rate of interest is (ARR) less 0.10%. Current rate of interest is 14.75%</p>	<p>1. Paripassu charge with ABHFL through registered mortgage deed on- a. PSC House, office building admeasuring 1023.41 sq mts located at CTS No 111+111/2, Anand colony, off prabhat road. B. Share of La Casa Shelter LLP admeasuring carpet area of 193,901.13 sq (out of the total carpet area admeasuring 271,696 sq ft, proportionate development rights given to the landowners of carpet area admeasuring 77,794.87 sq ft is excluded) in the project "Richmond Park" located at S NO 38/4 at Village Rahatni Haveli Pimpri Chinchwad, District Pune .c. Bungalows at Sector R 11A , Bungalow S1-224 and Sector No R11B, Bungalow No S1-225.1, S2-225.2, Forest Trails Township, BHugaon Pune, along with every building structure standing thereon.</p> <p>2. Pari Passu Charge with ABFL by way pf hypothecation of scheduled receivables (both sold & Unsold) from the Richmond Project.</p> <p>3. Pari Passu charge with ABFL by way of hypothecation on the Escrow account of projects all monies credited, deposited therein and all investments in respect thereof.</p> <p>4. Pari Passu charge with ABHFL ON DSRA (in the form of investments into liquid financial investments) equivalent to two month interest amount to be created</p> <p>5. Pari Passu charge with ABHFL on 5% shares of PSCL held by PGNPL.</p>	-	51.11
Aditya Birla Finance Limited (360 Mn)	<p>Loan is repayable in 48 months with a moratorium period of 24 months. Repayment is of 24 equal monthly installments of Rs 1,50,00,000/- commencing from April 18</p> <p>Escrow arrangement</p> <p>All the receivables from the sold as well as unsold units of project Gloria Grand to be deposited in escrow:- repayment schedule through escrow based on collection amount-</p> <p>a. upto Rs 30 crs - 20% of amount deposited in escrow to be adjusted towards repayment</p> <p>b. beyond 30 crs upto 60 crs - 30%,</p> <p>c. beyond 60 crs to 90 crs- 45%</p> <p>d. beyond 90 crs - 75%</p> <p>The rate of interest is (LTRR) less 1.75% Current rate of interest - 14.75%</p> <p>Change in the escrow percentage w.e.f -</p> <p>a. Upto incremental collection of Rs 60 crs (i.e upto total collection of Rs 81 crs) - Escrow NIL</p> <p>b. Above Rs 60 crs to 90 crs - 60% towards repayment</p> <p>c. Above 90 crs - 75% towards repayment</p>	<p>1. Paripassu charge with ABHFL through registered mortgage deed on- a. PSC House, office building admeasuring 1023.41 sq mts located at CTS No 111+111/2, Anand colony, off prabhat road. B. All that piece and parcel of land admeasuring 3050 sq mtrs.,out of S NO 47/4B, 3300 sq mtrs out of S NO 47/14, 700 sq mtrs out of S NO 47/19, 400 sq mtrs out of S NO 47/13 situated at Bawdhan Khurd, Tal haveli, Dist Pune.C. Share of La Casa Shelter LLP admeasuring carpet area of 193,901.13 sq (out of the total carpet area admeasuring 271,696 sq ft, proportionate development rights given to the landowners of carpet area admeasuring 77,794.87 sq ft is excluded) in the project "Richmond Park" located at S NO 38/4 at Village Rahatni Haveli Pimpri Chinchwad, District Pune .c. Bungalows at Sector R 11A , Bungalow S1-224 and Sector No R11B, Bungalow No S1-225.1, S2-225.2, Forest Trails Township, BHugaon Pune, along with every building structure standing thereon.</p> <p>2. PAri Passu charge with ABHFL by way of hypothecation of Scheduled receivables (both sold & unsold) from the Gloria Grand at Bawdhan projects.</p> <p>3. Pari Passu charge with ABHFL by way of hypothecation on the escrow account of Gloria Grand projects.</p> <p>4. Extension of pledge of 5 % shares of PSCL held by PGNPL.</p> <p>5. Corp. guarante of Krish Shelters Pvt Ltd and PGNPL, personal guarantee of Shrikant Paranjape and Shashank paranjape and guarantee by La Casa LLP.</p>	-	207.89

(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Aditya Birla Housing Finance Limited (140 Mn)	<p>Loan is repayable in 48 months with a moratorium period of 24 months. Repayment is of 24 equal monthly installments of Rs 1,50,00,000/- commencing from April 18</p> <p>Escrow arrangement All the receivables from the sold as well as unsold units of project Gloria Grand to be deposited in escrow:- repayment schedule through escrow based on collection amount-</p> <p>a. upto Rs 30 crs - 20% of amount deposited in escrow to be adjusted towards repayment b. beyond 30 crs upto 60 crs - 30%, c. beyond 60 crs to 90 crs- 45% d. beyond 90 crs - 75%</p> <p>The rate of interest is (ARR) less 0.10% Current rate of interest - 14.75%</p> <p>Change in the escrow percentage w.e.f - a. Upto incremental collection of Rs 60 crs (i.e upto total collection of Rs 81 crs) - Escrow NIL b. Above Rs 60 crs to 90 crs - 60% towards repayment c. Above 90 crs - 75% towards repayment</p>	<p>1. Paripassu charge with ABFL through registered mortgage deed on- a. PSC House, office building admeasuring 1023.41 sq mts located at CTS No 111+111/2, Anand colony, off prabhat road. B. All that piece and parcel of land admeasuring 3050 sq mtrs.,out of S NO 47/4B, 3300 sq mtrs out of S NO 47/14, 700 sq mtrs out of S NO 47/19, 400 sq mtrs out of S NO 47/13 situated at Bawdhan Khurd, Tal haveli, Dist Pune. C. Share of La Casa Shelter LLP admeasuring carpet area of 193,901.13 sq (out of the total carpet area admeasuring 271,696 sq ft, proportionate development rights given to the landowners of carpet area admeasuring 77,794.87 sq ft is excluded) in the project "Richmond Park" located at S NO 38/4 at Village Rahatni Haveli Pimpri Chinchwad, District Pune .c. Bungalows at Sector R 11A , Bungalow S1-224 and Sector No R11B, Bungalow No S1-225.1, S2-225.2, Forest Trails Township, BHugaon Pune, along with every building structure standing thereon.</p> <p>2. PAri Passu charge with ABFL by way of hypothecation of Scheduled receivables (both sold & unsold) from the Gloria Grand at Bawdhan projects.</p> <p>3. Pari Passu charge with ABFL by way of hypothecation on the escrow account of Gloria Grand projects.</p> <p>4. Extension of pledge of 5 % shares of PSCL held by PGNPL.</p> <p>5. Corp. guarantee of Krisha Shelters Pvt Ltd and PGNPL, personal guarantee of Shrikant Paranjape and Shashank paranjape and guarantee by La Casa LLP.</p>	-	104.88
IREP Credit Capital Pvt. Ltd (200MN)	<p>Loan is repayable in 24 months</p> <p>The Principal Amounts cannot be repaid within 6 (six) months from date of Initial Disbursement, or within 3 (three) months from the date of Subsequent Disbursement(s). Notwithstanding the foregoing the Principal Amounts shall be repaid on or before the Final Maturity Date.</p> <p>The current rate of Interest - 16.50%</p>	<p>(i) Pledge of 22,42,500 the PSCL shares held by PGNPL (ii) Personal Guarantee of Shrikant and Shashank Paranjape (iii) Corporate Guarantee of PGNPL. (iv) Demand Promissory Note</p>	-	150.00
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	<p>1. Loan is repayable in 11 months. Repayment is higher of 11 equal monthly 250 Mn. installments commencing from 51st month from the date of first disbursement i.e. 7 April 2017 or 25% of daily collections of Advances from Customers for on going towers and 90% of daily collection of advance from customers of completed towers and (Tower 9,10,11). The rate of Interest was 12%. The Average Rate of Interest during the year was 13.85%.</p>	<p>1.Mortgage of project land admeasuring 6,82,450 Sqmtrs less the sold area and open space of the project 'Forest Trails' at Bhugaon,Pune.</p> <p>2.Charge on the scheduled receivables under the documents entered into with the customers of the funded project by the borrower,and all insurance proceeds,both present and future.</p> <p>3.Personal guarantees of Mr. Shashank Paranjape and Mr. Shrikant Paranjape.</p> <p>4.And /or any other security of higher or equivalent value acceptable to HDFC</p>	2,233.26	2,074.71

(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Piramal Capital and Housing Finance Limited (Formerly known as Piramal Finance Ltd)	The Loan shall be repaid within a period of 60 (sixty) months from the first Disbursement Date (the "Term") i.e 07 September 2017. Provided that for the period commencing from the First Disbursement Date till end of 6 (Six) months therefrom ("Moratorium Period"), there shall be no principal repayment of Loan except from the Receivables in the form of Mandatory Prepayment without payment of any pre-payment Interest. The current rate of interest was 13.75%	1. First and exclusive mortgage charge over land bearing Survey Nos. 119 (Part) to 125 + 154(Part) to 160+160 Hissa No. 2 to Survey No. 171+ 173 referred as Plot No. 1 totally admeasuring 3,30723.12 sq mtrs out of 4,46,300 sq mtrs , situated at village Hinjewadi, Taluka Mulshi, District Pune and excluding the existing Tower B1 to B4, B6, B7, B8 convenience shopping, Slim Fit B1 to B8 shopping, T1 to T 14, T20 to T23 and shops situated at Tower 7 & 8 and also excluding MSEB Area alongwith land underneath. 2. Personal Guarantee Of Mr. Shrikant Paranjape and Mr. Shashank Paranjape 3. Corporate guarantee of PGNPL.	1,999.08	2,042.98
KKR India Asset Finance Pvt Ltd (Sanctioned amount - Rs 1800 Mn.)	KKR India Asset Finance Private limited had sanctioned term loan of Rs. 20,00,000/- (in thousand) (Tranchee A1 - Rs 3,00,00,-/-(in thousand), Tranchee A 2 - Rs 1,00,00/- (in thousand) and Tranchee A3 - Rs 7,00,00/- (in thousand) (which may be raised upto Rs 9,00,00/- (in thousand)) and Tranchee B - Rs 7,00,00/- (in thousand)) to fund Residential Project at Maharashtra Nagar Thane. Each Tranchee is repayable in 12 equal Quaterly installments of 8.33% of Tranchee amount after the end of moratorium period of first 6 quarters from the date of first disbursement for each tranchee. The interest rate of Base Rate 8% & 12% basis point.	This Term loan was secured by first charge by way of mortgage over all right title and interest vested in the company including the development rights of the company with respect to the project land at Maharashtra Nagar & Exclusive first hypothecation of stock, WIP & receivables of the Maharashtra Nagar along with security deposits. Further the loan was guaranteed by the corporate guarantee of Paranjape Schemes(Construction) Ltd. and personal guarantees of Mr. Shrikant Paranjape & Mr. Shashank Paranjape (Directors of Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Ltd). and 100% pledge of company's share capital held by PSCL and other share holders.	440.80	257.38
Total: Term loans from Financial Institutions / Others			8,986.35	8,249.57
Less: Current Maturity of Term Loans from Financial Institutions / Others (Refer Note 29)			6,320.41	6,727.87
Add : Impact of Effective Interest Rate accounting / IND AS			37.34	4.51
Long term loans from Financial Institutions / others			2,703.28	1,526.21

III) Debentures			(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)																									
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019																								
Superior Investment PTE Ltd. HDFC Investment Trust II (NCD issue of Rs 1750 Mn.)	As per terms of DTD dated 20 November 2014 debentures can be redeemed as follows :- 31 October 2017 - 28.57%- 500 Mn. 31 October 2018 - 31.43% - 550 Mn. 31 October 2019 - 40.00% - 700 Mn. As per the terms of the Fourth Supplemental DTD dated 14 November 2019 the repayment schedule was - 31 October 2020 - 20% - 350 Mn. 31 January 2021 - 30% - 525 Mn. 30 April 2021 - 50% - 875 Mn. As per the fifth supplemental DTD dated 22 October 2020 the entire NCD redemption will be due on or before 30 April 2021.	Tranch I - Development Rights of Land admeasuring 6.30 Acres situated at Mouje Varve Khurd, Taluka Bhor, District Pune detailed as follows :- Property No. – 1A Sr No Gat No Area 1 96/1 02H 00R 2 96/2 00H 46R 3 97/1 00H 05R 4 97/2 00H 03R Tranche II –a. All that piece and parcel of land situated at Mauje Varve Khurd, Taluka Bhor, District Pune bearing nos:- Sr No Gat No Area 1. 94/1 00H 10R 2. 94/2 04H 18R b. All that piece and parcel of land situated at Mauje Varve Khurd, Taluka Bhor, District Pune bearing nos:-Sr No Gat No Area 1. 108 00H 64R 2. 109 00H 14.5 R c. Development rights of land situated at Gat no 566, Mouje Goan, Wagholi, Taluka Haveli, District Pune admeasuring 12.35 Acres. 3. Tranch III - All that piece and parcel of land situated at Mauje Varve Khurd, Taluka Bhor, District Pune bearing nos:- Sr No Gat No Area 1. 88 0H 40.5 R 2. 105 0H 26.5 R 3 125 1H 22 R 4 81 1H 18.92 R 4. Tranch IV - All that piece and parcel of land situated Hinjewadi, Taluka Mulsi bearing nos:	1,750.00	1,750.00																								
		Sr No S. No Area 1. 113/2/1 0H 54 R 2. 113/2/2 0H 54 R b. All that piece and parcel of land situated Mauje Varve Khurd, Taluka Bhor, District Pune bearing nos:- Sr No Gat No Area 1. 106 00H 24 R 2. 110 00H 98 R 3. 127 00H 21.66R 5. First and exclusive charge on the escrow account for the projects; and 6. Corporate Guarantee of Paranjape Griha Nirman Pvt. Ltd. (Holding Company)																										
IDBI Trusteeship Services Ltd (Piramal Enterprise Ltd - NCD - 3500 Mn.)	1. Scheduled repayment in 14 quarterly installments as per the below :- a. moratorium period up to first 6 quarters from the date of first disbursement i.e 30 October 2015 b. 05 January 2020 - 48 Mn. c. 05 April 2020 - 60 Mn. d. 05 July 2020 & 05 October 2020 - 257.30 Mn. each e. 05 January 2021 - 263.10 Mn. f. 05 April 2021, 05 July 2021, 05 October 2021 - 328.90 Mn. flexible to prepay, in parts or in full via internal accruals of the project without prepayment penalty Current rate of interest is 15.25% 2. Escrow repayment - all the project cash flows to be deposited in the designated escrow accounts and specific percentage from the same will be adjusted towards repayment of the loan, retention percentages as mentioned below:- <table><tr><td>Project</td><td>Percentage</td></tr><tr><td>Greencove</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Pratham</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Athashri C</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Crystal Tower</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Swapna Samrat</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Xion</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Mithila</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>127 Upper East</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Teachers colony</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Synergy</td><td>100%</td></tr><tr><td>Ojas Commercial</td><td>100%</td></tr></table>	Project	Percentage	Greencove	100%	Pratham	100%	Athashri C	100%	Crystal Tower	100%	Swapna Samrat	100%	Xion	100%	Mithila	100%	127 Upper East	100%	Teachers colony	100%	Synergy	100%	Ojas Commercial	100%	1. By and under a Debenture Trust Deed dt. 26 October 2015 made by and between PSCL as company, FIPL as Mortgagor 1, PSC Properties pvt. Ltd as Mortgagor 2, Kshitij Promoters and Developers as mortgagor 3, PSC Pacific as mortgagor 4, Shrikant Paranjape as promoter 1, Shashank paranjape as Promoter 2 and PGNPL as Promoter 3 and IDBI Trusteeship Services Ltd.as debenture Trustee, has created a mortgage in respect of the below property in favour of IDBI Trusteeship Services Ltd :- c. the ownership rights of mortgagor 4, in respect of the project - Xion mall & Multiplex and Anchor block and unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project d. the Development rights of mortgagor 3, in respect of the project "Crystal Tower", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project e. the Ownership rights and/or Development rights of the company in respect of the project Swapna Samrat, unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project f. the Ownership rights and/or Development rights of the company in respect of the project Athashree C, unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project g. the Ownership rights of the company in respect of the project Pratham, unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project h. the Ownership rights of the company in respect of the project Ojas Commercial, unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project i. the entitlement of mortgagor 2, in the project Vijaynagar - royal court commercial, , unsold units in the project and the receivables j. the Development rights of the company, in respect of the project "127 Upper east", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project k. the Development rights of the company, in respect of the project "Mithila", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project l. the Development rights of the company, in respect of the project "Greencove", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project m. the Development rights of mortgagor 2, in respect of the project "Teachers Colony", unsold units in the project and the receivables of the project 2. Personal guarantee of Shrikant Paranjape and Shashank Paranjape 3. Corp Guarantee of PGNPL, PSC Properties Pvt Ltd 4. Paripassu charge on 15% shares of PSCL pledged by PGNPL	1,824.40	2,177.60
Project	Percentage																											
Greencove	100%																											
Pratham	100%																											
Athashri C	100%																											
Crystal Tower	100%																											
Swapna Samrat	100%																											
Xion	100%																											
Mithila	100%																											
127 Upper East	100%																											
Teachers colony	100%																											
Synergy	100%																											
Ojas Commercial	100%																											

Vistra ITCL (INDIA) Ltd (ASK Real Estate Special Opportunities Fund II & III - OCD - 1200 Mn.)	The Redemption Amount shall fall due and payable on 29 September 2022 or early maturity date and shall be paid to the Debenture Holders along with any other Debenture Outstandings, notwithstanding insufficiency of the Remainder Amounts, with respect to all outstanding Debentures not redeemed or converted to CCDs / Resultant Equity Shares. Currently Rate of interest - 10% p.a	1. first-ranking registered mortgage (including the assignment of all rights, titles and interest of the Company) of the Mortgaged Properties i.e Gloria Grand, Richmond Park, PSC House, 2 bungalows at Forest Trails, created by way of this Agreement, pari passu with the Security for PRSPL Debentures; 2. hypothecation of Moveable Assets on a first-charge basis in terms of the relevant Deeds of Hypothecation, pari passu with the Security created for PRSPL Debentures; 3. first-ranking pledge of the 31% of PSCL shares held by PGNPL ranking pari passu with the Security created for PRSPL Debentures; 4. first-ranking pledge of the entire shareholding of PRSPL, ranking pari passu with the Security created for PRSPL Debentures; 5. first-ranking pledge of the entire shareholding of Brickmix, Second Charge pledge on entire shareholding of Nalanda Shelter Pvt Ltd ranking pari passu with the Security created for PRSPL Debentures; and 6. the Personal Guarantee of Mr Shrikant paraniage and Mr Shashank paraniage	1,200.00	1,060.00
KKR India Asset Finance Pvt. Ltd (Through their trustee - IDBI trusteeship Services Ltd) (NCD - 992.90 Mn.)	1. Five years, option to extend for one additional year (at discretion of the Lender). 2. All the sales proceeds of the 237 identified investor's apartment will be appropriated proportionately in the ratio to principal & redemption premium 3. Coupon rate - NIL	1. First Charge by way of mortgage over the 237 investor identified apartment at Tower 9, 10 and 11 situated at our project Forest Trails, Bhugaon. 2. Corporate Guarantee of promoter - PSCL 3. Corporate Guarantee of PGNPL which shall be effective upon the merger of the project company into the Promoter 4. Exclusive charge by way of hypothecation on the cash flows from sale of the investor identified units.	448.58	448.58
0.25% Non Convertible Redeemable Debentures	The term of the 0.25% Debentures is 24 months . The debentures are redeemable at a premium of Rs 50/- per debenture.	Secured against mortgage charge over following units situated at project Blue ridge - T14- 2401, 2404, T 10 - 1301, 1302	30.00	30.00
Total: Debentures			5,252.98	5,466.18
Less: Current Maturity of Debentures (Refer Note 28)			2,564.58	3,617.38
Add: Impact of Effective Interest Rate accounting IND AS			320.10	8.48
Less: Embedded derivative			16.97	143.61
Long term debentures			2,991.52	1,713.67

Vehicle Loans from Banks			(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)	
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of security	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
HDFC Limited	The loans are repayable at equal 60 monthly installments starting from February 20. The Average Rate of Interest on all the Car loans was 10.50%.	Hypothecaion of Vehicles	12.72	10.05
HDFC Limited	Vehicle Loan from HDFC Bank Limited obtained for Ertiga car is repayable in 60 equal monthly instalment of Rs. 17,222 starting from January 2017.	Hypothecaion of Vehicles	0.33	0.50
HDFC Bank Ltd	60 equal monthly installments commencing from February 2015 Rate of Interest - 10.00%	Hypothecaion of Vehicles	-	0.65
Yes Bank	60 equal monthly installments commencing from April 2018 Rate of Interest - 8.37%	Hypothecaion of Vehicles	4.97	6.22
Axis Bank	60 equal monthly installments commencing from April 2018 Rate of Interest - 8.41%	Hypothecaion of Vehicles	14.17	18.18
Total: Vehicle loans from Banks			32.19	35.60
Less: Current Maturity of Vehicle Loans (Refer Note 28)			9.28	9.39
Long term vehicle Loans from Banks			22.91	26.21

Public Deposit		(Rs. in Million unless otherwise stated)	
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
		Unsecured	Unsecured
		(Rs. in Million)	(Rs. in Million)
Public Deposit	The Public Deposits have a Maturity period ranging from 1 year to 3 years and have rate of interest ranging from 10.5% to 12%	42.17	64.81
Less: Current Maturity of Public Deposit (Refer Note 28)		-	64.81
Long Term Public Deposit		42.17	-

Loans and Advances from others - Unsecured			
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
		Unsecured (Rs in Million)	Unsecured (Rs in Million)
Loans and Advances from Others - Unsecured	Tenure of Maturity more than 12 months	577.07	572.50
Loans and Advances from Others - Unsecured	Tenure of Maturity less than 12 months	7.32	270.82
Total		584.39	843.32

Note : During the COVID lockdown period, all the Lender's had extended a moratorium of 6 months in respect of the interest as well principal repayment due during the period from March 20 to August 20. This moratorium facility was availed by PSCL in respect of all the borrowings lent by HDFC Bank Limited, Piramal Capital and Housing Finance Ltd. and State bank of India on the basis of which non-current and current classification is done.

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED

Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 23 - Trade payable - Non-Current

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises.	-	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises.	75.74	180.84
Total	75.74	180.84

Note 24 - Other Financial Liabilities - Non-Current

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Security Deposits	169.59	221.60
(b) Medical Deposits	18.49	19.86
(c) Lease Liabilities	218.22	-
(d) Maintenance Deposits	381.37	367.64
Total	787.67	609.10

Note 25 - Provisions - Non-Current

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Provision for Employee Benefits		
- Provision for Gratuity (Refer note 44)	86.71	62.36
- Provision for Compensated Absences	14.50	7.18
Total	101.21	69.54

Note 26 - Other Non Current Liabilities

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Prepaid income on security deposit recognized at amortized cost	234.36	237.05
Total	234.36	237.05

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED**Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements****Note 27 - Borrowings - Current****(Rs. in Million)**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Secured Borrowings - At Amortised cost:		
(a) Loans payable on demand		
From Banks - Cash Credit	-	79.39
Unsecured Borrowings - At amortised cost:		
(a) Loans and Advances from Related Parties	562.33	596.70
(b) Public Deposits	318.03	-
(c) Inter Corporate Deposit	702.34	1,168.44
(d) Loans and Advances from others	7.32	270.82
(e) Bank Balance-OD	-	31.10
Total	1,590.02	2,146.45

NOTE 27A

(Rs. in Million)				
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of Security	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Loans Repayable on demand- Cash Credit from bank (Secured)				
Axis Bank - Cash Credit	1. Exclusive first hypothecation charge and escrow of receivables of the project Ujwal, Lake Vista II and Janardan		-	79.39
Total Loans Repayable on demand - Cash Credit from bank (Secured)			-	79.39

Intercompany Deposits (Unsecured)

Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of Security	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
			Unsecured	Unsecured
			(Rs in Million)	(Rs in Million)
Inter Corporate Deposits	The Inter Corporate Deposits taken are unsecured and repayable on demand.		224.97	654.97
Paranjape Properties & Investment Private Limited	The Inter Corporate Deposits taken are unsecured and repayable on demand.		477.37	513.47
Total Unsecured Inter Corporate Deposits			702.34	1,168.44

Public Deposits (Unsecured)

(Rs. in Million)				
Particulars	Terms of Repayment	Terms of Security	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
PSC Pacific	The Public Deposits have a Maturity period ranging upto 1 year and have rate of interest ranging from 12% to 21.6%		318.00	-
Total Public Deposits			318.00	-

Short Term loans & advances from Related Parties - Unsecured

Particulars	Terms of Repayment	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
		Unsecured	Unsecured
		(Rs in Million)	(Rs in Million)
Shrikant Paranjape	The loan is repayable on demand at the rate of Interest of 12.5% (1% for Mar.2019)	206.73	125.58
Shashank Paranjape	The loan is repayable on demand at the rate of Interest of 12.5% (1% for Mar.2019)	161.51	100.43
Paranjape Estate & Development Co.Pvt.Ltd.	The loan is repayable on demand at the rate of Interest of 12%	2.99	8.88
Paranjape Properties & Investment Private Limited	The loan is repayable on demand at the rate of Interest of 9.00% (15.22% for Mar.2019)	102.21	102.21
Nalanda Shelter Pvt. Ltd.	The loan is repayable on demand (16.45% for Mar.2019)	(10.00)	63.43
Reifen Investment Services Pvt Ltd - ICD	The loan is repayable on demand	10.85	8.80
PSC Holdings USA	The loan is repayable on demand	56.47	52.22
PSC Infracon Pvt Ltd	The loan is repayable on demand at the rate of Interest 14%	31.50	31.50
Others		0.07	0.03
Total Short Term Borrowings from Others - Unsecured		562.33	493.07

Loans and Advances from others - Unsecured

Particulars	Terms of Repayment	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
		(Rs in Million)	(Rs in Million)
DILIP KUMAR SANE	The loan is repayable on demand and unsecured	-	1.15
JAYRAM APTE	The loan is repayable on demand and unsecured	-	1.11
KANCHAN DILIP SANE	The loan is repayable on demand and unsecured	-	1.30
PADMASHREE YASHWANT RISBUD	The loan is repayable on demand and unsecured	-	0.50
PRİYADARSHANI JAYRAM APTE	The loan is repayable on demand and unsecured	-	4.12
YASHWANT CHINTAMAN RISBUD	The loan is repayable on demand and unsecured	-	2.00
ARUN VINAYAK PHANSALKAR	The loan is repayable on demand and unsecured	-	1.00
JYOTSNA SHASHIKANT PALANDE	The loan is repayable on demand and unsecured	-	0.60
MANDAKINI GOVIND SANE	The loan is repayable on demand and unsecured	-	0.10
PRABHAVATI JAGANNATH KELKAR	The loan is repayable on demand and unsecured	-	0.10
SMITA CHINTAMAN RISBUD	The loan is repayable on demand and unsecured	-	1.50
Kshitij Promoters and Developers	The loan is repayable in a maturity period ranging upto 1 year and have different rate of interests	7.32	257.35
Total Loans & Advance from Others - Unsecured		7.32	270.83

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED**Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements****Note 28 - Trade Payables - Current**

(Rs. in Million)		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
A. Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises.	62.32	43.27
B. Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises.	4,809.74	4,218.95
Total	4,872.06	4,262.22

NOTE 28A: Trade Payables MSME Disclosures

(Rs. in Million)		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year:		
Principal	43.17	
Interest	19.15	
Total	62.32	-
(b) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	-	
(c) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act.	11.56	
(d) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	19.15	

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 29 - Other Financial Liabilities - Current

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Current Maturities of Long-Term Debt and Debentures		
(i) Term Loans		
- From Banks - Secured (Refer Note 22A)	313.57	89.60
- From Financial Institutions/Others - Secured (Refer Note 22A)	6,320.41	6,727.87
-Vehicle Loans from Banks - Secured (Refer Note 22A)	9.28	9.39
-Public Deposits		64.81
		-
(ii) Non-convertible Debentures - Secured		
0.25% Non Convertible Redeemable Debentures (Refer Note 22A)	47.83	41.15
14% Non-convertible Debentures - Secured (Refer Note 22A)	1,750.00	1,748.17
14.5% Non-convertible Debentures - Secured (Refer Note 22A)	354.47	1,399.76
9,929 partly paid Non convertible redeemable debentures of Rs. 1,00,000 each - Secured (Refer Note 22A)	412.28	428.31
		-
(b) Interest Accrued on Borrowings	1,645.33	1,342.57
(c) Other Payables	-	-
(i) Security Deposits	56.71	2.02
(ii) Book Bank Overdraft	-	40.75
(iii) Salary payable	101.89	86.23
(iv) Others	166.85	12.00
(v) Lease Liabilities	8.46	-
(vi) Commission payable to Director	139.20	104.40
(vii) Advance from LLP and payable to partners on dissolved partnership	220.83	220.92
(d) Liability towards minority stakeholders of FIL	1,242.30	409.97
(d) Advances received for development activities	-	170.23
Total	12,789.41	12,898.15

Note 30 - Provisions - Current

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Provision for Employee Benefits - Gratuity (Refer note 44)	1.48	3.83
(b) Provision for Compensated absences	3.12	1.74
Total	4.60	5.57

Note 31 - Other Current Liabilities

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(i) Advances received from Customers	8,533.61	8,412.64
(ii) Statutory remittances	382.87	335.32
(iii) Income Billed in Advance	-	0.08
(iv) Other Payables	19.25	-
(v) Security Deposits	11.19	17.01
Total	8,946.91	8,765.05

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED**Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements****Note 32 - Revenue from Operations****(Rs. in Million)**

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2020	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019
(a) Operating Revenues		
(i) Sale of Constructed Properties	3,071.92	6,855.25
(ii) Income from Hotel business	308.56	296.88
(iii) Others	21.48	22.03
(b) Other Operating Revenues		
(i) Rental Income	247.18	168.01
(II) Developers Remuneration/Management Consultancy Fees	207.15	48.61
(iii) Township maintenance Income	95.62	76.97
(iv) Others	5.54	8.70
Total	3,957.45	7,476.45

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED

Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 33 - Other Income

(Rs. in Million)		
Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2020	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019
(a) Interest Income earned on financial assets		
(i) On Inter Corporate Deposits	47.59	54.63
(ii) Unwinding of Interest	0.10	22.48
(iii) Others	43.71	46.01
	91.40	123.12
(b) Dividend on Current Investments carried at FVTPL	0.14	1.27
(c) Other Non-operating Income		
(i) Profit on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	-	-
(ii) Profit on sale of subsidiary	80.21	-
(iii) Foreign Exchange Gain - (net)	6.06	2.53
(iv) Liabilities no longer required written back	64.28	5.25
(v) Allowances for Doubtful Advances written back	-	0.35
(vi) Fair value gain on investments*	0.16	17.60
(vii) Gain on valuation of debentures	76.84	-
Profit from financial assets carried at deemed cost (Partnership firms)	(9.10)	-
(viii) Interest on Income Tax Refund	0.28	0.94
(ix) VAT Refund Received	-	46.42
(x) Miscellaneous Income	27.57	398.36
	246.30	471.45
Total	337.84	595.84

* FVTPL of investments represent fair valuation changes in mutual funds as at reporting dates, which have not been recognized separately in financial statements.

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED

Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 34 - Cost of Land, Development Rights and Constructed Properties

(Rs. in Million)		
Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2020	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019
(a) Opening Stock		
(i) Raw Material	119.24	195.02
(ii) Work-in-Progress	16,913.88	15,296.50
(iii) Constructed Units	3,332.74	1,124.92
(A)	20,365.86	16,616.44
(b) Add: Expenses incurred during the year		
(i) Development and Construction expenses	1,687.62	3,911.75
(ii) Interest on Borrowings and Bank Charges	1,147.44	1,269.11
(iii) Land and Land related expenses	360.77	594.46
(B)	3,195.83	5,775.32
(c) Work in progress transferred to		
(i) Subsidiary	-	-
(ii) Reserve due to Ind AS 115	-	3,844.31
(iii) School	-	-
(C)	-	3,844.31
Less : Constructed Units transferred to Investment Property	(13.82)	-
(d) Less : Closing Stock		
(i) Raw Material	(248.54)	(119.24)
(ii) Work-in-Progress	(17,989.42)	(16,913.88)
(iii) Constructed Units	(2,684.75)	(3,332.75)
Less: Adjustment for valuation of constructed units at NRV	(38.48)	
(D)	(20,922.71)	(20,365.87)
Total (A+B+C-D)	2,625.16	5,870.20

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 35 - Employee Benefits Expenses

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2020	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019
(a) Salaries and Wages	336.79	350.51
(b) Contributions to Provident and Other Funds (Refer note 44)	19.98	22.17
(c) Gratuity expenses (Refer note 44)	15.52	14.87
(d) Staff Welfare Expenses	11.26	12.20
Total	383.55	399.75

Note 36 - Finance Cost

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2020	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019
(a) Interest Expense for financial liabilities carried at amortised cost		
(i) On Term Loans, Debentures and vehicle loans	2,400.94	2,232.16
(ii) On Cash Credit Facilities	7.07	10.17
(iii) Interest on Inter Corporate Deposits and other financial liabilities	61.27	653.47
(iv) On Others		
Others - Interest on delayed/deferred payment of Income Tax	28.56	6.17
(b) Borrowing Costs - Processing and other fees	-	3.36
(c) Premium on redemption of debentures	-	7.50
(d) Finance charges payable under finance leases	32.62	
(e) Interest expenses on measuring Security Deposit at amortised cost	64.81	18.18
Less:		
(i) Interest and Other Financial Expenses capitalised as the part of Cost of Inventory	(1,147.44)	(1,269.50)
Total	1,447.83	1,661.51

Note 37 - Depreciation and Amortisation Expense

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2020	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019
a) Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipments	131.44	129.33
b) Amortisation on Right to use Assets	23.92	-
c) Amortisation on Intangible Assets	1.64	1.58
Total	157.00	130.91

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Note 38 - Other Expenses
(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2020	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019
(a) Power and Fuel	66.13	60.66
(b) Rent	23.73	63.62
(c) Repairs and Maintenance		-
- Repairs to Building	4.67	3.95
- Repairs to Machinery	0.70	0.48
- Repairs to Others	47.05	47.99
(d) Insurance	6.07	5.66
(e) Rates and taxes	109.72	41.84
(f) Maintenance for Completed Sites / Township	82.97	68.06
(g) Brokerage and Commission	36.25	32.66
(h) Advertisement and Business Promotion Expenses	353.00	403.85
(i) Travel and Conveyance	26.90	27.20
(j) Postage and Telephone	9.12	8.79
(k) Printing and Stationery	3.38	4.78
(l) Auditors Remuneration (refer note 38A)	4.20	7.65
(m) Legal and Professional charges	287.32	93.38
(n) Net Loss on sale/disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	0.69	0.52
(o) Donation	-	0.52
(p) Provision for Foreseeable Losses	-	22.42
(q) Bad debts written off	22.23	3.65
(r) Allowance for Doubtful Debts	151.50	9.70
(s) Allowance for Doubtful Advances	0.40	5.00
(t) Contribution towards CSR Activity	-	0.12
(u) Allowance for Doubtful Land Advances	108.50	-
(v) Royalty Expenses	0.10	0.14
(w) Adjustment for valuation of Constructed Units	38.48	-
(x) Compensation Paid	25.05	75.00
(y) Loss on Optionally Convertible Debentures	234.84	143.61
(z) Facilities canteen and other charges	10.35	-
(aa) Consumption of Raw material and consumables of hotel	61.26	-
(ab) Miscellaneous Expenses	107.42	175.37
(ac) Share of Loss from financial assets valued at deemed cost (partnership firms)	-	41.79
Total	1,822.03	1,348.41

Note 38A.: Payments made to statutory Auditors (Net of taxes)
(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2020	For the Year Ended March 31, 2019
Statutory audit	3.50	3.90
Other services	-	-
- Limited Review	0.70	3.75
Total	4.20	7.65

Note - Previous year figures represent payment to predecessor auditors.



PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

39 The consolidated financial statements represents the consolidated accounts of the Group, which consists of financials statements of its following subsidiaries and joint ventures and share of profit/(loss) of the group in its associates.

Sr. No.	Name of the entity	Country of Incorporation	% holding / profit sharing as at	
			March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
I	Subsidiaries*			
1	Matrix Developers Limited (formerly known as Matrix Developers Private Limited) (Refer Note No.40)	India	NA	100.00%
2	Flagship Infrastructure Limited (formerly know as (Flagship Infrastructure Private Limited) (Refer Note no.40)	India	NA	58.41%
3	Blueridge Golfclub Private Limited	India	100.00%	58.41%
4	Paranjape Premises Private Limited	India	99.90%	99.90%
5	Athashri Homes Private Limited	India	99.80%	99.80%
6	Linker Shelter Private Limited (Note iii below)	India	99.80%	99.80%
7	PSC Holdings Limited	Mauritius	100.00%	100.00%
8	Lavim Developers Private Limited	India	100.00%	100.00%
9	Peer Realty Private Limited	India	100.00%	100.00%
10	Paranjape Schemes Bangalore	India	70.00%	70.00%
11	Paranjape Schemes Shelters	India	90.00%	90.00%
12	PSC Properties	India	99.00%	99.00%
13	Gloria Associates	India	60.00%	60.00%
14	Kshitij Promoters & Developers	India	65.00%	70.00%
15	PSC Pacific	India	75.00%	75.00%
16	Athashri Aastha	India	100.00%	100.00%
17	PSC Realtors Private Limited	India	70.00%	70.00%
18	PSC Properties Private Limited	India	100.00%	100.00%
19	PSC Global Inc. (Refer Note ii)	USA	100.00%	100.00%
20	Pristine Homes LLC	USA	85.00%	85.00%
21	Menthol Developers Private Limited (Refer Note No.40)	India	NA	100.00%
II	Joint Ventures			
1	Synergy Development Corporation Private Limited **	India	NA	25.00%
2	La Casa Shelters LLP	India	50.00%	50.00%
3	Kaleidoscope Developers Private Limited	India	50.00%	50.00%

* Partnership Firms with majority control are considered as subsidiaries

** During the year ended March 31, 2020, the Group sold its investment in Synergy Development Corporation Private Limited in Class A and Class B Equity shares amounting to Rs. 0.10 Million

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

Rs. in Million

40	Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
(a)	Contingent Liabilities Contingent Liabilities : (to the extent not provided for)		
	i. Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debts*	1,595.61	1,213.48
	ii. Corporate guarantees given on behalf of group companies under the same management **	11,966	16,141.10
	iii. Interest on Non Convertible Debentures ***	567.09	451.59
(b)	Capital and other commitments Capital Commitments	3.08	47.43
	other commitments Commitments in respect of non cancellable leases	563.75	600.55
	<p>*In the opinion of the management the above claims are not sustainable and the Company does not expect any outflow of economic resources in respect of above claims and therefore no provision is made in respect thereof.</p> <p>** The Company does not expect any outflow of resources in respect of the Guarantees issued. PSCL had issued corporate guarantee of Rs 2500 Mn to Piramal Capital and Housing Finance Ltd on behalf of Flagship Infrastructure Limited and Rs 992.90 Mn to HDFC Bank Limited on behalf on Matrix Developers Ltd which are merged with PSCL now. (Refer note no. 40)</p> <p>*** The Company has issued 1,750 Listed Non-Convertible Debentures amounting to Rs 1,750 Million. As per the Debenture Subscription Agreement, HDFC Investment Trust II and Superior Investments PTE Limited are entitled to receive IRR up to 20.60% p.a. on the Debenture Subscription amount only if the said "projects" generate surplus funds. The difference between the coupon rate i.e. 14% p.a. and the IRR 20.60 % p.a. of Rs. 567.09 Mn upto March 31, 2020 (Previous year- 451.59 Mn) has not been provided and is disclosed in contingent liability as the projects are still in the construction phase and accordingly has not generated surplus funds.</p>		

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

41 Merger of Flagship Infrastructure Limited ('FIL'), Matrix Developers Limited ('Matrix') and Menthol Developers Private Limited ('Menthol') with the Company

The Mumbai bench of National Company Law Tribunal ('NCLT') approved the following schemes of merger as below:

- Merger of Matrix with the Company (appointed date of April 1, 2017) vide approval dated June 24, 2019; and
- Merger of FIL and Menthol with the Company (appointed date of April 1, 2017) vide approval dated January 31, 2020.

Approved scheme of Merger between Matrix and the Company

In March 2018, the Board of Directors had approved the draft scheme of Amalgamation between Matrix (as transferor company) and the Company (as transferee company). Since Matrix was a wholly owned subsidiary, the merger has been given effect by absorption of assets and liabilities of Matrix and the equity shares of Matrix stand cancelled and extinguished as prescribed under Section 230 to 232 of the Act.

Approved scheme of Merger between FIL, Menthol and the Company

In March 2018, the Board of Directors had approved the draft scheme of Amalgamation between FIL and Menthol (as transferor companies) and the Company (as transferee company). Considering both the transferor companies are subsidiaries of the Company as at the appointed date, the common control has been established.

Further, since Menthol was a wholly owned subsidiary, the merger scheme has been given effect by absorption of assets and liabilities of Menthol and the equity shares of Menthol stand cancelled and extinguished as prescribed under Section 230 to 232 of the Act.

In case of FIL, below was the merger process as per the scheme:

Considering the fact that the shareholding of FIL also included other shareholders (the 'Other Shareholders'), the Board of Directors of both the companies had agreed to an exchange ratio of 4,230 equity shares of a face value of INR 10 each of the Company to be issued to the Other shareholders of FIL for every 100 equity shares (with INR 10 as the face value) held in FIL. This exchange ratio has been agreed based on valuation. Accordingly, the 969,216 equity shares held by the Other shareholders of FIL would be eligible for 40,997,837 equity shares in the Company. As a result of above scheme, a total of 40,997,837 equity shares were pending to be allotted as on March 31, 2019.

a) Brief snapshot of the merger (including assets taken over, consideration payable and capital reserve):

	(Rs. in Million)		
	FIL	Matrix	Menthol
Total external assets as at March 31, 2019 (A)	9,812.18	4,930.16	1.19
Total external liabilities (non-current) (B)	1,939.22	2,514.10	-
Total external liabilities (current) (C)	3,915.90	1,488.45	0.11
Net assets acquired (D=A-B-C)	3,957.06	927.61	1.08
Reserves (preserved as is) (E)	3,933.76	274.62	0.98
Net equity and borrowing (F=D-E)	23.30	652.99	0.10
Consideration payable for Other shareholding (G)	409.97	N.A.	N.A.
Value of investment in the books of the Company (H)	1,421.56	1,676.95	0.56
Net gain / (loss) out of the merger (I=F-G-H)	(1,808.23)	(1,023.96)	(0.46)
Aggregate of loss on merger (treated as capital reserve)			(2,832.65)

In case of FIL, below was the merger process as per the scheme:

During the year ended March 31, 2020, while the scheme was pending with the NCLT, the Company acquired the shareholding of the Other shareholders (holding 969,216 equity shares) of FIL at an agreed acquisition price. Accordingly, the condition for issuance of shares to the Other shareholders was no longer valid. The Company, based on an opinion from an independent legal counsel, believes that such act of acquisition of shareholding during the pre-approval stage of the merger scheme is not in contravention with section 230 to 232 of the Act. Accordingly, there is no further issuance of equity share capital to such Other shareholders of FIL during the year. The Company has filed the requisite forms (INC-28 along with the order with the NCLT) with the Registrar of Companies ('ROC').

b) Accordingly, the balance of capital reserves as at March 31, 2020 was adjusted as below:

	(Rs. in Million)	
Capital reserves as per computation above as at March 31, 2019		(2,832.65)
Adjust:		
Relinquishment of liability pertaining to issue of equity shares of the Company to the Other shareholders of FIL	409.97	
Liability arising out of agreed acquisition of shareholding of the Other shareholders of FIL	(1,400.00)	(990.03)
Adjusted Capital reserves as at March 31, 2020		(3,822.68)

The liability arising out of agreed acquisition of shareholding of the Other shareholders of FIL has been shown separately in the standalone financial statements to the extent outstanding as at March, 31, 2020.

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
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42 The Government of India declared a nationwide lockdown due to pandemic of Covid 19. As a consequence, the Company closed down all its business operations and functions which resulted in all the work relating to accounts department closed down totally. All this happened during the peak times of finalization of accounts of the Company. After the lockdown was lifted up partially, the Company too started functioning, albeit with around 10% attendance. This seriously affected the work of finalization of accounts and audit thereof. Considering the loss of time and other practical difficulties, the Company applied for and obtained extension of time to hold its Annual General Meeting on or before Dec 31, 2020. However, due to difficulties in finalizing the accounts of its US based subsidiaries, the Company could not finalize its consolidated accounts on or before Dec 31, 2020 thereby it did not hold its AGM for FY 2019-20 on or before Dec 31, 2020.

43 As per Terms of Reference of Audit Committee, the audit committee is obligated to oversee the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible. Additionally, the audit committee is also required to review, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to inter alia: (a) matters required to be included in the director's responsibility statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of Section 134(3) of the Act; (b) compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements as per Companies Act, 2013.

The Companies Act, 2013 provides that the Audit Committee shall consist of a minimum of three directors [with independent directors forming a majority].

However, due to resignations of a couple of Independent Directors there are insufficient number of Independent Director on the Company's Board. The Company is taking all efforts to form Audit Committee as per the Companies Act, 2013.

In the absence of Audit Committee, the Board of Directors has ultimate power and responsibility to declare that the financial statement, including consolidated financial statement, if any, are correct, sufficient and credible in accordance with accounting standards and Companies Act, 2013

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

44 Employee benefits

(A) Defined Contribution Plans

(Rs. in Million)

During the year, the Company has recognized the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss (Refer note 35) -	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Employers' Contribution to Provident Fund	18.30	19.02
Employee State Insurance Contribution (ESIC)	1.23	2.13
Labour Welfare fund	0.38	0.96
Employee Deposit Linked Insurance Scheme (EDLI)	0.07	0.07
	19.98	22.18

The above amounts represent contributions payable to these plans by the company at rates specified in the rules of the plans.

(B) Defined benefit plans

a) Gratuity payable to employees

The defined benefit plan comprises of Gratuity. The defined benefit plan is fully funded.

Under the plan, gratuity is payable to all the eligible employees at the rate of 15 days salary for each year of service, without any payment ceiling. The formula to calculate daily salary is $1/26 \times \text{Monthly salary} \times \text{number of years of completed service}$.

These plans typically expose the company to actuarial risks such as future salary and escalation Risk, Asset Liability Matching Risk, Discount Risk and Asset risk.

Future Salary and Escalation risk: Since price inflation and salary growth are linked economically, they are combined for disclosure purposes. Rising salaries will often result in higher future defined benefit payments resulting in a higher present value of liabilities especially unexpected salary increases provided at management's discretion may lead to uncertainties in estimating this increasing risk.

Asset Liability Matching Risk: Risk which arises if there is a mismatch in the duration of the assets relative to the liabilities. By matching duration with the defined benefit liabilities, the company is successfully able to neutralize valuation swings caused by interest rate movements. Hence companies are encouraged to adopt asset-liability management.

Discount Risk: Variations in the discount rate used to compute the present value of the liabilities may seem small, but in practice can have a significant impact on the defined benefit liabilities.

Asset Risk: All plan assets are maintained in a trust fund managed partly by a public sector insurer viz; LIC of India and partly managed by private sector insurer viz; SBI Life Insurance Company Limited.

The company has opted for a traditional fund where in all assets are invested primarily in risk averse markets. The company has no control over the management of funds but this option provides a high level of safety for the total corpus. A single account is maintained for both the investment and claim settlement and hence 100% liquidity is ensured. Also interest rate and inflation risk are taken care of.

In respect of the plan, the most recent actuarial valuation of the plan assets and the present value of defined benefit obligation were carried out as at March 31, 2020 by Ranadey Professional Services, Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries of India. The present value of the defined benefit obligation, and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit method.

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

i) Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligation		(Rs. in Million)	
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	
Present value of obligation at the beginning of the year	94.15	87.18	
Transfer In / (Out)*	0.08	0.23	
Interest cost	6.90	6.36	
Past service cost**	0.56	-	
Current service cost	8.94	8.68	
Curtailments	-	-	
Settlements	-	-	
Liability transferred out - Demerged Undertakings		-1.70	
Benefits paid	-12.68	-7.44	
Actuarial (gain)/ loss on obligations	6.56	0.84	
Present value of obligation at the end of the year***	104.51	94.15	

*1 employee has transferred from Athashri Homes Private Limited

**As informed by the Company, cap on gratuity has been changed from 2 Mn to no cap for Flagship Infrastructures Limited.

***Included in provision for employee benefits (Refer note 25 and 30)

ii) Expense recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss		(Rs. in Million)	
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	
Current service cost	8.94	8.68	
Past service cost	0.56	-	
Net interest (Income)/ Expense	5.51	4.83	
Mortality charges	0.52		
Transfer In / (Out)	-		
Total expenses recognized in the Statement Profit and Loss*	15.52	13.51	

*Included in Employee benefits expense (Refer Note 35).

iii) Expenses recognised in Other Comprehensive Income		(Rs. in Million)	
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	
Return on Plan Assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense)	-0.06	0.31	
Actuarial Gains / (Losses) arising from changes in Financial Assumptions	-1.13	0.85	
Actuarial Gains / (Losses) arising from experience adjustments	-5.82	1.41	
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in of Other Comprehensive Income*	-7.00	2.58	
*Actuarial (gain)/loss of is included in other comprehensive income.			
Total Amount recognised in Profit & Loss	8.51	16.09	

The Current Service cost and the net interest expense for the year ended are included in the 'Employee Benefits expense' line item in the statement of profit and loss.

The remeasurement of the net defined liability is included in other comprehensive income.

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

iv) Change in fair value of assets during the year (Rs. in Million)		
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Plan Assets at beginning of the period, at Fair Value*	27.01	31.90
Interest Income	1.64	2.22
Expected Return on Plan Assets(excluding amounts included in net interest expense)	-0.05	-0.05
Assets Transferred In/Acquisitions	-	-
Benefits Paid	-12.60	-7.14
Mortality Charges and Taxes	-0.52	-0.65
Contributions from the employer	0.70	0.73
Plan assets at the end of the year	16.18	27.01

*In the financial year ended 31 March 2016, all the employees of Gloria Associates transferred to Pranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited (hereinafter referred to as 'PSCL', but the amount of funded assets for these employees has not been transferred to PSCL till date and not considered in the Actuarial Report. However PSCL has recognized the amount of the funded assets in its books of accounts as on 31 March 2016 amounting to Rs. 1.16 Mn.

v) Assets and liabilities recognized in the Balance Sheet: (Rs. in Million)		
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Present value of unfunded obligation as at the end of the year	-104.38	-40.97
Fair value of the plan assets at the end of period	16.18	24.85
Surplus / (Deficit)	-88.20	-51.58
Net asset / (liability) recognised in balance sheet*	-88.20	-51.58

*Included in provision for employee benefits (Refer note 25 and 30)

vi) Actuarial assumptions (Rs. in Million)		
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Discount rate (per annum)	6.88%	7.71%
Rate of increase in Salary	6.00%	6.00%
Expected Rate of return on plan assets	7.80%	7.78%
Retirement age (in years)	60.00	60.00
Average attained age (in years)	40.63	
Average past year of services (in years)	8.93	
Average remaining working lives of employees (years)	15.01	
Attrition rate	4.43%	6.14%

Notes:

a) The rate used to discount post-employment benefit obligations is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds.

b) The estimates of future salary increases considered in the actuarial valuation take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

		(Rs. in Million)	
vii)	Expected contribution to the fund in the next year	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
	Gratuity	1.29	3.67

viii) A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption as at 31 March 2020 is as shown below:

Sensitivity analysis is performed by varying a single parameter while keeping all the other parameters unchanged. Sensitivity analysis fails to focus on the interrelationship between underlying parameters. Hence, the results may vary if two or more variables are changed simultaneously. The method used does not indicate anything about the likelihood of change in any parameter and the extent of the change if any.

A) Impact of change in Discount rate when base assumption is decreased / increased by 100 basis point

		(Rs. in Million)
Discount rate		Present Value of Obligation
5.90%		112.99
7.90%		93.26

B) Impact of change in Salary Increase rate when base assumption is decreased / increased by 100 basis point

		(Rs. in Million)
Discount rate		Present Value of Obligation
5.00%		93.87
7.00%		112.01

C) Impact of change in Withdrawal rate when base assumption is decreased / increased by 100 basis point

		(Rs. in Million)
Discount rate		Present Value of Obligation
1.00%		101.38
3.00%		102.82

ix) Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation (Rs. in Million)

Year-end	31 March 2020
2021	19.32
2022	4.48
2023	3.69
2024	3.93
2025	5.15
2026-2030	71.10

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED

Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

45 Segment Reporting

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker (CODM) for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the types of goods or services delivered or provided. The Company is engaged in development of real estate property, operating in India, which in the context of Indian Accounting Standard 108 'Segment Information' represents single reportable business segment. The revenues, total expenses and net profit as per the Statement of profit and loss represents the revenue, total expenses and the net profit of the sole reportable segment. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

For management purposes, the Company is into one reportable segment that is real estate development. The Managing Director and the Chairman are the Chief operating decision makers of the Company who monitors the operating results of the company for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Company's performance as a single segment is evaluated and measured consistently with profit or loss in the Consolidated financial statements. Also, the Company's financing (including finance cost and finance income) and income tax are managed on a Company basis.

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

46	Related Party Transaction	
	Details of related parties:	
	Names of Related Parties	Description of relationship
	Paranjape Griha Nirman Private Limited	Holding Company
	Krishna Shelter Private Limited Niketan Shelter Private Limited Prism Services Property Solutions Private Limited Advent Project & Consultancy Services Private Limited PSC Infracon Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries
	Kranti Developers Private Limited Brickmix Developers Pvt. Ltd. Aquisys Properties Man-Mandir Shelter Private Limited Eximia Developers LLP Athashri Foundation Kreative Shelter Private Limited Nova Developers Private Limited Luke Builders Private Limited Krishirsagar Shelter Private Limited Krishna Murari Shelter Private Limited Lutomex Developers Private Limited Magnet Shelters Private Limited Nalanda Shelter Private Limited Neon Shelter Private Limited Nexus Shelter Private Limited Paranjape Estate & Development Company Private Limited Paranjape Properties and Investment Private Limited Megavision Exports Private Limited Leonardo Shelter Private Limited Blue Ridge Educational Institute PSC Holding USA Inc Shree Bal Land Developers Private Limited Shopping Glory Private Limited Sanis Estate Private Limited ARYS Construction Private Limited Paranjape Realty Spaces Private Limited Spice of Life Hotels Private Limited	Entities over which the Company's key management personnel or their relatives may have significant influence (with whom the Company has transactions)
	Mr. Shrikant Paranjape - Chairman Mr. Shashank Paranjape - Managing Director	Key Management Personnel
	Smt. Pushpa Purushottam Paranjape Mrs.Varsha Shrikrant Paranjape Mrs.Meenal Shashank Paranjape Mr.Rahul Shrikant Paranjape Mr.Amit Shashank Paranjape Mr. Sahil Shrikant Paranjape Mr. Yash Shashank Paranjape Ms. Nandini R. Paranjape Ms. Rama A Paranjape Ms. Sanjana S Paranjape	Relatives of Key Management Personnel
	Paranjape Purushottam Vishnu HUF	HUF where 'Karta' is direcotr

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

46	Related Party Transaction	
	Details of related parties:	
	Kaleidoscope Developers Private Limited	Joint Venture
	La Casa Shelter LLP	
	Futsal United	Partnership Firm where relative of Director of PSCL is a Partner
	Hempadma Construction	Partnership Firm where Director of PSCL is a Partner
	Prefered Builders and Promotors Realty Limited	Private Company where Director of PSCL is a Director
	Chitpavan Foundation	
	Zlife Systems Private Limited	Private Company where relative of a Director of PSCL is a Director
	Reifein Investments Services Pvt. Ltd.	
	Plutus Fund Advisors Private Limited	
	Gloria Associates Employees Group Gratuity Cum Life Assurance Scheme	Entities being a post-employment benefit plan of reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity
	Matrix Developers Pvt. Ltd. Employees Group Gratuity Cum Life assurance Schemes.	
	FIPL Employees Gratuity Fund.	
	Paranjape Schemes Yuthika Employees Group Gratuity Cum Life Assurance Scheme	
	Linker Shelters Pvt. Ltd. Employees Group Gratuity & Life Assurance Scheme	
	Paranjape Schemes Construction Limited Employees Group Gratuity& Life Assurance Scheme	

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements

				Rs.In Millions	
Nature	Name of the Company / Individual	Nature of transactions	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
46 Related Party (continued)					
02 Outstanding Balances					
	Paranjape Griha Nirman Private Limited	Rent Payable	0.32	1.39	
		Royalty Payable	0.10	0.21	
Fellow Subsidiary (Year ended in which transactions have taken place)	Krisha Shelter Private Limited	Rent Deposits Given	4.95	4.95	
		Rent Payable	9.06	11.35	
	Prism Services Property Solutions Private Limited	Trade Payable	21.04	19.89	
		Rent Receivable	2.42	1.71	
	Advent Project & Consultancy Services Private Limited	Trade Payable	47.06	9.24	
		Rent Receivable and other Misc Services	1.19	22.89	
		Interest Receivable on loan Given	2.44	-	
	PSC Infracon Private Limited	Advance Given to Creditors	13.78	18.39	
		Loan taken	31.50	-	
		Interest Payable on Loan Taken	4.96	-	
		Trade Receivables	25.00	63.21	
		Retention Amount	-	0.65	
		Trade Payable	51.00	32.66	
		Capital Account	(36.50)	(35.70)	
Key management Personnel	Mr. Shrikant P. Paranjape	Loan Taken	206.73	125.58	
		Interest Payable on Loan Taken	20.95	1.03	
		Purchase of Shares of Menthol	-	-	
		Travel Advance given	-	0.48	
		Payable towards travel expenses	0.01	-	
		Credit card balance	0.03	-	
		Land Advance given	17.50	17.50	
		Payable against excess amount received towards sale of flat	0.56	0.56	
		Capital Account	0.03	0.03	
		Current Account	0.04	0.04	
		Remuneration payable	71.47	54.04	
	Mr. Shashank P. Paranjape	Payable towards travel expenses	0.00	-	
		Payable towards Land	30.28	30.28	
		Loan Taken	161.51	100.43	
		Remuneration payable	71.47	54.04	
		Interest Payable on Loan Taken	16.77	0.81	
		Receivable against sale of flat	8.56	8.56	
		Director's Sitting Fees	-	0.41	
		Capital Account	0.03	0.03	
		Current Account	0.04	0.04	
		Land Advance given	72.28	72.28	
		Amount payable	0.41	-	
Entities over which key management personnel or their relatives exercise significant influence (Year ended in which transactions have taken place)	Paranjape Estate & Development Company Private Limited	Loan Taken	2.99	8.88	
		Interest Payable on loan Taken	0.48	0.97	
		Capital Account	(8.64)	(8.64)	
		Current Account	0.01	0.01	
	Athashri Foundation	Reimbursement of Expenses incurred by the Company on behalf of others	0.02	-	
		Payment of Taxes	0.05	0.03	
		Maintanance receivable	0.05	7.29	
	Aquisys Properties	Land Advance given	5.00	5.00	
	Spice of Life Hotels Private Limited	Deposit taken	0.50	0.50	
		Inter Corporate Deposit given	46.65	46.65	
		Interest Receivable on loan Given	19.88	16.10	
		Trade Receivables	0.63	-	
		Trade Payable	0.16	0.31	

			Rs.In Millions	
Nature	Name of the Company / Individual	Nature of transactions	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
46	Related Party (continued)			
02 Outstanding Balances				
	Paranjape Realty Spaces Private Limited	Advance received against contract	57.82	38.55
	Kreative Shelter Private Limited	Advance Given for land	16.70	16.70
	Magnet Shelters Private Limited	loan Given	0.01	0.01
		Interest Receivable on loan Given	0.01	0.01
	Paranjape Properties and Investment Private Limited	loan Taken	30.12	4,456.15
		Inter Corporate Deposit Taken	549.46	513.47
		Interest Payable on Inter Corporate Deposit Taken	343.91	252.87
		Interest Payable on loan Taken	-	522.43
		Loan given	213.95	3,968.17
		Interest receivable on loan	469.07	763.38
		Inter Corporate Deposit Given	13.50	747.36
		Interest on Inter Corporate Deposit Given	2.98	52.82
	Krishna Murari Shelter Private Limited	Interest Payable on loan Taken	1.39	1.39
		Interest Receivable on loan Given	0.01	0.01
		Advance Given for Land	9.82	9.82
		loan Given	0.01	0.01
	Lutomex Developers Private Limited	Interest Receivable on loan Given	0.07	0.06
		loan Given	0.08	0.08
	Kranti developers Private Limited	Advance Given for Land	119.26	119.26
	Krishirsagar Shelter Private Limited	Interest Receivable on Loan given	0.02	-
		Expenses recoverable	0.00	-
		Loan Given	0.02	-
	Luke Builder Private Limited	Payable towards Purchase of Shares-Menthol Developers Private Limited	0.05	0.05
		Inter Corporate deposit given	10.05	10.05
		Interest receivable on ICD given	5.31	3.88
	Shopping Glory Pvt Ltd	Trade Receivables	0.00	-
		Reimbursement of Expenses incurred by Company on behalf of others	0.07	-
	Futsal United	Deposit received	10.68	16.51
	Leonardo Shelter Private Limited	Other payables	0.02	-
	Neon Shelter Private Limited	Advance Given for Land	20.00	20.00
	Nexus Shelter Private Limited	loan Given	0.01	0.01
		Interest Receivable on loan Given	0.01	0.01
	Blue Ridge Educational Institute	Expenses Recoverable payable	0.06	-
		Trade Payables	2.37	-
		Trade Receivables	1.97	25.61
		Deposit taken	146.04	-
	Nalanda Shelter Private Limited	Trade Receivables	18.00	0.01
		Investment in Optionally Conv.Debentures	864.40	-
		Interest receivable on Optionally Conv.Debentures	0.05	-
		Deposit taken against Corporate Guarantee	165.00	-
		Interest receivable	0.01	2.87
		loan Taken	-	63.43
		loan Given	-	14.67
		Land Advance given	-	120.70

			Rs. In Millions	
Nature	Name of the Company / Individual	Nature of transactions	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
46	Related Party (continued)			
02 Outstanding Balances				
		Interest Payable on loan Taken	-	19.22
Partnership Firm where Director of PSCL is a Partner	Hempadma Construction	Unsecured Loan	21.00	20.77
Private Company where relative of a Director of PSCL is a Director	Zlife Systems Private Limited	Other payables	0.09	0.08
Paranjape Purushottam Vishnu HUF	Mrs.Varsha Shrikant Paranjape	Payable towards purchase of Land	82.71	88.73
		Land Advance given	9.95	9.95
	Mrs.Meenal Shashank Paranjape	Payable towards purchase of Land	56.29	62.31
	Mr.Amit Shashank Paranjape	Foreign Travel Advance Given	-	1.65
		Payable towards travel expenses	0.02	-
		Payable towards purchase of Shares of Flagship Infrastructure Ltd.	29.17	-
		Reimbursement of Expenses	0.00	-
		Rent Deposit Payable	-	0.09
		Remuneration payable	1.26	0.18
	Mr.Rahul Shrikant Paranjape	Remuneration payable	0.98	0.18
		Rent Deposit Payable	-	0.09
		Advance given	0.01	-
	Mr.Sahil Shrikant Paranjape	Remuneration payable	0.98	0.13
		Receivables on account of Land purchase	65.59	-
		Payable towards land purchase	-	65.59
		Payable towards purchase of Shares of Flagship Infrastructure Ltd.	29.17	-

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			Rs.In Millions	
Nature	Name of the Company / Individual	Nature of transactions	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
46	Related Party (continued)			
02 Outstanding Balances				
	Mr. Yash Shashank Paranjape	Payable towards purchase of Shares of Flagship Infrastructure Ltd.	29.17	-
		Receivables on account of Land purchase	74.76	65.59
		Reimbursement of expenses receivable	0.09	-
		Remuneration payable	0.69	0.11
	Paranjape Purushottam Vishnu HUF	Amount receivable	6.33	6.33
Joint Ventures	Kaleidoscope Developers Private Limited	Investment in Capital	0.10	0.10
		Corporate Guarantee Given	2,220.00	2,000.00
		Land Advance given	524.66	521.98
		Other payables		(0.09)
	La Casa Shelters LLP	Investment in Capital	0.01	0.01
		Current Account in Partnership Firm - Receivable/ (Payable)	(204.18)	(204.27)
		Royalty Income	0.11	0.07
		Trade Advance given	0.05	-
		Receivable on account of barter flat sale	1.51	-
		Expenses recoverable	0.03	0.00
		Management Consultancy fees payable	0.03	0.03
		Management Consultancy Charges Receivable	26.40	17.35
	Synergy Corporation Private Limited	Investment in Capital	NA	0.10
		Loan Given	NA	18.06
		Interest Receivable on Loan Given	NA	-
		Land Advance given	NA	31.10

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and interest free except for borrowings and settlement occurs. There have been guarantees provided or received for related parties receivables or payables. For the year ended 31 March 2020, the Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties (31 March 2019: Nil). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

Terms and conditions of transactions with key management personnel

During the year 19-20, the Company has made fresh Investment in Nalanda Shelter Private Limited at a issue price, in which relative & directors of the company is a controlling members. Director & relative of director collectively hold 50.16% of Shareholding in equity shares of Nalanda Shelter Private Limited.

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47 Leases where company is a lessee

(A)(i) Changes in the carrying value of Right-of-use Assets (Rs. in Million)

Particulars	Category of ROU Asset - Building
Balance as at 31 March 2019	-
Additions	234.13
Less: Amortisation charge for the year	(23.92)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	210.21

(ii) Break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities

Particulars	31 March 2020
Current Lease Liabilities	8.46
Non-current Lease Liabilities	218.22

(iii) Maturity analysis of lease liabilities

Particulars	31 March 2020
Less than one year	8.46
One to five years	38.58
More than five years	179.65
Total	226.69

As per Para B11 of Ind AS 107 Financial Instruments: Disclosure, In preparing the maturity analyse an entity uses its judgement to determine an appropriate number of time bands.

(iv) Amounts recognised in statement of Profit and Loss account

Particulars	31 March 2020
Interest on Lease Liabilities	32.67
Total	32.67

(B) Where Company is a lessor:

	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
(i) Lease Income (for Operating Leases)	247.18	168.01

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48 Earnings/ Loss per share

Basic earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/loss for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/loss attributable to equity holders (after adjusting for interest on the convertible debentures) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

		(Rs. in Million)	
		31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Loss attributable to equity holders	A	(2,114.65)	(1,237.63)
Add: Interest on convertible debentures		-	-
Loss attributable to equity holders adjusted for the effect of dilution	B	(2,114.65)	(1,237.63)
Weighted average number of equity shares for basic EPS	C	94.74	94.74
Effect of dilution:			
Convertible debentures		6.67	-
Weighted average number of equity shares adjusted for the effect of dilution	D	101.41	94.74
Basic loss per share (INR)	A/C	(22.32)	(13.06)
Diluted loss per share (INR)	B/D	(22.32)	(13.06)

The Company has Convertible debentures as potential equity shares

Since conversion of above mentioned potential equity shares (Convertible debentures) would decrease loss per share from continuing ordinary activities, these are anti-dilutive in nature and thus the effects of anti-dilutive potential equity shares are ignored in calculating diluted earning per share.

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Note 50 - Financial Instrument:

50.1 Capital Management:

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value and to ensure the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Group has not distributed any dividend to its shareholders. The Group monitors gearing ratio i.e. total debt in proportion to its overall financing structure, i.e. equity and debt. Total debt comprises of borrowing which has been detailed in notes 21, 26, 28 offset by cash and bank balances. The Company's finance committee reviews the capital structure of the Group on an ongoing basis. As part of this review, the committee considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

Gearing Ratio:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Equity Share Capital	947.33	947.33
Other Equity	(5,585.62)	(4,017.26)
Total Equity Capital (i)	(4,638.29)	(3,069.93)
Borrowings	18,160.13	17,962.80
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents (including bank overdraft and mutual fund investments)	(354.57)	(614.37)
Less: Other bank balances	(344.57)	(252.90)
Net Debt (ii)	17,460.99	17,095.52
Overall financing (iii) = (i) + (ii)	12,822.70	14,025.60
Gearing ratio (ii)/ (iii)	1.36	1.22

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019

50.2 Financial instruments by category

A) Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

B) Measurement of fair value

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

Fair value of investments, cash & cash equivalents, other balances with banks, loans, Trade receivables and other financial assets, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from related parties/others approximate their carrying amounts largely due to maturities of these instruments. short term maturities of other instruments.

C) Fair value hierarchy

The following is the hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

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Note 50 - Financial Instrument:

Particulars	Carrying amount as at		Fair value amount as at
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019	31 March 2020
<u>Fair value measurement hierarchy of assets</u>			
Financial assets measured at fair value through Statement of Profit & Loss			
Level 1 (Quoted price in active markets)			
Current Assets			
Investments in mutual funds FVTPL	3.06	2.95	3.06
Investments in Nalanda Shelters Private Limited FVTPL	925.22	-	925.22
There have been no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the period			
Financial assets measured at amortised cost			
Non - Current Assets			
(i) Investments	2.14	2.17	2.14
(ii) Loans	115.15	356.76	115.15
(iii) Others Financial Assets	217.51	540.43	217.51
Current Assets			
(i) Investments	-	-	-
(ii) Trade Receivables	396.63	436.78	396.63
(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	354.57	614.37	354.57
(iv) Other Balances with Banks	344.57	252.90	344.57
(v) Loans	13.30	140.02	13.30
(vi) Other Financial Assets	796.96	728.06	796.96
<u>Fair value measurement hierarchy for liabilities:</u>			
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Non - Current Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	7,362.27	5,307.29	7,362.27
(ii) Trade Payables	75.74	180.84	75.74
(ii) Other financial liabilities	787.67	609.10	787.67
Current Liabilities			
(i) Short Term Borrowings	1,590.02	2,146.45	1,590.02
(ii) Trade Payables	4,872.06	4,262.22	4,872.06
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	12,789.41	12,898.15	12,789.41

Financial Instrument:

50.3 Financial Risk Management Framework:

The Group's Corporate Treasury function provides services to the business, co-ordinates access to domestic markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports/ discussions which analyse exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. The Corporate treasury function reports periodically to the Finance Committee, an independent body that monitors risks and policies implemented to mitigate risk exposures. These risks market risk including interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group does not enter into or trade financial instruments including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

i) **Credit Risk:** Credit risk is the risk of financial loss arising from counterparty failure to repay or service debt according to the contractual terms or obligations. The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. Credit risk encompasses of both, the direct risk of default and the risk of deterioration of creditworthiness as well as concentration of risks. The Group uses publicly available information, its own trading records and information supplied by the customers.

Financial instruments that are subject to concentrations of credit risk principally consist of trade receivables. For credit risk concentration of trade receivables Refer Note 14 to the financial statements.

In addition, the Group is exposed to credit risk in relation to financial guarantees given to banks provided by the Group. The Group's maximum exposure in this respect is the maximum amount the Group could have to pay if the guarantee is called on (See note 40). As at March 31, 2020, an amount of Rs. Nil Mn (as at March 31, 2019: Rs. Nil Mn) has been recognised as financial liabilities. These financial guarantees have been issued to banks for the loans granted to the subsidiaries/ joint ventures of the Group.

ii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from adverse changes in market rates and prices (such as interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates) or in the price of market risk-sensitive instruments as a result of such adverse changes in market rates and prices. Market risk is attributable to all market risk-sensitive financial instruments, all foreign currency receivables and payables and all short-term and long-term debt. The Group is exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk and interest rate risk.

A)(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group is subject to risk of changes in foreign currency values that impact cost of investments and loan given primarily with group entities respect to USD. The Group's business model incorporates assumptions on currency risks and ensures any exposure is covered through the normal business operations. Group unhedged exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period is nil.

B)(a) Interest rate risk Management:

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk because the Group borrows funds at both fixed and floating interest rates. The risk is managed by the Group by maintaining an appropriate mix between fixed and floating rate borrowings. The Group's exposures to interest rates on financial assets and financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note.

b) Interest rate risk exposure

The exposure of the Group's borrowing to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows

The exposure of the Group's borrowing to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows

Particulars	As At 31 March 2020	As At 31 March 2019
Variable rate borrowings	10,345.62	9,668.76
Fixed Rate borrowings	7,814.51	8,294.03
Total Borrowings	18,160.13	17,962.80

c) Cash Sensitivity Analysis for variable rate instruments

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming that the amount of the liability as at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 100 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents Management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant.

(Rs. in Million)		
Particulars	Impact on profit/(loss) -	
	As At 31 March 2020	As At 31 March 2019
Interest rates – increase by 100 basis points *	(103.46)	(96.69)
Interest rates – decrease by 100 basis points *	103.46	96.69

* Holding all other variables constant

iii) Liquidity risk management:

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Financial Instrument:

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, which has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short term, medium term and long term funding and management requirements. The objective of liquidity risk management is to maintain sufficient liquidity and ensure that funds are available for use as per requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial Liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curves at the end of the reporting period. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the Group may be required to pay.

The table below summarises the maturity profile, of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments

Particulars	(Rs. in Million)			
	Carrying value	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years
As At 31 March 2020				
Borrowings	18,160.13	1,645.33	9,207.84	7,306.96
Trade and other payables	4,947.79	-	4,947.79	-
Other financial liabilities	4,369.24	-	3,581.57	787.67
Total	27,477.17	1,645.33	17,737.20	8,094.63
As At 31 March 2019				
Borrowings	17,962.80	1,342.57	10,509.06	6,111.17
Trade and other payables	4,443.06	-	4,443.06	-
Other financial liabilities	2,998.19	-	2,389.09	609.10
Total	25,404.05	1,342.57	17,341.21	6,720.27

The amounts included above for financial guarantee contracts are the maximum amounts the Group could be forced to settle under the arrangement for the full

The amounts included above for financial guarantee contracts are the maximum amounts the Group could be forced to settle under the arrangement for the full guaranteed amount if that amount is claimed by the Counterparty to the Guarantee. Based on expectations at the end of the reporting period, the Group considers that it is more likely than not that such an amount will not be payable under the arrangement. However, this estimate is subject to change depending on the probability of counterparty claiming under the guarantee which is a function of the likelihood that the financial receivables held by the counterparty which are guaranteed suffer credit losses.

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Financial Instrument:

50.4 Fair Value measurements

This note provides information about how the Group determines fair values (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used) of various financial assets and financial liabilities measured on a recurring basis:

(Rs. in Million)				
Particulars	As At 31 March 2020	Fair value measurement As at end of the reporting period using		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets				
In Equity Instruments of Structured Entities	2.12	-	-	2.12
Investments in mutual fund	3.06	-	3.06	
Nalanda Shelters Private Limited	925.22	-	925.22	-

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as at 31st March, 2019:

(Rs. in Million)				
Particulars	As At 31 March 2019	Fair value measurement at end of the reporting period using		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets				
In Equity Instruments of Structured Entities	2.15	-		2.15
Investments in mutual fund	2.95	-	2.95	

Note 1: Investment in structured entities comprise of investments made in equity shares of some lenders in accordance with the debt covenants. As per past trends and Management estimates, the said investments are recovered at cost. Hence for valuation purposes cost approximates the fair value.

Note 2: At the end of the reporting period, there are no significant concentrations of credit risk for financial assets designated at FVTPL. The carrying amount reflected above represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk for such Financial Assets.

50.5 Fair Value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosures are required):

The carrying amounts of the following financial assets and financial liabilities are reasonable approximation of their fair values. Accordingly the fair values of such financial assets and financial liabilities have not been disclosed separately.

a. Financial assets

- (i) Investments
- (ii) Loans
- (iii) Trade Receivables
- (iv) Cash and Cash Equivalents
- (v) Other bank balances
- (vi) Loans
- (vii) Others Financial Assets

b. Financial liabilities

- (i) Trade payables
- (ii) Payables
- (iii) Borrowings
- (iv) Other financial liabilities

Fair value hierarchy

All financial instruments for which fair value is recognised or disclosed are categorised within the fair value hierarchy described as follows, based on the lowest Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) price is active market for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Valuation technique for which the lowest level input that has a significant effect on the fair value measurement are observed , either directly or

Level 3: Valuation technique for which the lowest level input has a significant effect on the fair value measurement is not based on observable market data.

Discount rates used in determining fair value

The interest rate used to discount estimated future cash flows, where applicable, are based on the incremental borrowing rate of the borrower which in case of The Group maintain policies and procedure to value financial assets or financial liabilities using the best and most relevant data available. In addition, the Fair value of financial assets and liabilities is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between

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Note 51 : Additional information as required by Paragraph 2 of the General Instructions for Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

Name of the entity	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019		For the year ended March 31, 2020		For the year ended March 31, 2019	
	Net Assets (Total Assets less Total Liabilities)		Net Assets (Total Assets less Total Liabilities)		Share in Profit or loss		Share in Profit or loss	
	As % of Total	Amount	As % of Total	Amount	As % of Total	Amount	As % of Total	Amount
Parent								
Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited	20%	(885.18)	4%	(130.22)	87%	(1,840.50)	77%	(949.97)
Subsidiaries								
Indian								
Athashri Aastha	0%	3.81	0%	4.80	0%	3.81	0%	4.80
Athashri Homes Private Limited	1%	(59.99)	1%	(42.46)	1%	(21.14)	1%	(16.45)
Blueridge Golfclub Private Limited	0%	(1.09)	0%	2.17	0%	(3.26)	0%	0.89
Gloria Associates	0%	0.12	0%	0.14	0%	0.21	0%	0.28
Kshitij Promoters & Developers	0%	11.01	0%	14.84	-2%	51.77	-16%	192.10
Lavim Developers Private Limited	4%	(201.05)	5%	(156.97)	0%	(2.10)	1%	(13.83)
Linker Shelter Private Limited	41%	(1,838.76)	45%	(1,329.22)	11%	(227.43)	19%	(231.71)
Paranjape Premises Private Limited	0%	(14.11)	0%	4.91	1%	(19.04)	1%	(18.13)
Peer Realty Private Limited	1%	(27.73)	0%	(11.12)	1%	(16.58)	1%	(7.56)
Paranjape Schemes Bangalore	0%	(2.47)	0%	(4.77)	0%	(3.48)	2%	(21.08)
Paranjape Schemes Shelters	0%	(0.02)	0%	(0.02)	0%	(0.02)	0%	(0.02)
PSC Pacific	0%	19.38	4%	(106.07)	-2%	32.48	0%	(3.80)
PSC Properties Private Limited	37%	(1,679.22)	46%	(1,379.10)	0%	(8.15)	11%	(139.52)
PSC Properties	0%	0.02	0%	(0.01)	0%	0.02	0%	(0.01)
PSC Realtors Private Limited	-2%	109.58	-3%	101.67	-1%	11.29	-1%	16.52
Foreign								
PSC Holdings Limited	0%	7.33	0%	6.18	0%	(0.68)	0%	(0.81)
PSC Global Inc	0%	12.34	0%	(12.59)	0%	(3.18)	0%	(2.53)
Pristine Homes LLC	2%	(92.26)	1%	(31.89)	1%	(22.05)	1%	(17.55)
Minority Interests in all Subsidiaries	-3%	148.45	-3%	101.08	2%	-46.52	2%	-28.86
Joint Ventures (as per proportionate consolidation)								
Indian								
La Casa Shelters LLP	0%		0%	(0.01)	0%	-0.01	0%	-0.01
Synergy Development Corporation Private Limited	NA	NA	0%	(0.10)	NA	NA	0%	-
Kaleidoscope Developers Private Limited	0%		0%	(0.10)	0%	-0.10	0%	-0.37
Total	100%	-4,489.84	100%	-2,968.85	100%	-2,114.64	100%	-1,237.63

PARANJAPE SCHEMES (CONSTRUCTION) LIMITED
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements
Additional Information to the Financial Statements

Note 51 : Additional information as required by Paragraph 2 of the General Instructions for Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

Name of the entity	(₹ in Million)		(₹ in Million)		(₹ in Million)		(₹ in Million)	
	For the year ended March 31, 2020		For the year ended March 31, 2019		For the year ended March 31, 2020		For the year ended March 31, 2019	
	Share in other comprehensive income		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of Total	Amount	As % of Total	Amount	As % of Total	Amount	As % of Total	Amount
Parent								
Paranjape Schemes (Construction) Limited	28%	(3.91)	-1%	0.35	87%	-1,844.40	74%	-949.62
Subsidiaries								
Indian								
Athashri Aastha	0%	-	0%	-	0%	3.81	0%	4.80
Athashri Homes Private Limited	0%	(0.03)	-1%	0.27	1%	-21.17	1%	-16.18
Blueridge Golfclub Private Limited	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-3.26	0%	0.89
Gloria Associates	0%	-	0%	-	0%	0.21	0%	0.28
Kshitij Promoters & Developers	0%	-	0%	-	-2%	51.77	-15%	192.10
Lavim Developers Private Limited	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-2.10	1%	-13.83
Linker Shelter Private Limited	2%	(0.34)	0%	0.05	11%	-227.77	18%	-231.66
Paranjape Premises Private Limited	0%	-	0%	-	1%	-19.04	1%	-18.13
Peer Realty Private Limited	0%	-	90%	-44.85	1%	-16.58	4%	-52.41
Paranjape Schemes Bangalore	5%	(0.64)	0%	-	0%	-4.13	2%	-21.08
Paranjape Schemes Shelters	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-0.02	0%	-0.02
PSC Pacific	0%	-	0%	-	-2%	32.48	0%	-3.80
PSC Properties Private Limited	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-8.15	11%	-139.52
PSC Properties	0%	-	0%	-	0%	0.02	0%	-0.01
PSC Realtors Private Limited	0%	(0.01)	0%	0.00	-1%	11.28	-1%	16.53
Foreign								
PSC Holdings Limited	-1%	0.15	-3%	1.27	0%	-0.53	0%	0.45
PSC Global Inc	-215%	29.78	-25%	12.24	-1%	26.60	-1%	9.71
Pristine Homes LLC	281%	(38.83)	38%	-18.91	3%	-60.87	3%	-36.46
Minority Interests in all Subsidiaries	0%	-	0%	-	2%	-46.52	2%	-28.86
Joint Ventures (as per proportionate consolidation)								
Indian								
La Casa Shelters LLP	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-0.01	0%	-0.01
Synergy Development Corporation Private Limited	Na	Na	0%	-	NA	NA	0%	-
Kaleidoscope Developers Private Limited	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-0.10	0%	-0.37
Total	100%	(13.83)	100%	-49.58	100%	-2,128.48	100%	-1,287.21

51 ASK Optionally Convertible Debentures

During March 2019, the Company issued 10,600 - 0.01% Optionally Converted Debentures of Rs. 1,00,000 each to another party which are convertible to equity shares as per the terms of the agreement of issue of the debentures or redeemable at a specified XIRR. The Company had not accounted for the debentures in accordance with the requirements of IND AS 109 for the year ended March 31, 2019 since the management of the company believes that this adjustment was not necessary for the tenure of the debentures for only two days in the financial year 2018-19. The Company has now accounted for the debentures, after proper evaluation, in accordance with the requirements of IND AS 109 and has restated the financial results for the year ended March 31, 2019, which effect has been stated below. The impact of the same has been stated below :

As at March 31, 2019

Particulars	Amount as originally recognised (Rs. In Million)	Amount required to be recognised (Rs. In Million)	Difference (Rs. In Million)
Value of the Host Contract	788.52	931.60	(143.08)
Value of the Embedded derivative	271.48	143.61	127.87
Total	1,060.00	1,075.21	(15.21)

52 World Health Organisation ("WHO") declared outbreak of Corona Virus disease ("COVID-19") a global pandemic on March 11, 2020. Consequent to this, the Government of India, declared lockdown on March 23, 2020 and the Company suspended operations in its ongoing project in compliance with the lockdown instructions issued by the Central and State Governments. COVID-19 has impacted the normal business operations of the Company by way of interruption in project execution, supply chain disruption and unavailability of personnel.

The management has made an assessment of the impact of COVID-19 on the Company's operations, financial performance and position as at and for the year ended March 31, 2020 and has concluded that there is no impact which is required to be recognised in the financial results. However, the situation is changing rapidly giving rise to inherent uncertainty around the extent and timing of potential future impact of the COVID 19 pandemic, which may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial results.

The Management will continue to closely observe the evolving scenario and take into account any future developments arising out of the same.

53 Figures pertaining to previous period balance sheet have been regrouped / reclassified and are presented after giving effect to the scheme of merger considering such merger is under common control.

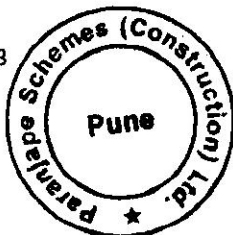
As per our report of even date
For MSA & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. :- 105047W

Anup Mundhra

Anup Mundhra
Partner
Membership No. 061083



Place: Pune
Date: April 29, 2021



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

S. P. Paranjape

Shrikant P. Paranjape
Chairman
DIN - 00131917

Sudhir B. Kadam
Sudhir B. Kadam
Company Secretary
M.No.ACS15656

Place: Pune
Date: April 29, 2021

Shashank P. Paranjape

Shashank P. Paranjape
Managing Director
DIN - 00131956

Kamalesh Dutta
Kamalesh Dutta
Chief Financial Officer